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**ADVANTEST®**

**ADVANTEST CORPORATION**

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***R3267 Series OPT66***

***BLUETOOTH Measurement Option***

***Operation Manual***

**MANUAL NUMBER FOE-8370671D00**

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***Applicable models***

***R3264***

***R3267***

***R3273***



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## Safety Summary

To ensure thorough understanding of all functions and to ensure efficient use of this instrument, please read the manual carefully before using. Note that Advantest bears absolutely no responsibility for the result of operations caused due to incorrect or inappropriate use of this instrument.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by Advantest, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

- **Warning Labels**

Warning labels are applied to Advantest products in locations where specific dangers exist. Pay careful attention to these labels during handling. Do not remove or tear these labels. If you have any questions regarding warning labels, please ask your nearest Advantest dealer. Our address and phone number are listed at the end of this manual.

Symbols of those warning labels are shown below together with their meaning.

**DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in personal injury or a damage to property including the product.

- **Basic Precautions**

Please observe the following precautions to prevent fire, burn, electric shock, and personal injury.

- Use a power cable rated for the voltage in question. Be sure however to use a power cable conforming to safety standards of your nation when using a product overseas.
- When inserting the plug into the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then insert the plug as far as it will go.
- When removing the plug from the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then pull it out by gripping the plug. Do not pull on the power cable itself. Make sure your hands are dry at this time.
- Before turning on the power, be sure to check that the supply voltage matches the voltage requirements of the instrument.
- Connect the power cable to a power outlet that is connected to a protected ground terminal. Grounding will be defeated if you use an extension cord which does not include a protected ground terminal.
- Be sure to use fuses rated for the voltage in question.
- Do not use this instrument with the case open.
- Do not place anything on the product and do not apply excessive pressure to the product. Also, do not place flower pots or other containers containing liquid such as chemicals near this

product.

- When the product has ventilation outlets, do not stick or drop metal or easily flammable objects into the ventilation outlets.
- When using the product on a cart, fix it with belts to avoid its drop.
- When connecting the product to peripheral equipment, turn the power off.

- **Caution Symbols Used Within this Manual**

Symbols indicating items requiring caution which are used in this manual are shown below together with their meaning.

**DANGER:** Indicates an item where there is a danger of serious personal injury (death or serious injury).

**WARNING:** Indicates an item relating to personal safety or health.

**CAUTION:** Indicates an item relating to possible damage to the product or instrument or relating to a restriction on operation.

- **Safety Marks on the Product**

The following safety marks can be found on Advantest products.



: ATTENTION - Refer to manual.



: Protective ground (earth) terminal.



: DANGER - High voltage.



: CAUTION - Risk of electric shock.

- **Replacing Parts with Limited Life**

The following parts used in the instrument are main parts with limited life.

Replace the parts listed below before their expected lifespan has expired to maintain the performance and function of the instrument.

Note that the estimated lifespan for the parts listed below may be shortened by factors such as the environment where the instrument is stored or used, and how often the instrument is used.

The parts inside are not user-replaceable. For a part replacement, please contact the Advantest sales office for servicing.

Each product may use parts with limited life.

For more information, refer to the section in this document where the parts with limited life are described.

## Main Parts with Limited Life

Part name	Life
Unit power supply	5 years
Fan motor	5 years
Electrolytic capacitor	5 years
LCD display	6 years
LCD backlight	2.5 years
Floppy disk drive	5 years
Memory backup battery	5 years

- **Hard Disk Mounted Products**

The operational warnings are listed below.

- Do not move, shock and vibrate the product while the power is turned on.  
Reading or writing data in the hard disk unit is performed with the memory disk turning at a high speed. It is a very delicate process.
- Store and operate the products under the following environmental conditions.  
An area with no sudden temperature changes.  
An area away from shock or vibrations.  
An area free from moisture, dirt, or dust.  
An area away from magnets or an instrument which generates a magnetic field.
- Make back-ups of important data.  
The data stored in the disk may become damaged if the product is mishandled. The hard disc has a limited life span which depends on the operational conditions. Note that there is no guarantee for any loss of data.

- **Precautions when Disposing of this Instrument**

When disposing of harmful substances, be sure dispose of them properly with abiding by the state-provided law.

Harmful substances: (1) PCB (polycarbon biphenyl)  
(2) Mercury  
(3) Ni-Cd (nickel cadmium)  
(4) Other  
Items possessing cyan, organic phosphorous and hexadic chromium and items which may leak cadmium or arsenic (excluding lead in solder).

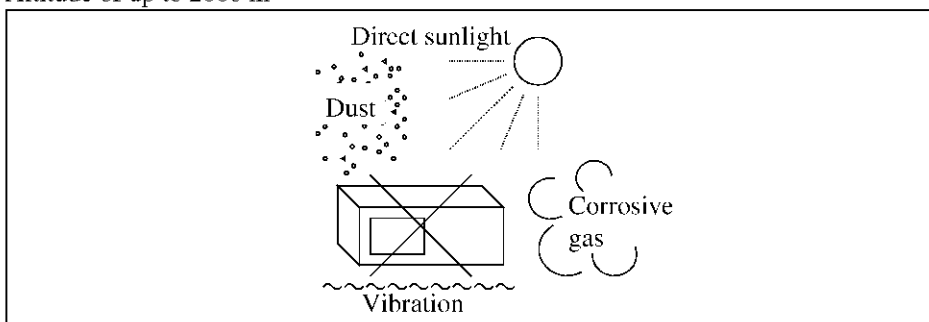
Example: fluorescent tubes, batteries

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# Environmental Conditions

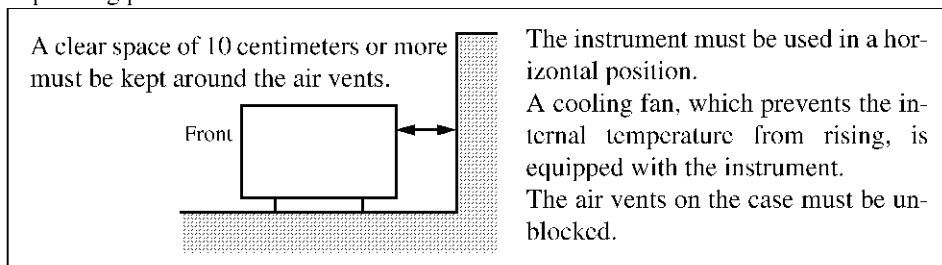
This instrument should be only be used in an area which satisfies the following conditions:

- An area free from corrosive gas
- An area away from direct sunlight
- A dust-free area
- An area free from vibrations
- Altitude of up to 2000 m



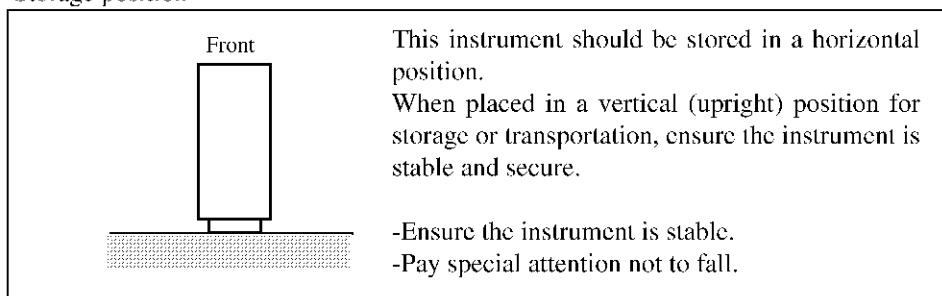
**Figure-1 Environmental Conditions**

- Operating position



**Figure-2 Operating Position**

- Storage position



**Figure-3 Storage Position**

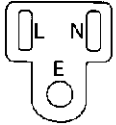
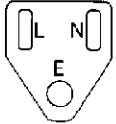
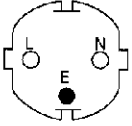
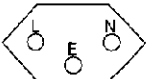
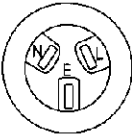
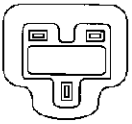
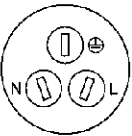
- The classification of the transient over-voltage, which exists typically in the main power supply, and the pollution degree is defined by IEC61010-1 and described below.

Impulse withstand voltage (over-voltage) category II defined by IEC60364-4-443

Pollution Degree 2

## Types of Power Cable

Replace any references to the power cable type, according to the following table, with the appropriate power cable type for your country.

Plug configuration	Standards	Rating, color and length	Model number (Option number)
	PSE: Japan  Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01402  Angled: A01412
	UL: United States of America  CSA: Canada	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01403 (Option 95)  Angled: A01413
	CEE: Europe DEMKO: Denmark NEMKO: Norway VDE: Germany KEMA: The Netherlands CEBEC: Belgium OVE: Austria FIMKO: Finland SEMKO: Sweden	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01404 (Option 96)  Angled: A01414
	SEV: Switzerland	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01405 (Option 97)  Angled: A01415
	SAA: Australia, New Zealand	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01406 (Option 98)  Angled: -----
	BS: United Kingdom	250 V at 6 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01407 (Option 99)  Angled: A01417
	CCC: China	250 V at 10 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A114009 (Option 94)  Angled: A114109





## PREFACE

This manual provides the information necessary to check functionality, operate and program the R3267 Series Option 66, BLUETOOTH Measurement.

### (1) Organization of this manual

This manual consists of the following chapters:

Safety Summary	To use the analyzer safely, be sure to read this manual first.
1. Introduction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Overview</li> <li>• Accessories</li> <li>• Self Test Function</li> <li>• About Calibration</li> <li>• Explanation of the Connectors</li> </ul>	Includes a description of the option and its' parts and a self test error.
2. Operation	You can learn the basic operations of the option through the examples shown in this chapter.
3. Reference <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Menu Index</li> <li>• Menu Map</li> <li>• Functional Description</li> </ul>	Shows a list of operation keys, and describes the function of each key.
4. Remote Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GPIB</li> </ul>	Included are a list of commands necessary for programming.
5. Technical Information	Describes the principle of operation necessary for taking measurements more accurately.
6. Performance Verification Test	Describes how to test performance.
7. Specifications	Shows the specifications of the option.
APPENDIX <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Messages</li> </ul>	If an error occurs during operation, an error number and its corresponding error message are displayed. The meaning of each error is explained in this section.

(2) Typeface conventions used in this manual

- Panel keys and soft keys are printed in a contrasting typeface to make them stand out from the text as follows:

Panel keys: Boldface type

Example: **TRANSIENT**

Soft keys: Boldface and italic type

Example: ***STD Setup, Detector***

- When a series of key operations are described using a comma between two keys.
- There are various soft menus used to switch between two states such as ON/OFF and AUTO/MNL. For example, when turning off the *Window ON/OFF* function, the annotation “*Window ON/OFF(OFF)*” is used.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION.....	1-1
1.1	Product Overview .....	1-1
1.2	Accessories .....	1-1
1.3	Self Test Function .....	1-1
1.4	About Calibration .....	1-1
1.5	Explanation of the Connectors .....	1-1
2	OPERATION .....	2-1
2.1	Measuring Non-Hopping Signals .....	2-1
2.2	PLL Lockup Time Measurement .....	2-6
3	REFERENCE .....	3-1
3.1	Menu Index .....	3-1
3.2	Menu Map .....	3-5
3.3	Functional Description .....	3-21
3.3.1	Switching Communication Systems .....	3-22
3.3.2	T-Domain .....	3-23
3.3.2.1	Power (T-Domain) .....	3-23
3.3.2.2	ON/OFF Ratio .....	3-26
3.3.2.3	Spurious (T-Domain) .....	3-29
3.3.3	F-Domain .....	3-32
3.3.3.1	Power (F-Domain) .....	3-32
3.3.3.2	OBW .....	3-35
3.3.3.3	Due to Transient .....	3-36
3.3.3.4	Due to Modulation .....	3-39
3.3.3.5	Inband Spurious .....	3-44
3.3.3.6	Outband Spurious .....	3-47
3.3.4	Modulation .....	3-49
3.3.4.1	FM Deviation .....	3-49
3.3.4.2	Tx Power .....	3-52
3.3.4.3	Lockup Time .....	3-54
3.3.4.4	Wave Check .....	3-55
3.3.4.5	STD .....	3-58
4	REMOTE CONTROL .....	4-1
4.1	GPIB Command Index .....	4-1
4.2	GPIB Command Codes .....	4-7
5	TECHNICAL INFORMATION.....	5-1
5.1	Template Edit Function .....	5-1
5.1.1	Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode .....	5-1

Table of Contents

5.1.2	Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode .....	5-3
5.2	Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious .....	5-4
5.2.1	Marker Edit Function .....	5-4
5.2.2	Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes .....	5-5
5.2.3	Measurement Result of Inband Spurious .....	5-6
5.3	About WIDE and NARROW filter modes .....	5-7
5.4	About LAP .....	5-7
5.5	About Hopping Catch .....	5-7
5.6	About Frequency Error Measurement .....	5-7
5.7	About Max and Min Frequency Deviations Measurement (When Bit Sequence is set to RANDOM) .....	5-7
5.8	Measurement Algorithm (When Bit Sequence is set to STD (FAST)) .....	5-8
5.9	Frequency Draft Graph .....	5-8
5.10	About Lockup Time measurement .....	5-9
5.11	Block Diagram .....	5-10
6	PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION TEST .....	6-1
6.1	General .....	6-1
6.1.1	Introduction .....	6-1
6.1.2	Test Equipment .....	6-1
6.1.3	Calibration Cycle .....	6-2
6.1.4	Performance Verification Test Record Sheet .....	6-2
6.1.5	Performance Verification Procedures .....	6-2
6.2	Performance Verification Test Procedure .....	6-3
6.2.1	FM Deviation Measurement for Bluetooth .....	6-3
6.3	Performance Verification Record Sheet .....	6-6
7	SPECIFICATIONS.....	7-1
	APPENDIX.....	A-1
A.1	Messages .....	A-1
	ALPHABETICAL INDEX .....	I-1

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

No.	Title	Page
2-1	Setup .....	2-1
2-2	STD Measurement Parameter Set Dialog Box .....	2-2
2-3	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	2-3
2-4	FM Deviation Measurement Result .....	2-4
2-5	Frequency vs Bit Graph .....	2-4
2-6	PLL Lockup Time Measurement .....	2-6
2-7	STD Measurement Parameter Set Dialog Box .....	2-7
2-8	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	2-8
2-9	Lockup Time Measurement Result .....	2-8
3-1	Communication Systems Dialog Box .....	3-22
3-2	Trigger Setup Dialog Box .....	3-23
3-3	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-25
3-4	Trigger Setup Dialog Box .....	3-26
3-5	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-28
3-6	Trigger Setup Dialog Box .....	3-29
3-7	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-30
3-8	Trigger Setup Dialog Box .....	3-32
3-9	Detector Dialog Box .....	3-33
3-10	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-34
3-11	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-35
3-12	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-37
3-13	Trigger Setup Dialog Box .....	3-39
3-14	Detector Dialog Box .....	3-41
3-15	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-42
3-16	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-45
3-17	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-47
3-18	Select Type Dialog Box .....	3-49
3-19	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-50
3-20	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-52
3-21	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-54
3-22	Select Type Dialog Box .....	3-55
3-23	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-56
3-24	Parameter Setup Dialog Box .....	3-57
3-25	STD Setup Dialog Box .....	3-58
5-1	Template to Be Set .....	5-1
5-2	Template Settings .....	5-2
5-3	Template Shifted Using the Shift Y Function .....	5-2
5-4	Template with the Set Values .....	5-3
5-5	Template with Margin Delta X .....	5-3
5-6	Example of Marker Edit Setting .....	5-4
5-7	Marker Edit Setting .....	5-5
5-8	Example of Peak Marker Y Delta .....	5-5
5-9	PLL Lockup Time Measurement Example .....	5-9
5-10	Cable Connections for PLL Lockup Time Measurement .....	5-9

List of Illustrations

No.	Title	Page
5-11	Block Diagram .....	5-10
6-1	Setup of FM Deviation Test .....	6-3
6-2	Setup of STD parameters .....	6-4
6-3	Setting of Measurement parameters .....	6-5

## LIST OF TABLES

No.	Title	Page
4-1	Operating Mode .....	4-7
4-2	ATT Key (Attenuator) .....	4-7
4-3	COPY Key (Hand copy) .....	4-7
4-4	COUPLE Key (Couple function) .....	4-8
4-5	FREQ Key (Frequency) .....	4-8
4-6	LEVEL Key (Reference Level) .....	4-8
4-7	MKR Key (Marker) .....	4-9
4-8	PRESET Key (Initialization) .....	4-9
4-9	RCL Key (Recall) .....	4-9
4-10	SAVE Key (Save) .....	4-10
4-11	SPAN Key (Frequency span) .....	4-10
4-12	TRANSIENT Key (1 of 28) .....	4-11
6-1	Performance Verification Items .....	6-1
6-2	Equipment List .....	6-1





## 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Product Overview

The Bluetooth option (Option 66) is software used to evaluate Bluetooth characteristics.

This option is built into the R3267 Series spectrum analyzer before shipping.

The features are as follows:

- The frequency deviation, error and power of Bluetooth signals can be measured.
- A simple key operation allows you to measure Bluetooth signal characteristics.
- The PLL lockup time can also be measured.

### 1.2 Accessories

Name of accesories	Type of name	Quantitiy	Remarks
R3267 Series OPT66 Operation manual	ER3267/73OPT66	1	English

### 1.3 Self Test Function

The self test also checks the Option 66 for correct operation when the spectrum analyzer power is turned on. The message shown below will be displayed when an error related to Option 66 occurs. Contact ADVANTEST Corp. for repair.

Error Message
Handshake error occurred to DSP

### 1.4 About Calibration

When you want to calibrate the R3267 Series, please contact a sales representative.

Desirable Period	One year

### 1.5 Explanation of the Connectors

Connectors used for this option are described as follows:

1. EXT TRIG terminal Connector for inputting the external trigger signal.
2. INPUT I terminal Connector for inputting the I channel signal (Baseband).
3. INPUT Q terminal Connector for inputting the Q channel signal (Baseband).



## 2 OPERATION

This section, by showing examples, describes how to use the Bluetooth option.

### 2.1 Measuring Non-Hopping Signals

To test the Bluetooth device, set the Bluetooth device in a non-hopping state and use the HV1 packet as a measurement signal.

(A 366-bit burst is transferred in increments of two slots.)

This section uses the frequency of 2.4 GHz and LAP 111111 (Hex).

Setup

1. Connect devices as shown below.

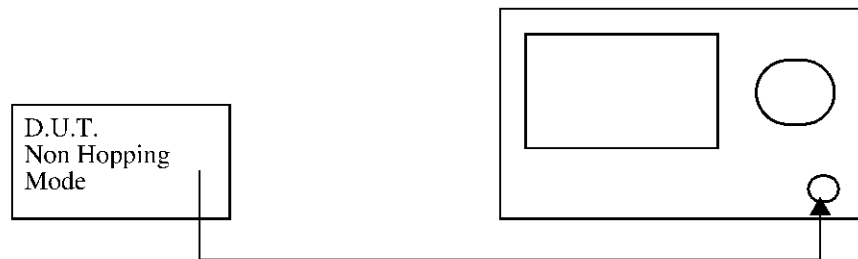


Figure 2-1 Setup

Setting up measurement conditions

2. Press **TRANSIENT**, **STD** and **STD Setup** to display the STD Measurement Parameter Set menu.
3. Move the cursor to **Hopping Catch** using the arrow keys.

---

**NOTE:** Since the measurement frequency is specified directly, the Channel Number Assignment and Link settings are unnecessary.

---

4. Set **Hopping Catch** to **OFF** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
5. Set **Meas Mode** to **BURST** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
6. Set **Burst Length** to **366** and press **ENTR**.

2.1 Measuring Non-Hopping Signals

7. Set *Search Length* to *5* and press **ENTR**.

---

**NOTE:** The search length must include the burst length.

---

8. Set *Sync Type* to *LAP* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
9. Set *LAP* to *11111* and press **ENTR**.
10. Set *Delay Search* to *ON* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
11. Set *Filter Mode* to *WIDE* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
12. Key in *0dB* for *Offset Level*, because the RF signal is not provided with an attenuator.
13. Set *Frequency Input* to *FREQUENCY* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**) so that a frequency can be set directly.
14. Set *Input* to *RF* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**) to analyze the RF input.
15. Assuming that the IQ signal phase is not inverted, set *IQ Inverse* to *NORMAL* using the data knob. Then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
16. The auto-ranging function is not used. Set *Cont Auto Level Set* to *OFF* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
17. Press **RETURN** to close the dialog box.

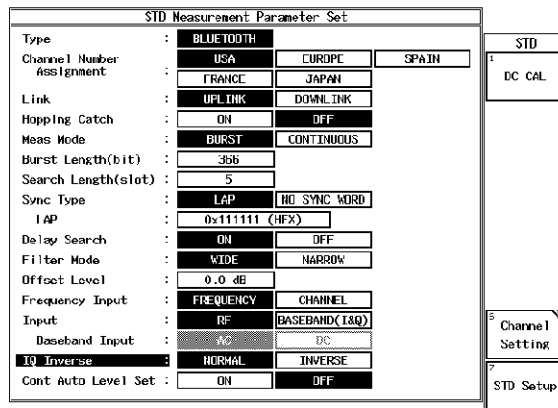


Figure 2-2 STD Measurement Parameter Set Dialog Box

18. Press **Modulation**.
19. Press **FM Deviation** to display the FM Deviation measurement menu.
20. Press **Parameter Setup** to display the Parameter Setup dialog box.
21. Set **Trigger Source** to **FREE RUN** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
22. Move the cursor to **Search Level** using the arrow keys.
23. Specify **-20.0dB** for Search Level to determine the threshold level for a burst search.
24. Key in **0** for Trigger Delay. (This is because **Delay Search** has been set to **ON** in the STD Measurement Parameter Set dialog box.)
25. Measurements are made, assuming that random data is included in the payload. Set **Bit Sequence** to **RANDOM** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
26. Set **Freq Error Method** to **PEAK DEV** using the data knob and press the data knob (or **ENTR**), in order to select an algorithm that will be used to calculate the frequency error from the maximum and minimum frequency deviations.
27. Press **Parameter Setup** to close the dialog box.

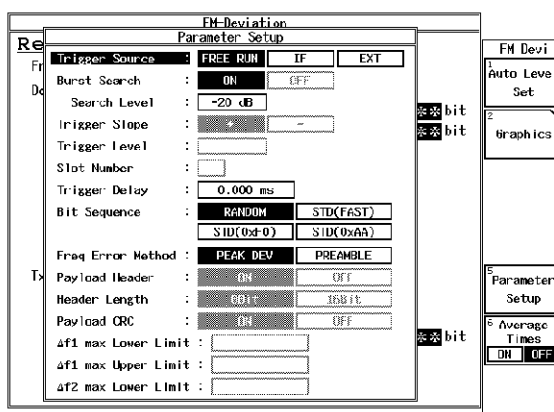


Figure 2-3 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Setting a frequency.

28. Press **FREQ** to set the frequency to **2.4GHz**.
29. Press **RETURN** to return to the measurement menu.

2.1 Measuring Non-Hopping Signals

Executing Auto Level Set

30. Press **Auto Level Set** to activate the Auto Level Set function. The message "Auto Level completed!" is displayed.

Performing the measurement

31. Press **SINGLE** or **REPEAT** to perform the measurement. Pressing **REPEAT** (or **STOP**) stops the measurement.

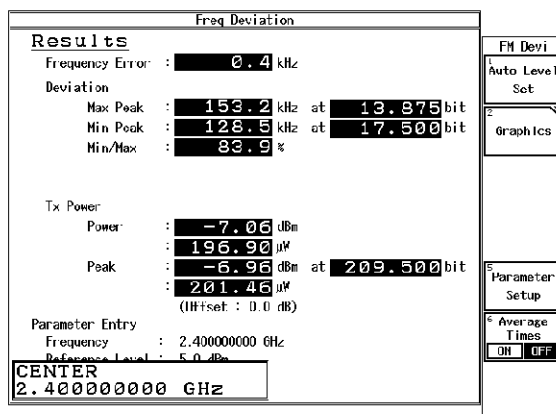


Figure 2-4 FM Deviation Measurement Result

Displaying the graph

32. Press **Graphics**.
33. Press **Select Type** to display the Graphic Type of Analysis dialog box.
34. Select **Frequency vs Bit** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).

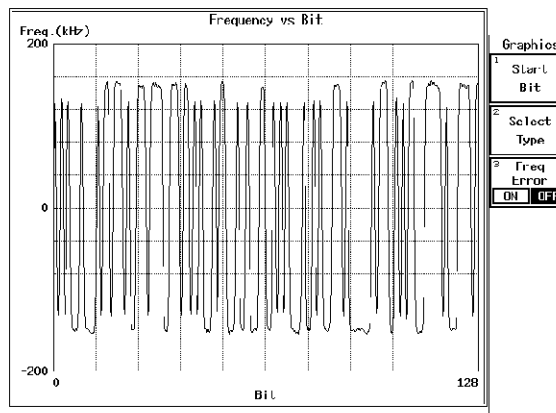


Figure 2-5 Frequency vs Bit Graph

35. Press **MKR** to display the marker. Turning the data knob moves the marker.
36. Pressing **SHIFT** and **MKR** clears the marker.
37. Press **RETURN** and **RETURN** to return to the measurement menu.

2.2 PLL Lockup Time Measurement

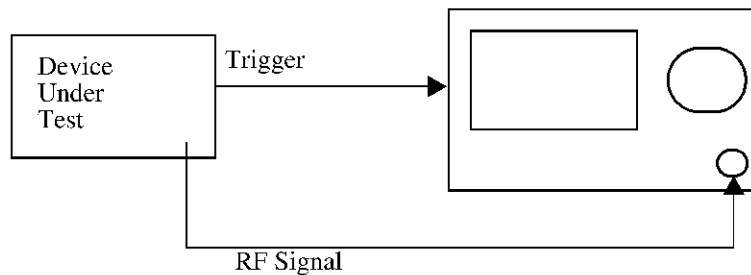
**2.2 PLL Lockup Time Measurement**

The Bluetooth device PLL lockup time is a period where the frequency deviation settles to the LIMIT value (specified in the Parameter Setup dialog box).

To measure the PLL lockup time, the other signal output from this device is required as an external trigger.

Setup

1. Connect devices as shown below.



**Figure 2-6 PLL Lockup Time Measurement**

Setting up measurement conditions

2. Press **TRANSIENT**, **STD** and **STD Setup** to display the STD Measurement Parameter Set menu.
3. Move the cursor to **Search Length** using the arrow keys.
4. Make sure that Search Length is set to **5**, and press **ENTR**.

---

**NOTE:** *The search length is equal to the length of the data acquired when Auto Level Set is activated.*

---

5. Move the cursor to **Frequency Input** using the arrow keys.
6. Set **Frequency Input** to **FREQUENCY** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**) so that a frequency can be set manually.
7. Set **Input** to **RF** using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**) to analyze the RF input.
8. Assuming that the IQ signal phase is not inverted, set **IQ Inverse** to **NORMAL** using the data knob. Then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).



9. The auto-ranging function is not used. Set *Cont Auto Level Set* to *OFF* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
10. Press **RETURN** to close the dialog box.

STD Measurement Parameter Set				
Type	BLUETOOTH			3 STD DC CAL        6 Channel Setting 7 STD Setup
Channel Number Assignment	USA	EUROPE	SPAIN	
Link	FRANCE	JAPAN		
Hopping Catch	UPLINK	DOWNLINK		
Meas Mode	ON	OFF		
Burst Length(bit)	BURST	CONTINUOUS		
Search Length(slot)	366			
Sync Type	5			
LAP	LAP	NO SYNC WORD		
Delay Search	0x000000 (HEX)			
Filter Mode	ON	OFF		
Offset Level	WTF	NARROW		
Frequency Input	0.0 dB			
Input	FREQUENCY	CHANNEL		
Baseband Input	RF	BASEBAND (L&Q)		
IQ Inverse	AC	DC		
Cont Auto Level Set	NORMAL	INVERSE		
	ON	OFF		

Figure 2-7 STD Measurement Parameter Set Dialog Box

11. Press *Modulation*.
12. Press *Lockup Time* to display the Lockup Time measurement menu.
13. Press *Parameter Setup* to display the Parameter Setup dialog box.
14. Set *Freq Range* to *1MHz* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
15. Set *Analyze Length* to *0.1msec*.
16. Set *Trigger Source* to *EXT* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
17. Set *Trigger Slope* to *+* using the data knob and then press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
18. Key in *0* for *Slot Number* and press **ENTR**.
19. Key in *0* for *Trigger Delay* and press **ENTR**.
20. Key in *100kHz* for *Limit* and press **ENTR**.

2.2 PLL Lockup Time Measurement

21. Press **Parameter Setup** to close the dialog box.

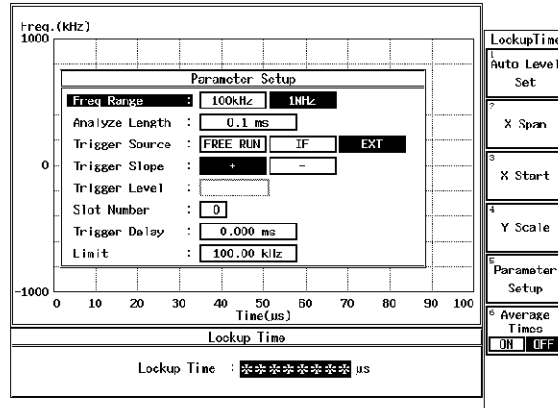


Figure 2-8 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Setting a frequency.

22. Press **FREQ** to set the frequency to **2.4GHz**.

Setting the reference level

23. Press **LEVEL** and specify **10dBm**.

Performing the measurement

24. Press **SINGLE** or **REPEAT** to perform the measurement. Pressing **REPEAT** (or **STOP**) stops the measurement.

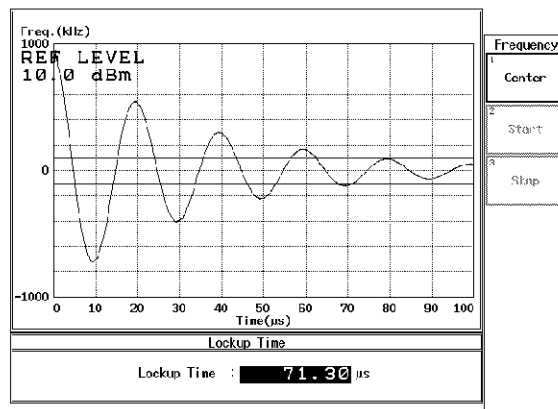


Figure 2-9 Lockup Time Measurement Result

### 3 REFERENCE

This chapter describes the functions of the panel and soft keys for option 66 software.

#### 3.1 Menu Index

This menu index is used to easily find the keys described in Chapter 3.

Operation Key	Pages	Operation Key	Pages
$\Delta f1$ max Lower Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		3-19, 3-25,
$\Delta f1$ max Upper Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		3-28, 3-30,
$\Delta f2$ max Lower Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		3-34, 3-35,
100kHz/div .....	3-18		3-37, 3-41,
10kHz/div .....	3-18		3-45, 3-47,
200kHz/div .....	3-18		3-52, 3-53,
20kHz/div .....	3-18		3-55, 3-56,
2kHz/div .....	3-18		3-58
Analyze Length .....	3-18, 3-54	Baseband Input .....	3-20, 3-60
Auto Level Set .....	3-6, 3-7,	Bit Sequence .....	3-16, 3-51
	3-8, 3-9,	Burst Length (bit) .....	3-20, 3-59
	3-10, 3-11,	Burst Search .....	3-16, 3-17,
	3-12, 3-14,		3-19, 3-50,
	3-15, 3-16,		3-53, 3-57
	3-17, 3-18,	Channel Number Assignment .....	3-20, 3-58
	3-19, 3-23,	Channel Setting .....	3-5, 3-20,
	3-26, 3-29,		3-58
	3-32, 3-35,	Config .....	3-6, 3-7,
	3-36, 3-39,		3-8, 3-9,
	3-44, 3-47,		3-10, 3-11,
	3-49, 3-52,		3-12, 3-14,
	3-54, 3-55,		3-15, 3-25,
	3-56		3-28, 3-30,
Average Mode .....	3-6, 3-7,		3-34, 3-35,
	3-8, 3-9,		3-37, 3-42,
	3-10, 3-11,		3-45, 3-47
	3-13, 3-14,	Cont Auto Level Set .....	3-20, 3-61
	3-15, 3-26,	Copy from STD .....	3-5, 3-12,
	3-28, 3-31,		3-14, 3-15,
	3-34, 3-36,		3-20, 3-41,
	3-39, 3-43,		3-44, 3-47,
	3-46, 3-48		3-58
Average Times ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-7,	DC CAL .....	3-5, 3-20,
	3-8, 3-9,		3-58
	3-10, 3-11,	Delay Search .....	3-20, 3-60
	3-12, 3-14,	Delay Time .....	3-6, 3-7,
	3-15, 3-16,		3-8, 3-9,
	3-17, 3-18,		3-12, 3-24,

3.1 Menu Index

	3-27, 3-29, 3-33, 3-40		3-39, 3-40
Delete .....	3-15	Gate Source .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40
Delete Line .....	3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-30, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44, 3-47	Gate Width .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40
Demodulated Data .....	3-16	Gated Sweep .....	3-9, 3-34
Detector .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-12, 3-13, 3-14, 3-15, 3-25, 3-28, 3-30, 3-33, 3-34, 3-35, 3-38, 3-41, 3-42, 3-45, 3-48	Gated Sweep ON/OFF .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40
Display Unit .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-15, 3-25, 3-28, 3-31, 3-34, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46, 3-48	Graphics .....	3-16, 3-49
Due to Modulation .....	3-5	Header Length .....	3-16, 3-51
Due to Transient .....	3-5	Hopping Catch .....	3-20, 3-59
Ext Gate .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40	Ich & Qch Time .....	3-19
F-Domain .....	3-5	Ich Time & FFT .....	3-19
Filter Mode .....	3-20, 3-60	Inband Spurious .....	3-5
FM Deviation .....	3-5, 3-16	Input .....	3-20, 3-60
Freq Error .....	3-49	Insert Line .....	3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-24, 3-30, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44, 3-47
Freq Error Method .....	3-16, 3-51	IQ Complex FFT .....	3-19
Freq Error ON/OFF .....	3-16	IQ Inverse .....	3-20, 3-60
Freq Range .....	3-18, 3-54	Judgment .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-15, 3-25, 3-28, 3-31, 3-34, 3-36, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46, 3-48
Freq. Setting .....	3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-38, 3-42, 3-45	LAP .....	3-20, 3-59
Frequency Drift .....	3-16	Limit .....	3-18, 3-55
Frequency EYE .....	3-16	Link .....	3-20, 3-58
Frequency Input .....	3-20, 3-60	Load Table .....	3-8, 3-15, 3-30, 3-47
Frequency vs Bit .....	3-16	Lockup Time .....	3-5, 3-18
Gate Position .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40	Lower Limit .....	3-6, 3-9, 3-10, 3-25, 3-34, 3-36
Gate Setup .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-32, 3-33,	Mag vs Frequency .....	3-16
		Margin $\Delta X$ ON/OFF .....	3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44
		Marker Edit .....	3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44
		Meas Mode .....	3-20, 3-59
		Modulation .....	3-5
		Multiplier .....	3-8, 3-30

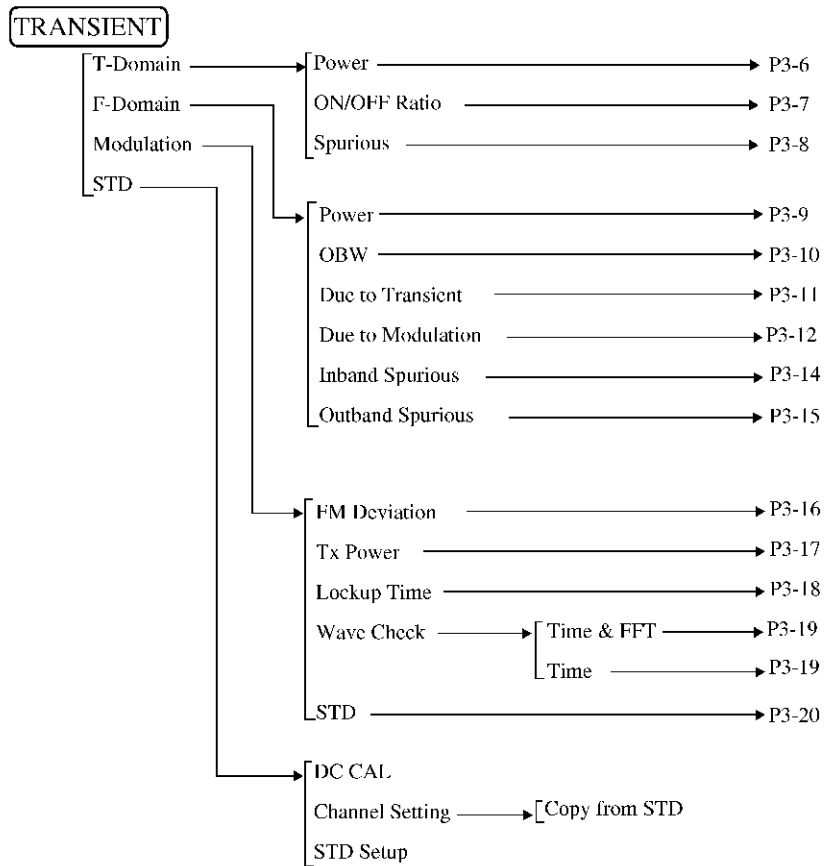
OBW .....	3-5	3-15, 3-26,
OBW% .....	3-10, 3-35	3-29, 3-31,
OFF Position .....	3-7, 3-27	3-33, 3-35,
OFF Width .....	3-7, 3-27	3-36, 3-43,
Offset Level .....	3-20, 3-60	3-48
ON Position.....	3-7, 3-27	Set to STD.....
ON Width.....	3-7, 3-27	3-6, 3-7,
ON/OFF Ratio.....	3-5, 3-7	3-9, 3-11,
Outband Spurious .....	3-5	3-12, 3-14,
Parameter Setup .....	3-6, 3-7,	3-24, 3-27,
	3-8, 3-9,	3-33, 3-39,
	3-10, 3-11,	3-40, 3-46
	3-12, 3-14,	Shift X.....
	3-15, 3-16,	3-6, 3-11,
	3-17, 3-18,	3-12, 3-14,
	3-19, 3-25,	3-24, 3-36,
	3-28, 3-30,	3-41, 3-44
	3-34, 3-35,	Shift Y.....
	3-37, 3-42,	3-6, 3-11,
	3-45, 3-47,	3-12, 3-14,
	3-50, 3-52,	3-24, 3-37,
	3-54, 3-57	3-41, 3-44
Payload CRC.....	3-16, 3-52	Slope .....
Payload Header.....	3-16, 3-51	3-6, 3-7,
Peak MKR Y Delta .....	3-8, 3-14,	3-8, 3-9,
	3-15, 3-30,	3-12, 3-23,
	3-45, 3-48	3-27, 3-29,
Power .....	3-5	3-32, 3-40
Preselector.....	3-8, 3-15,	Slot Number .....
	3-31, 3-48	3-16, 3-17,
Qch Time & FFT .....	3-19	3-18, 3-19,
Ref Power .....	3-11, 3-13,	3-50, 3-53,
	3-14, 3-38,	3-55, 3-56,
	3-42, 3-46	3-57
Result .....	3-8, 3-11,	Sort.....
	3-13, 3-14,	3-6, 3-11,
	3-30, 3-38,	3-12, 3-14,
	3-42, 3-45	3-24, 3-37,
Rolloff Factor.....	3-11, 3-13,	3-41, 3-44,
	3-38, 3-43	3-45
Save Table.....	3-8, 3-15,	Spectrum due to Mod.....
	3-30, 3-47	3-16
Search Length (slot).....	3-20, 3-59	Spurious .....
Search Level .....	3-16, 3-17,	3-5
	3-19, 3-50,	Start Bit.....
	3-53, 3-57	3-16, 3-49
Select Type .....	3-16, 3-19,	STD.....
	3-49, 3-55	3-5, 3-20
Set to Default .....	3-6, 3-7,	STD Setup.....
	3-8, 3-9,	3-5, 3-20,
	3-10, 3-12,	3-58
		Sweep Time .....
		3-19, 3-57
		Symbol Rate 1/T .....
		3-11, 3-13,
		3-38, 3-43
		Sync Type .....
		3-20, 3-59
		Table Edit.....
		3-8, 3-15,
		3-30, 3-47
		Table Init.....
		3-6, 3-8,
		3-11, 3-12,
		3-14, 3-15,
		3-25, 3-30,
		3-37, 3-41,

3.1 Menu Index

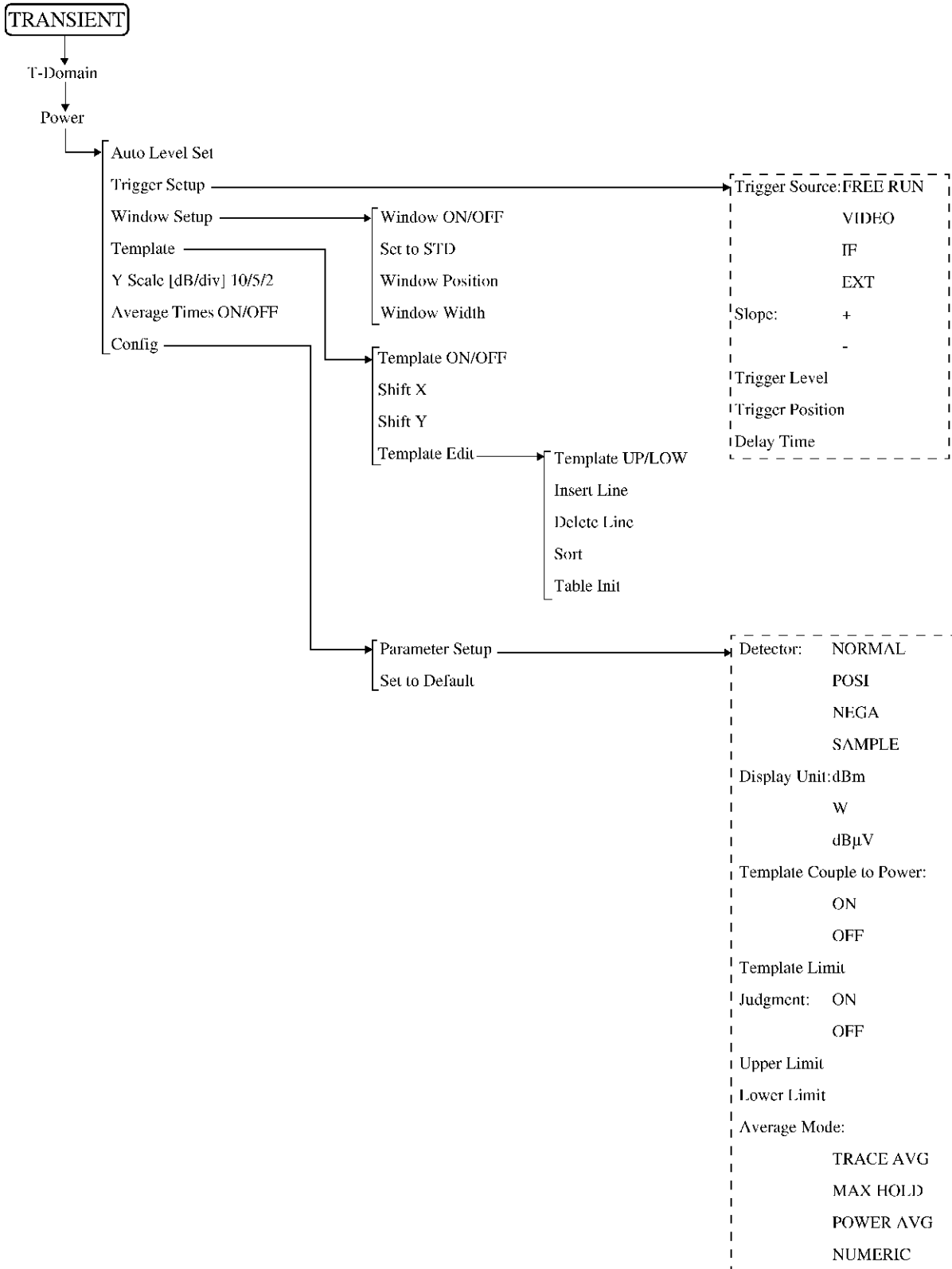
	3-44, 3-45, 3-47		3-29, 3-33, 3-40, 3-57
Table No. 1/2/3 .....	3-8, 3-15, 3-30, 3-47	Trigger Setup .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-32, 3-39
T-Domain .....	3-5, 3-23	Trigger Slope .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-54, 3-56, 3-57
Template .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-36, 3-41, 3-44	Trigger Source .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-23, 3-27, 3-29, 3-32, 3-40, 3-50, 3-53, 3-54, 3-56, 3-57
Template Couple to Power .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-25, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46	Tx Power .....	3-5, 3-17
Template Edit .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44	Type .....	3-20, 3-58
Template Limit .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-25, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46	Upper Limit .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-10, 3-25, 3-28, 3-34, 3-36
Template ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-36, 3-41, 3-44	Wave Check .....	3-5, 3-19
Template UP/LOW .....	3-6, 3-24	Window ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-24, 3-27, 3-33
Time .....	3-5, 3-19, 3-56	Window Position .....	3-6, 3-9, 3-24, 3-34
Time & FFT .....	3-5, 3-19, 3-55	Window Setup .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-24, 3-27, 3-33
Trigger .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40	Window Width .....	3-6, 3-9, 3-24, 3-34
Trigger Delay .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-55, 3-56, 3-58	X Span .....	3-18, 3-54
Trigger Level .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-24, 3-27, 3-29, 3-32, 3-40, 3-50, 3-53, 3-55, 3-56, 3-57	X Start .....	3-18, 3-54
Trigger Position .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-19, 3-24, 3-27,	Y Scale .....	3-18, 3-54
		Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2 .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-25, 3-27, 3-34

### 3.2 Menu Map

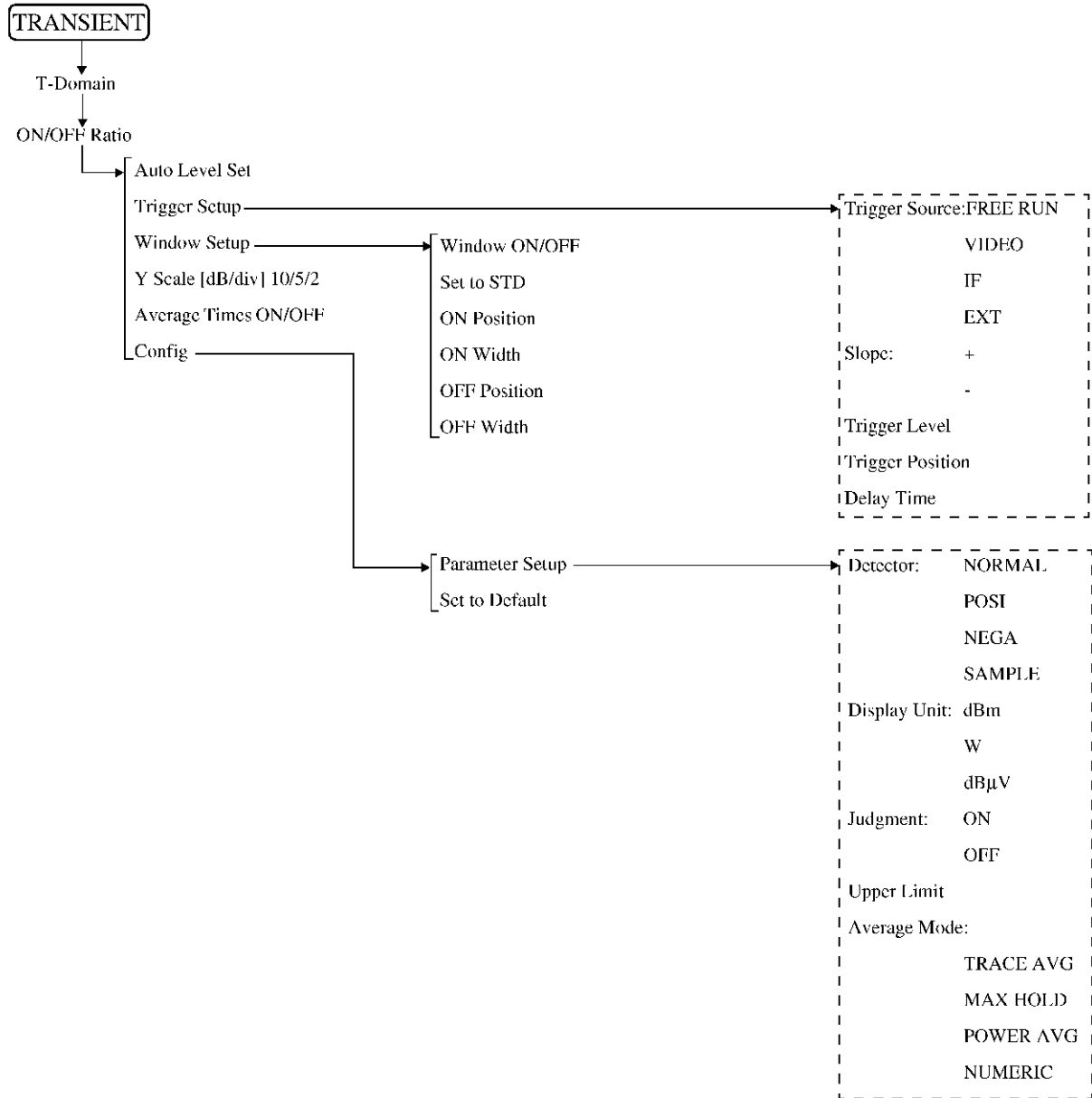
This section shows the hierarchical menu configuration on a panel key basis.



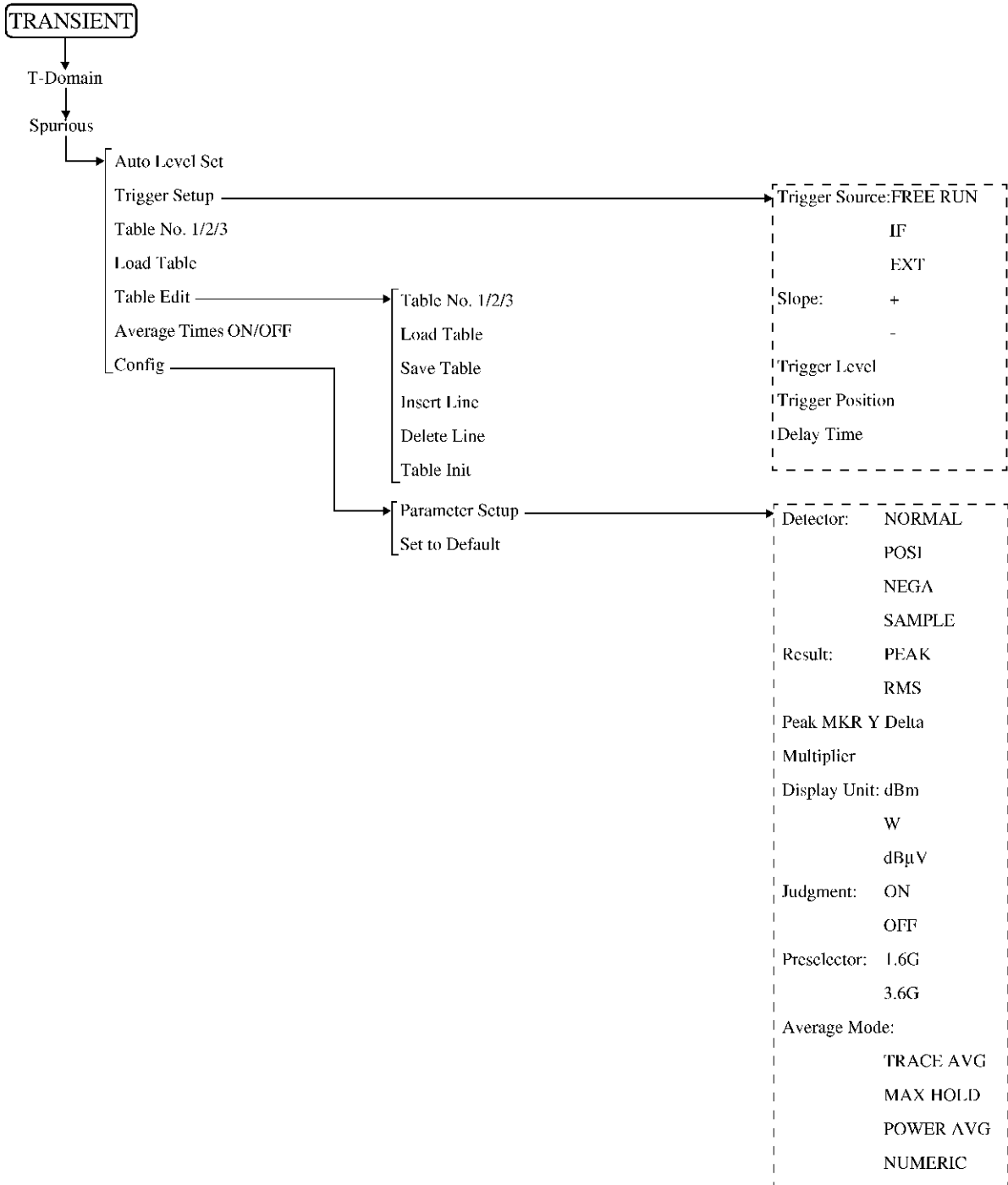
3.2 Menu Map

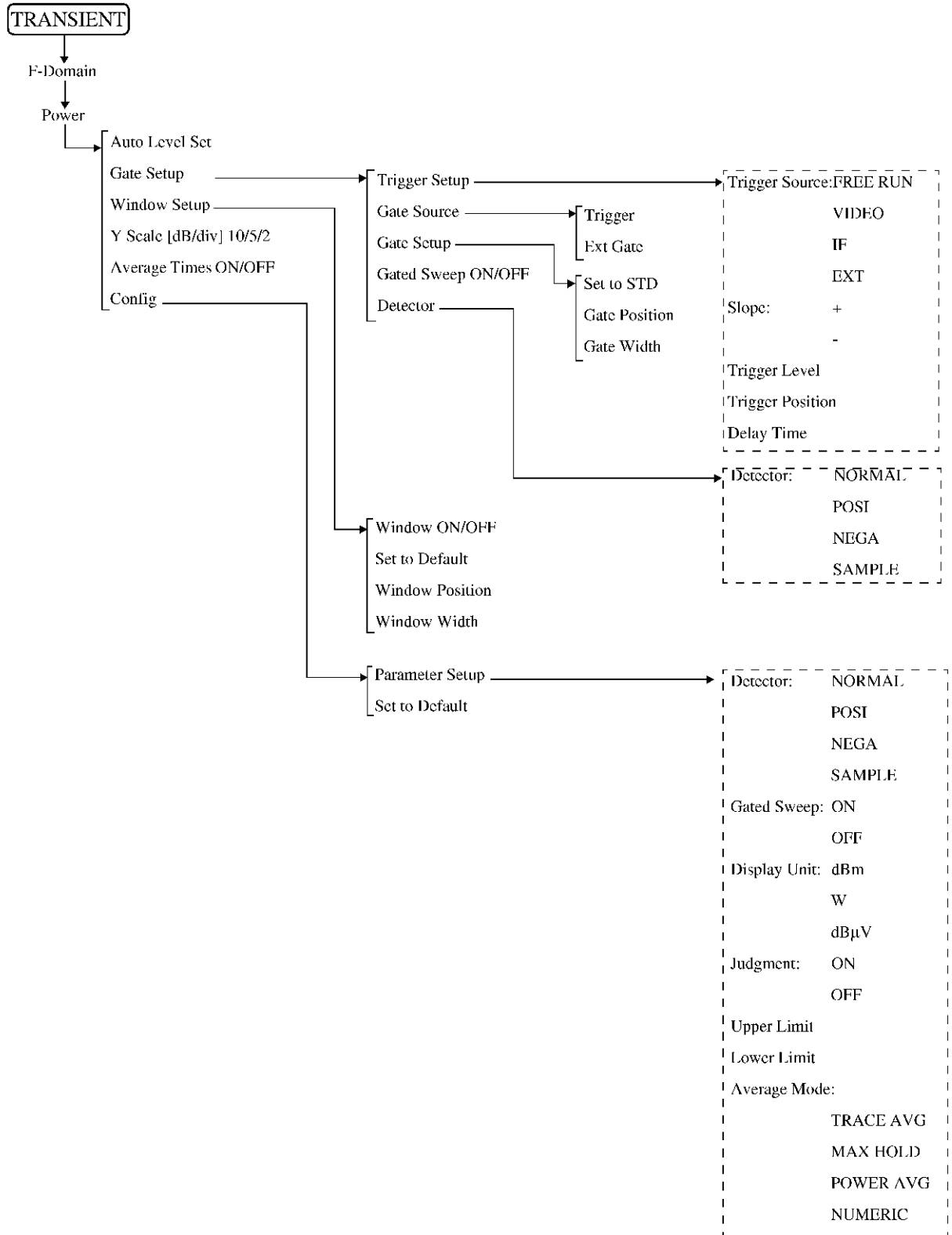




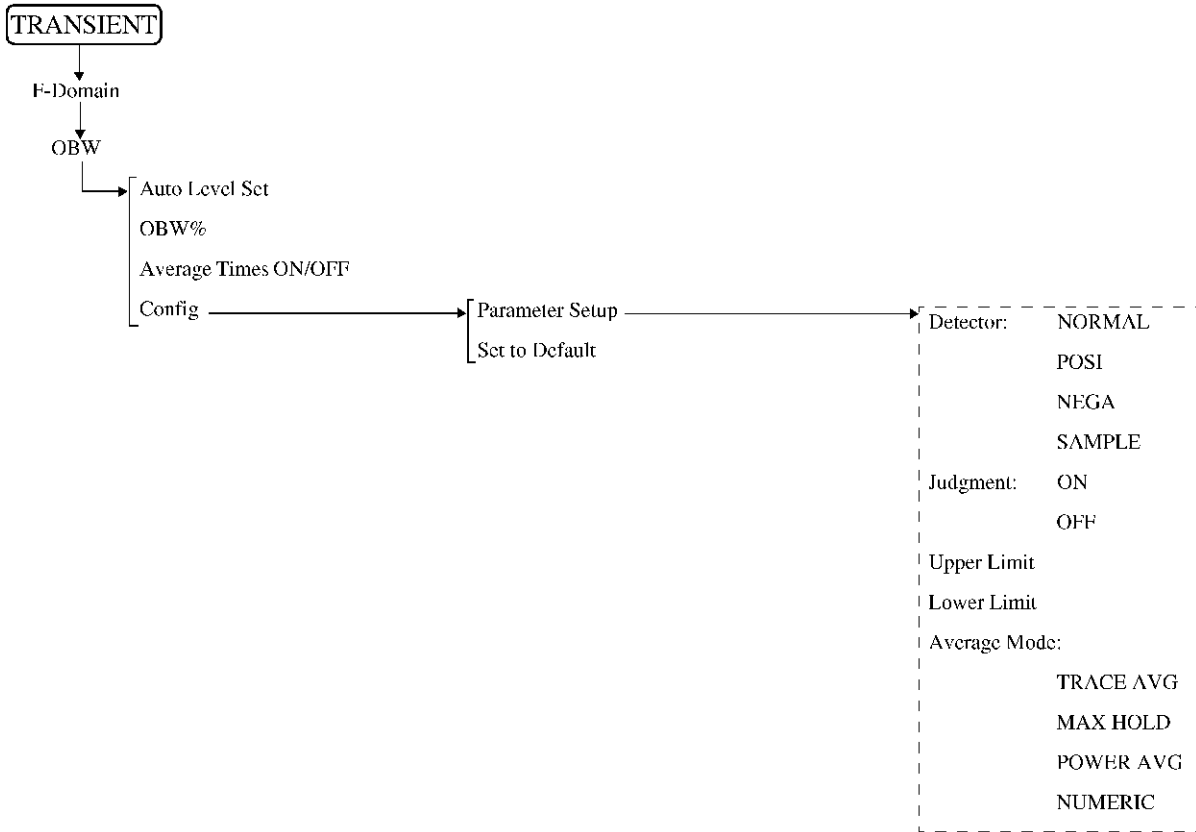


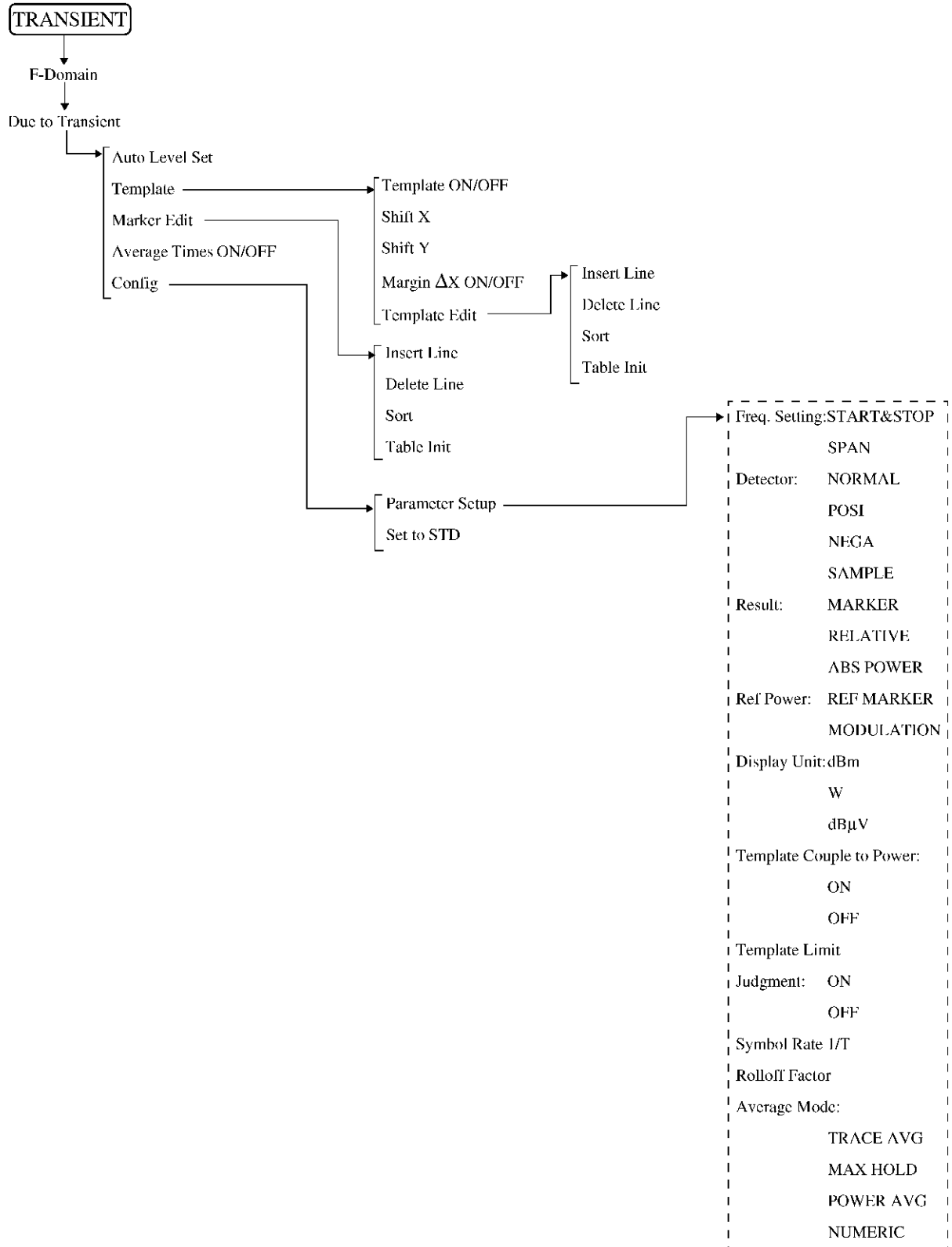
3.2 Menu Map



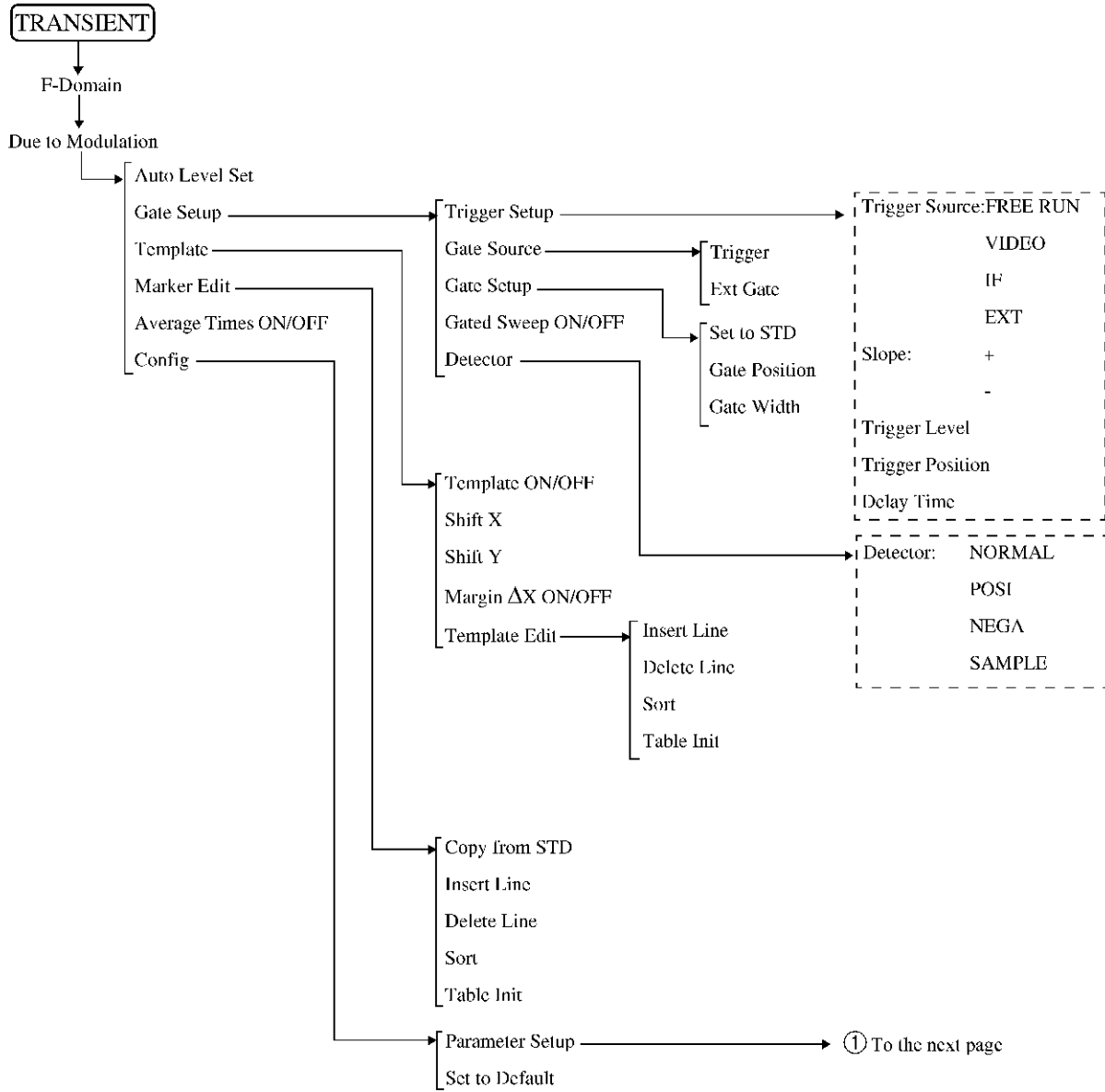


3.2 Menu Map





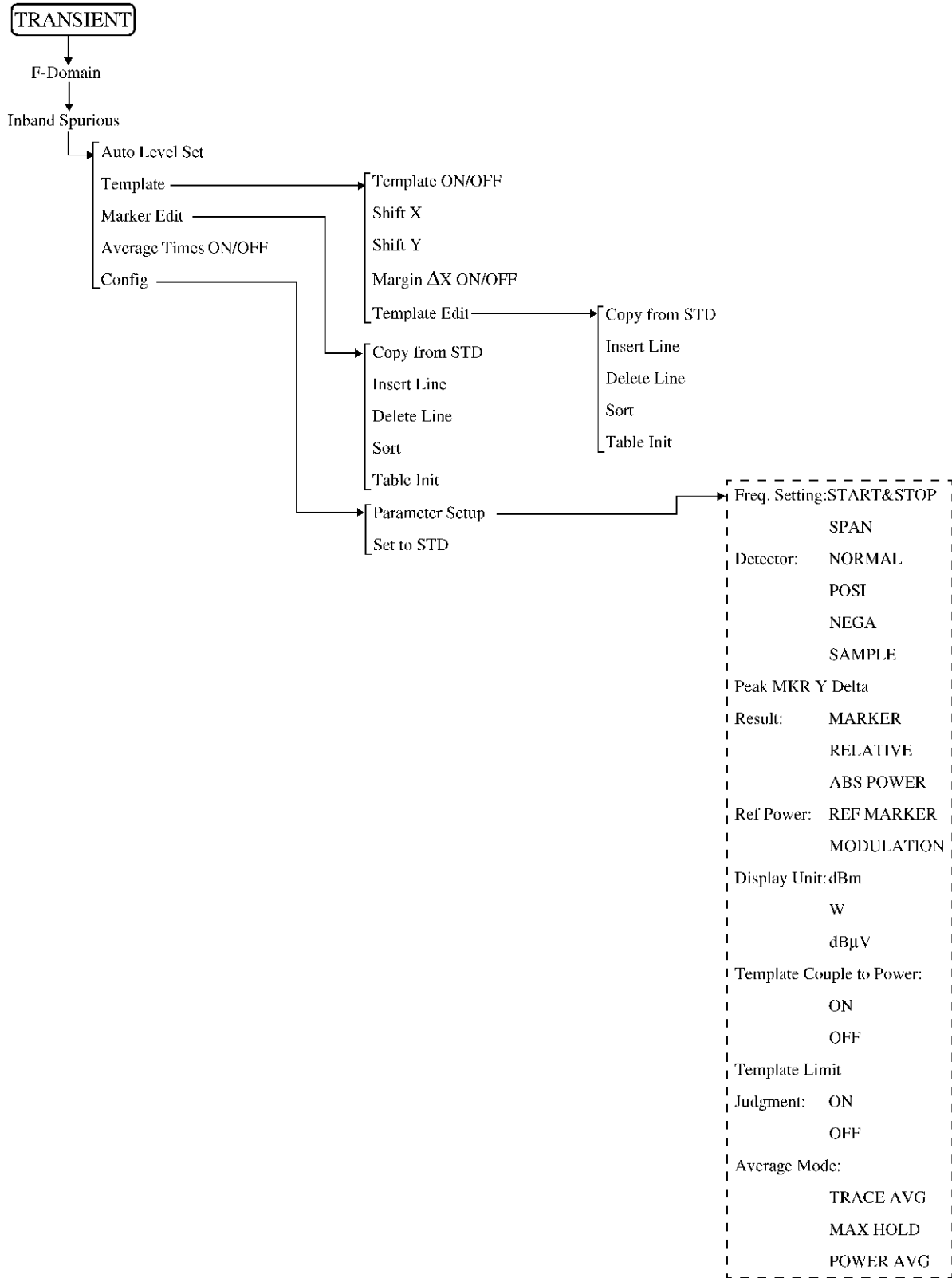
3.2 Menu Map



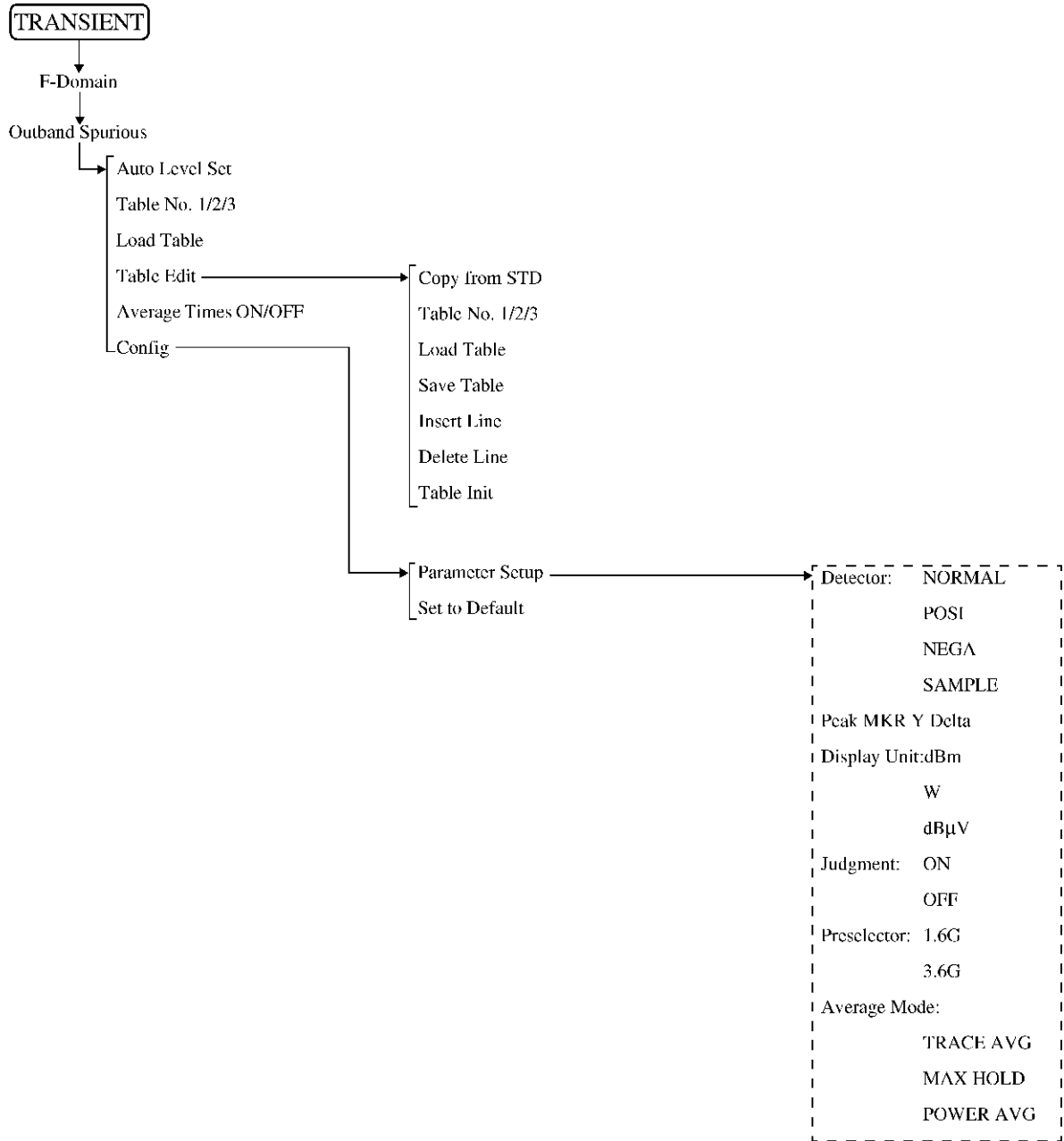
① From the previous page →

Freq. Setting:	START&STOP
	SPAN
Detector:	NORMAL
	POS
	NEGA
	SAMPLE
Result:	MARKER
	RELATIVE
	ABS POWER
Ref Power:	REF MARKER
	MODULATION
Display Unit:	dBm
	W
	dB $\mu$ V
Template Couple to Power:	
	ON
	OFF
Template Limit	
Judgment:	ON
	OFF
Symbol Rate 1/T	
Rolloff Factor	
Average Mode:	
	TRACE AVG
	MAX HOLD
	POWER AVG
	NUMERIC

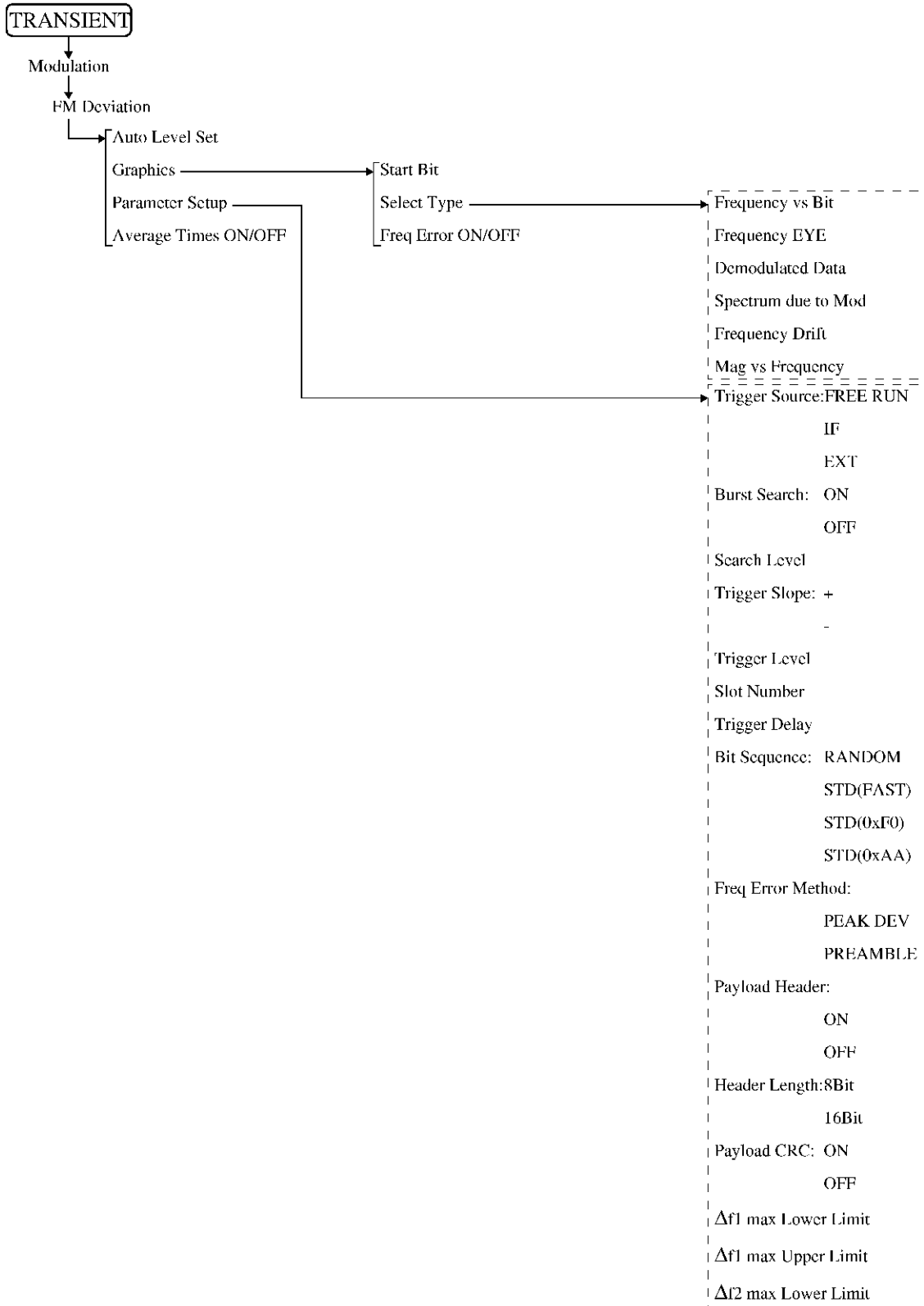
3.2 Menu Map

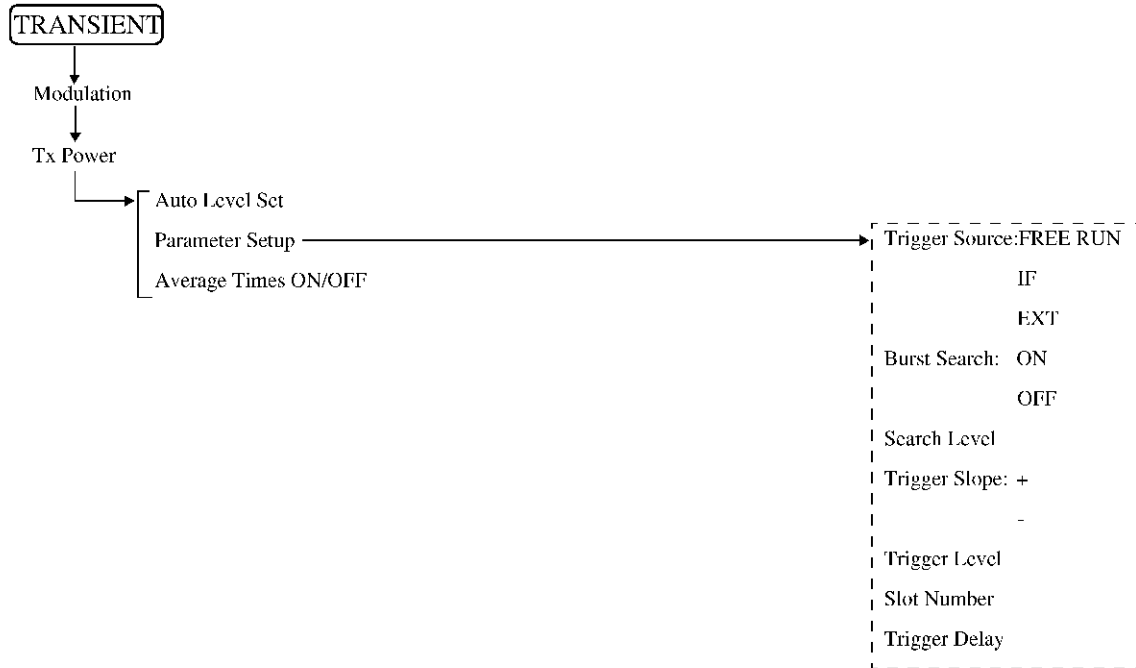




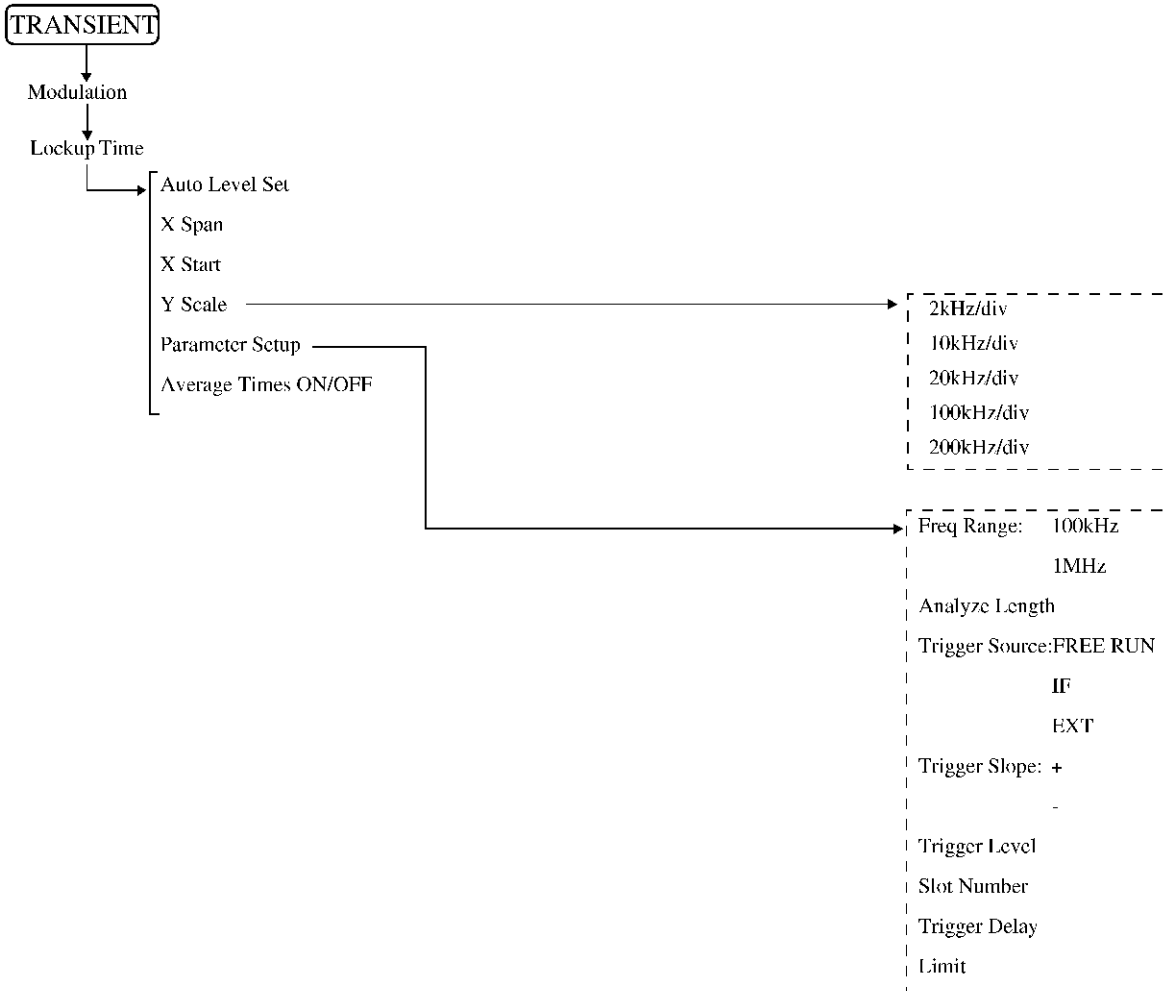


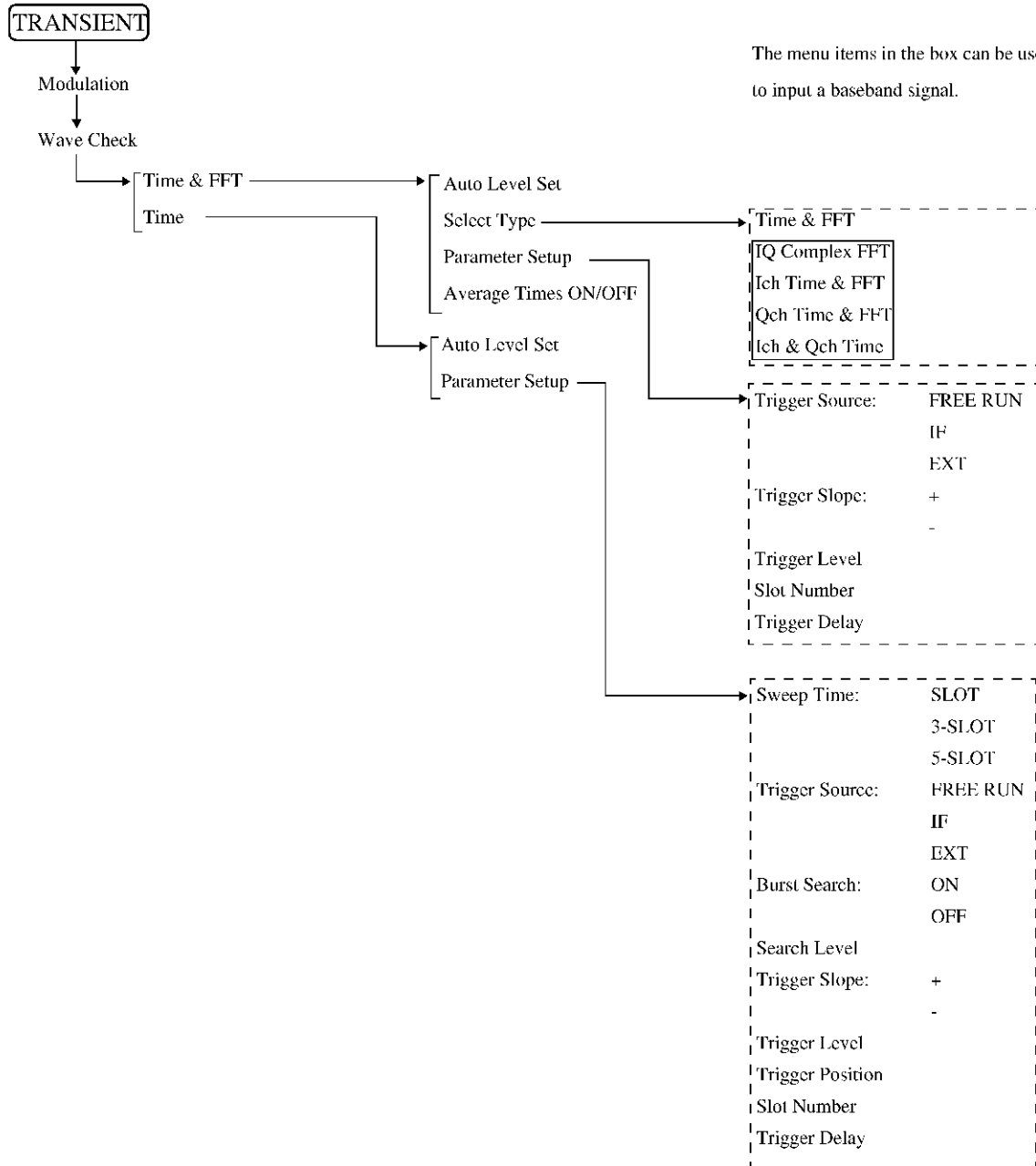
3.2 Menu Map



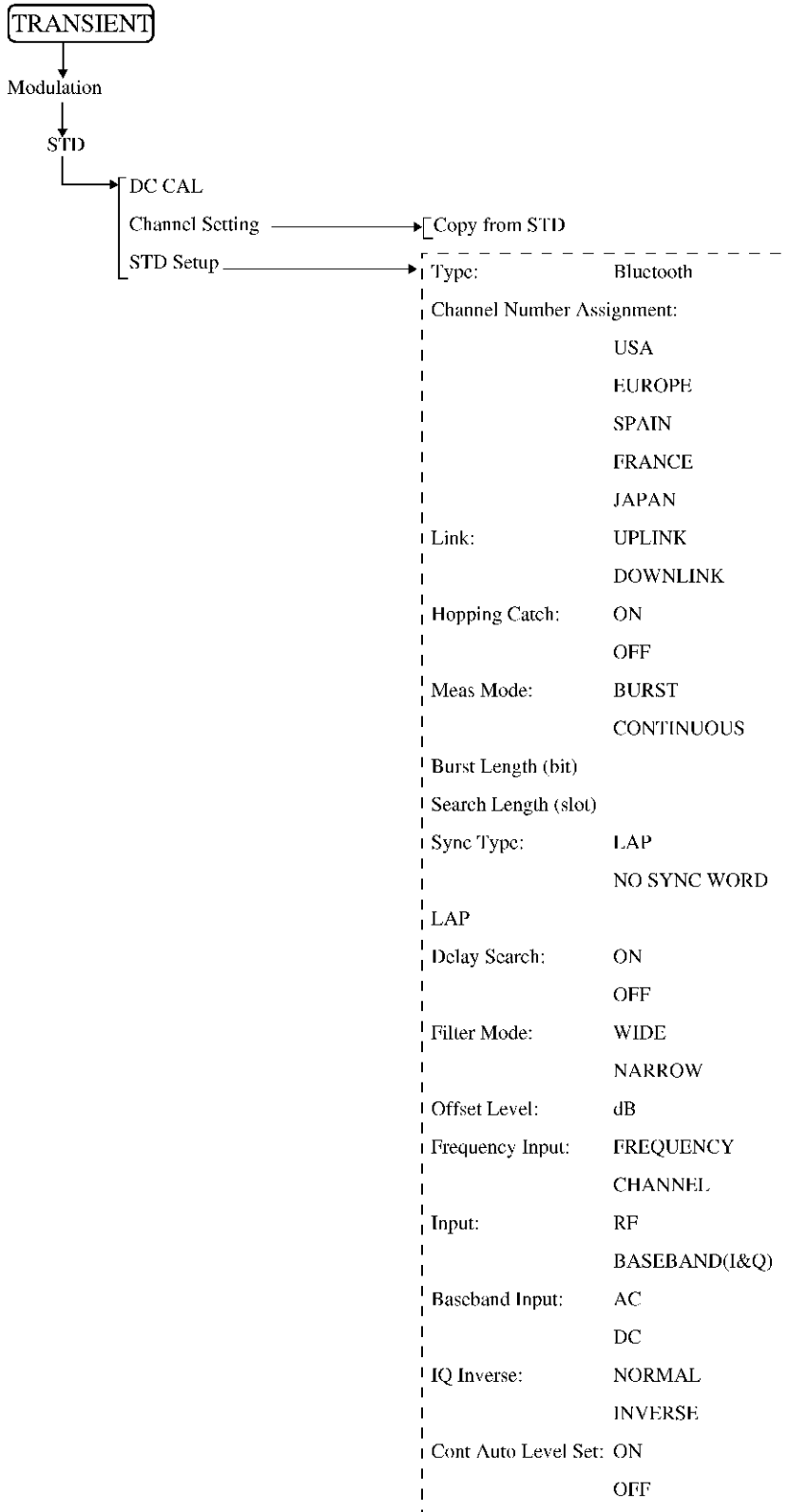


3.2 Menu Map



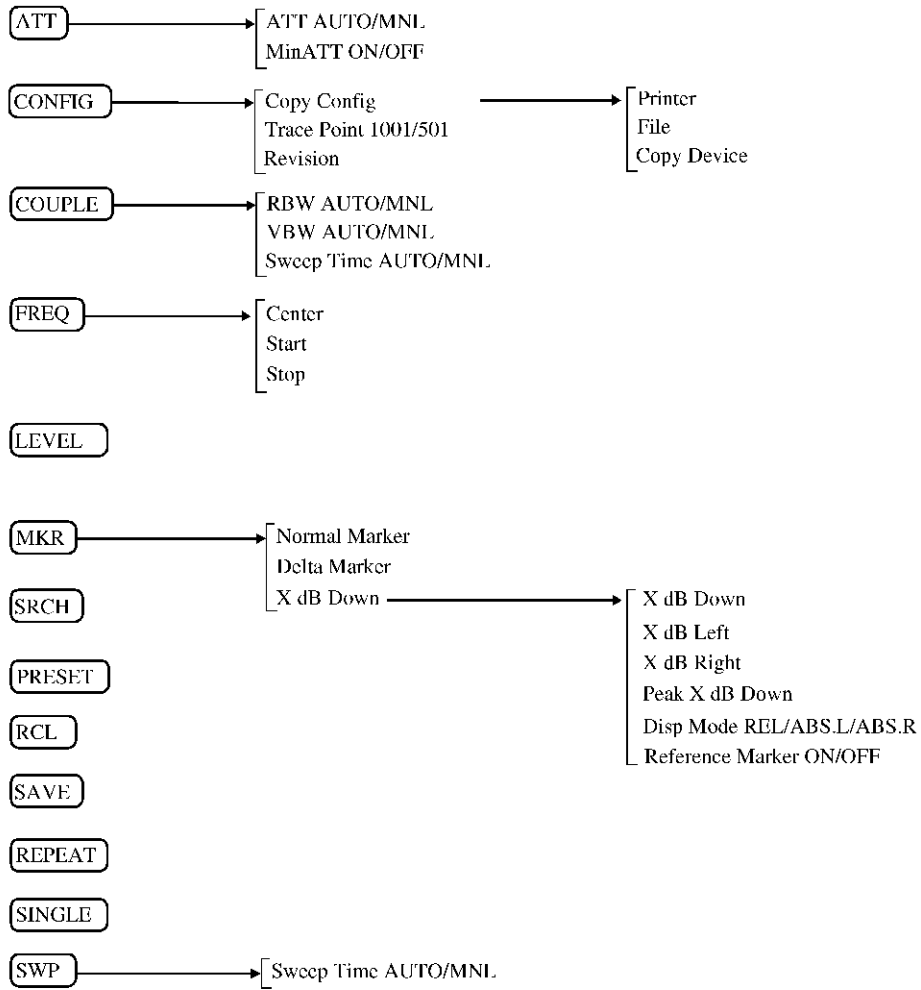


3.2 Menu Map



### 3.3 Functional Description

When modulation analysis hardware and software are installed, the following menus are assigned to the **TRANSIENT** key.



3.3 Functional Description

**3.3.1 Switching Communication Systems**

This section describes how to switch the communication systems. The analyzer must be set to the SPA mode to switch between the communication systems.

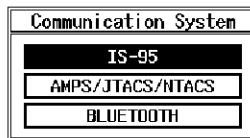
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**NOTE:** *After the communication system has been switched, the parameters previously set for the former communication system will be cleared.  
If necessary, save the old parameters, before switching the communication system to another.*

---

Switching communication systems

1. Press the **POWER** to enter the SPA mode.
2. Press **CONFIG**.
3. Press *more 1/2*.  
If there are other communication systems installed, with which this instrument can analyze, "Comm.System" is displayed in the soft menu.
4. Press *Comm.System*.  
Select the communication system you wish using the data knob, and press the knob (or **ENTR**).



**Figure 3-1 Communication Systems Dialog Box**

5. When the data knob (or **ENTR**) is pressed, the message "Now Loading...." is displayed. After the message disappears, the switchover to another system is complete.
6. Press the **TRANSIENT** to confirm that the menu has been changed.

Saving set conditions

1. To save the parameters, press **SHIFT** and **RCL**.
2. Set the SAVE FILE number and press *Save*.



### 3.3.2 T-Domain

Carries out a measurement according to the standard using the zero span of the spectrum analyzer. Measurement items include power, ON/OFF ratio of a burst signal, and spurious measurements in the time domain with a specified frequency.

In the T-Domain measurement, the setting for the RBW, VBW, Sweep Time, or Detector is saved when exiting from each measurement and recalled when entering each measurement again. To return the setting to the value specified by the standard, press *Config* and *Set to STD*.

#### 3.3.2.1 Power (T-Domain)

This is a function to measure power in the time domain (zero span).

There are two Pass/Fail judgment functions: a judgment function for the template and a judgment function for power.

---

**NOTE:** *The RBW must be set wider than the modulation band.*

---

#### *Auto Level Set*

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

---

**NOTE:** *The input signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.*

---

#### *Trigger Setup*

Sets a trigger.

Trigger Setup	
Trigger Source :	FREE RUN VIDEO IF EXT
Slope :	+ -
Trigger Level :	30 %
Trigger Position :	8 %
Delay Time :	0.000 ns

**Figure 3-2 Trigger Setup Dialog Box**

#### *Trigger Source*

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

#### *Slope*

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

3.3 Functional Description

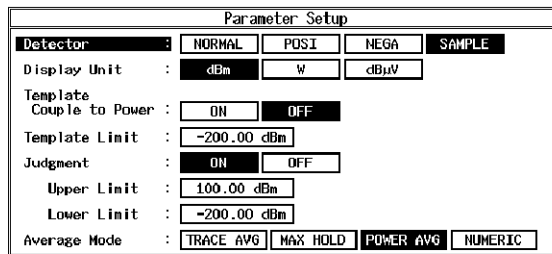
<i>Trigger Level</i>	Sets the level to trigger.
<i>Trigger Position</i>	Sets the trigger position where it is displayed on the screen.
<i>Delay Time</i>	Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.
<hr/>	
<i>NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.</i>	
<hr/>	
<i>Window Setup</i>	Sets the window used for power measurement.
<i>Window ON/OFF</i>	Displays a window showing the range for power measurement. When OFF is set, the power measurement range covers all points on the display screen.
<i>Set to STD</i>	Sets the window specified by the communication standard.
<i>Window Position</i>	Sets the position of the window.
<i>Window Width</i>	Sets the width of the window.
<hr/>	
<i>NOTE: When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to Posi, Width or both in the area indicating the window conditions.</i>	
<hr/>	
<i>Template</i>	Sets the template. For more information, refer to Section 5.1.1, "Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode."
<i>Template ON/OFF</i>	Sets whether to display the template and to toggles the Pass/Fail judgment function on or off.
<i>Shift X</i>	Sets the amount of template movement in the X-axis direction.
<i>Shift Y</i>	Sets the amount of template movement in the Y-axis direction.
<i>Template Edit</i>	Edits the template.
<i>Template UP/LOW</i>	Selects the upper template or the lower template.
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts a line.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes a line.
<i>Sort</i>	Sorts template data in ascending order.

<b>Table Init</b>	Initializes the table.
<b>Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2</b>	Switches the display screen scale to 10, 5 or 2 dB/div.
<b>Average Times ON/OFF</b>	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

**Config**

**Parameter Setup**

Sets the method of measurement, edits the template, and so forth.



**Figure 3-3 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

<b>Detector</b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<b>Display Unit</b>	dBm/W/dBµV Selects the display unit of power.
<b>Template Couple to Power</b>	Displays the template that is connected to the measured power. ON: Displays the template that is connected to the measured power. On the template edit screen, set the template level to the portion linked with the power value set to 0 dB. OFF: Displays the template regarding the Y-axis value edited by the template as an absolute value.
<b>Template Limit</b>	If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.
<b>Judgment</b>	Sets ON/OFF for Pass/Fail judgments.
<b>Upper Limit</b>	Sets the upper limit value of power.
<b>Lower Limit</b>	Sets the lower limit value of power.

3.3 Functional Description

**Average Mode** Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

**TRACE AVG:**  
Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

**MAX HOLD:**  
Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

**POWER AVG:**  
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

**NUMERIC:**  
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

**NOTE:** Using **POWER AVG** display the average waveforms, using **NUMERIC** display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

**Set to Default** Resets the settings to their defaults.

**3.3.2.2 ON/OFF Ratio**

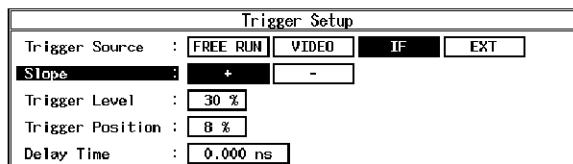
Measures the power during the burst-on period and the one during the burst-off period, and calculate the ratio of the powers.

Captures the signal with a trigger and calculates the ratio in reference to the burst on and burst off periods (the former is defined as the period immediately before the trigger point; the latter, immediately after the trigger point).

**Auto Level Set** Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

**NOTE:** The signal level must remain constant while **Auto Level Set** is being carried out.

**Trigger Setup** Sets a trigger.



**Figure 3-4 Trigger Setup Dialog Box**

<i>Trigger Source</i>	<p>Selects a trigger</p> <p>FREE RUN: Captures data using the internal measurement timing.</p> <p>VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.</p> <p>IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).</p> <p>EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.</p>
<i>Slope</i>	<p>Selects the edge when triggering.</p> <p>+: Triggers at the leading edge.</p> <p>-: Triggers at the trailing edge.</p>
<i>Trigger Level</i>	<p>Sets the level to trigger.</p>
<i>Trigger Position</i>	<p>Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.</p>
<i>Delay Time</i>	<p>Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.</p>
<hr/> <p><b>NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.</b></p> <hr/>	
<i>Window Setup</i>	<p>Sets the burst ON and OFF periods.</p>
<i>Window ON/OFF</i>	<p>Displays a window showing the range for power measurement.</p>
<i>Set to STD</i>	<p>Sets the value that is specified by or complies with the communication standard.</p>
<i>ON Position</i>	<p>Sets the desired position during the burst-on period.</p>
<i>ON Width</i>	<p>Sets the desired width during the burst-on period.</p>
<i>OFF Position</i>	<p>Sets the position during the burst-off period.</p>
<i>OFF Width</i>	<p>Sets the width during the burst-off period.</p>
<hr/> <p><b>NOTE: When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to Posi, Width or both in the area indicating the window conditions.</b></p> <hr/>	
<i>Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2</i>	<p>Selects the display screen scale to 10, 5 or 2 dB/div.</p>

3.3 Functional Description

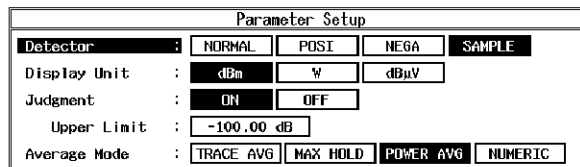
*Average Times ON/OFF*

Sets the averaging count.  
For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

*Config*

*Parameter Setup*

Sets measurement parameters and so on.



**Figure 3-5 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

*Detector*

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE  
Selects the detector.

*Display Unit*

dBm/W/dBμV  
Selects the display unit of power.

---

*NOTE: The ON/OFF ratio is displayed in units of dB (fixed).*

---

*Judgment*

Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the ON/OFF ratio.

*Upper Limit*

Enters the upper limit value.

*Average Mode*

Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

---

*NOTE: Using POWER AVG display the average waveforms, using NUMERIC display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.*

---

**Set to Default**

Resets the settings to their defaults.

**3.3.2.3 Spurious (T-Domain)**

This is a function to measure power (or peak power) according to the frequency specified in the table by sweeping in the zero span mode.

**Auto Level Set**

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

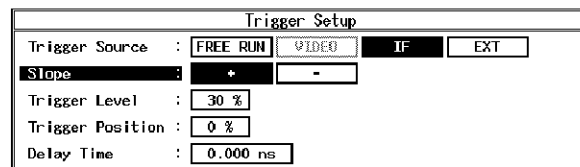
---

**NOTE:** The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

---

**Trigger Setup**

Sets a trigger.

**Figure 3-6 Trigger Setup Dialog Box****Trigger Source**

Selects a trigger

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

**Slope**

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

**Trigger Level**

Sets the level to trigger.

**Trigger Position**

Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.

**Delay Time**

Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

---

**NOTE:** When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

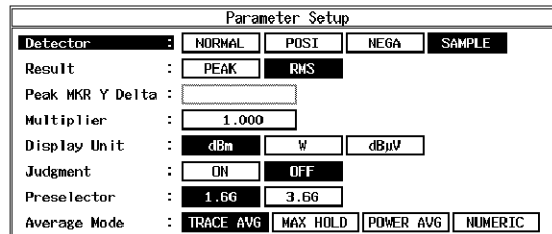
---

3.3 Functional Description

<i>Table No. 1/2/3</i>	Selects the measurement table.
<i>Load Table</i>	Loads the measurement table.
<i>Table Edit</i>	Edits the measurement table.
<i>Table No. 1/2/3</i>	Selects the table to be edited.
<i>Load Table</i>	Loads the measurement table.
<i>Save Table</i>	Saves the measurement table.
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts additional frequency data before the selected frequency number.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes the selected line.
<i>Table Init</i>	Initializes the table
<i>Average Times ON/OFF</i>	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

**Config**

*Parameter Setup* Sets measurement conditions and so on.



**Figure 3-7 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

<i>Detector</i>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<i>Result</i>	PEAK/RMS Selects whether to display the result using average power or peak power.
<i>Peak MKR Y Delta</i>	Sets the Y delta of the peak marker.
<i>Multiplier</i>	Multiplies the measurement result by the set value, then displays the resultant value.



<i>Display Unit</i>	dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V Selects the display units.
<i>Judgment</i>	Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value.
<i>Preselector</i>	Sets the preselector.
<hr/>	
<i>NOTE: This menu is displayed on R3267 only.</i>	
<hr/>	
	1.6G: Used to measure harmonics of more than 1.6 GHz or spurious signals when the carrier frequency is lower than 1.6 GHz.
	3.6G: Used to set this parameter for cases other than that above.
<i>Average Mode</i>	Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.
	TRACE AVG: Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.
	MAX HOLD: Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.
	POWER AVG: Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
	NUMERIC: Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
<hr/>	
<i>NOTE: Using POWER AVG display the average waveforms, using NUMERIC display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.</i>	
<hr/>	
<i>Set to Default</i>	Returns the set value to the default.

3.3 Functional Description

**3.3.3 F-Domain**

Carries out a measurement according to the communication standard using the spectrum analyzer’s sweep measurement method. Measurement items include power, occupied bandwidth, Due To Transient, Due to Modulation, Inband Spurious, and Outband Spurious measurements in the frequency domain.

In F-Domain measurement, the setting for the RBW, VBW, Sweep Time, or Detector is saved when exiting each measurement and recalled when entering each measurement again. To return the setting to the value specified by the standard, press *Config* and *Set to STD*.

**3.3.3.1 Power (F-Domain)**

This is a function to measure power in the frequency domain using the spectrum analyzer.

*Auto Level Set*

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

---

*NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.*

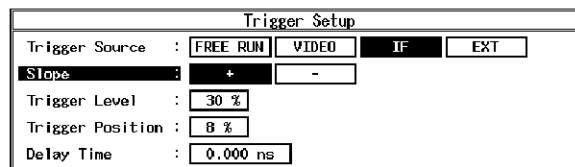
---

*Gate Setup*

Sets the gated sweep. This setting is required when the input signal is a bursted signal and Sample Detector is used.

*Trigger Setup*

Sets a trigger.



**Figure 3-8 Trigger Setup Dialog Box**

*Trigger Source*

Selects a trigger

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

*Slope*

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

*Trigger Level*

Sets the level to trigger.

<b>Trigger Position</b>	Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.
<b>Delay Time</b>	Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

---

**NOTE:** When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

---

### Gate Source

<b>Trigger</b>	Sets Trigger Source specified by Trigger Setup as Gate Source.
----------------	--

---

**NOTE:** When Trigger Source is set to IF and SPAN is set to a frequency higher than 6 MHz, the sweeping seems to be stopped, because the IF trigger bandwidth is approximately 6 MHz and the gate trigger is failing.

---

<b>Ext Gate</b>	Sets the gated sweep mode using the gate signal input from the EXT GATE terminal on the rear panel.
-----------------	---

<b>Gate Setup</b>	Sets the gated sweep range when Trigger is selected for Gate Source.
-------------------	--

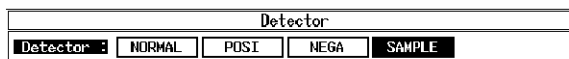
<b>Set to STD</b>	Sets the gate position and width to the values specified by the communication standard.
-------------------	---

<b>Gate Position</b>	Sets the gate position.
----------------------	-------------------------

<b>Gate Width</b>	Sets the gate width.
-------------------	----------------------

<b>Gated Sweep ON/OFF</b>	Starts the gated sweep.
---------------------------	-------------------------

<b>Detector</b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
-----------------	--



**Figure 3-9 Detector Dialog Box**

<b>Window Setup</b>	Sets the frequency range used for power measurement.
---------------------	--

<b>Window ON/OFF</b>	Sets the window to ON or OFF. When the window is set to OFF, the power measurement range becomes a sweep band.
----------------------	--

<b>Set to Default</b>	Resets the settings to their defaults.
-----------------------	--

3.3 Functional Description

<b>Window Position</b>	Sets the position of the window.
<b>Window Width</b>	Sets the width of the window.

---

**NOTE:** When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to *Posi*, *Width* or both in the area indicating the window conditions.

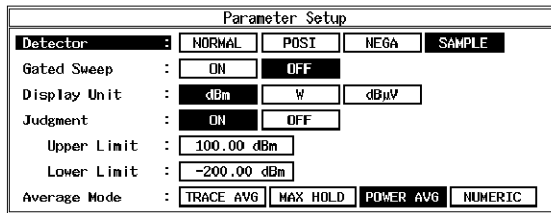
---

**Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2** Sets the display scale.

**Average Times ON/OFF** Sets the averaging count.  
For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

**Config**

**Parameter Setup** Sets measurement conditions and so on.



**Figure 3-10 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

<b>Detector</b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<b>Gated Sweep</b>	Sets the gated sweep to ON or OFF.
<b>Display Unit</b>	dBm/W/dBµV Selects the display unit.
<b>Judgment</b>	Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for measured power.
<b>Upper Limit</b>	Sets the upper limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
<b>Lower Limit</b>	Sets the lower limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
<b>Average Mode</b>	Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON. TRACE AVG: Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG. MAX HOLD: Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

**POWER AVG:**

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

**NUMERIC:**

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

---

*NOTE: Using POWER AVG display the average waveforms, using NUMERIC display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.*

---

*Set to Default*

Resets the settings to their defaults.

**3.3.3.2 OBW**

Measure an occupied bandwidth.

*Auto Level Set*

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

---

*NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.*

---

*OBW%*

Sets the frequency, including the percentage of the total power as an occupied bandwidth, when calculating the occupied bandwidth.

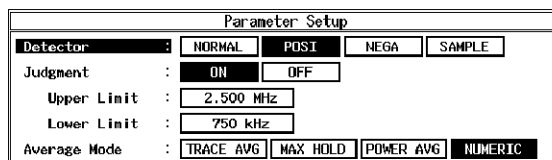
*Average Times ON/OFF*

Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

*Config*

*Parameter Setup*

Sets measurement conditions and so on.



**Figure 3-11 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

*Detector*

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE  
Selects the detector.

## 3.3 Functional Description

<i>Judgment</i>	Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the occupied bandwidth.
<i>Upper Limit</i>	Sets the upper limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
<i>Lower Limit</i>	Sets the lower limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
<i>Average Mode</i>	<p>Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.</p> <p><b>TRACE AVG:</b> Calculates OBW based on the waveforms, which were generated as a result of arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the log mode.</p> <p><b>MAX HOLD:</b> Calculates OBW based on the waveform with the maximum value within the average counts of measured data.</p> <p><b>POWER AVG:</b> Calculates OBW based on the waveforms, which were calculated as a result of the conversion of the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square.</p> <p><b>NUMERIC:</b> Calculates OBW by sweep and calculates arithmetic average to display the result. The displayed waveforms are not averaged.</p>
<i>Set to Default</i>	Resets the settings to their defaults.

## 3.3.3.3 Due to Transient

This is a function to measure the spectrum, including the rise and fall times of the burst.

<i>Auto Level Set</i>	Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.
-----------------------	--

---

**NOTE:** *The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.*

---

<i>Template</i>	<p>Sets and edits the template.</p> <p>For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, "Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode."</p>
<i>Template ON/OFF</i>	<p>Sets ON/OFF of the template display.</p> <p>When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.</p>
<i>Shift X</i>	Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).

<i>Shift Y</i>	Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).
<i>Margin ΔX ON/OFF</i>	Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.
<i>Template Edit</i>	Opens the template edit menu.
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts a line before the selected line.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes the selected line.
<i>Sort</i>	Sorts the tables in order of frequency.
<i>Table Init</i>	Initializes the table.
<i>Marker Edit</i>	Sets the measurement frequency (frequency offset) and measurement band. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, "Marker Edit Function."
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts a line before the selected line.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes the selected line.
<i>Sort</i>	Sorts data in order of frequency.
<i>Table Init</i>	Initializes the table.
<i>Average Times ON/OFF</i>	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.
<i>Config</i>	
<i>Parameter Setup</i>	Sets measurement conditions and so on. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.2, "Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes."

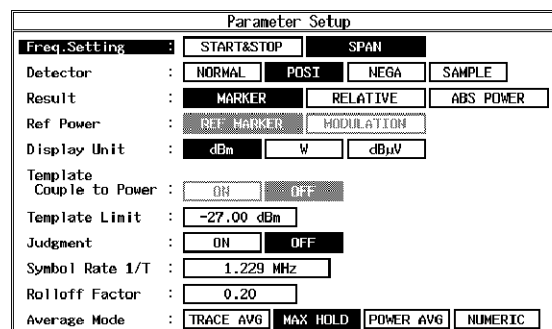


Figure 3-12 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

3.3 Functional Description

<b><i>Freq. Setting</i></b>	START&STOP/SPAN Selects the measurement mode.
<b><i>Detector</i></b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<b><i>Result</i></b>	Specifies how to display the result.  MARKER: Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit.  RELATIVE: Displays the marker read value using a relative value.  ABS POWER: Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.
<b><i>Ref Power</i></b>	When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value to use to display the marker read value.  REF MARKER: Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.  MODULATION: Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.
<b><i>Display Unit</i></b>	dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V Selects the unit of the result displayed.

---

***NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.***

---

<b><i>Template Couple to Power</i></b>	Sets whether to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.
<b><i>Template Limit</i></b>	If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.
<b><i>Judgment</i></b>	Used to make the Pass/fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.
<b><i>Symbol Rate 1/T</i></b>	Sets the symbol rate for the Root Nyquist filter.
<b><i>Rolloff Factor</i></b>	Sets the roll-off factor for the Root Nyquist filter.



**Average Mode** Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

**TRACE AVG:**  
Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

**MAX HOLD:**  
Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

**POWER AVG:**  
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

**NUMERIC:**  
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

---

**NOTE:** Using **POWER AVG** display the average waveforms, using **NUMERIC** display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

---

**Set to STD** Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.

### 3.3.3.4 Due to Modulation

Measure the modulation spectrum excluding the rise and fall of the burst.

**Auto Level Set** Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

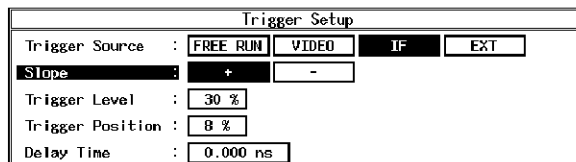
---

**NOTE:** The signal level must be constant while **Auto Level Set** is being carried out.

---

**Gate Setup** Sets the gated sweep.

**Trigger Setup** Sets a trigger.



**Figure 3-13 Trigger Setup Dialog Box**

3.3 Functional Description

<b>Trigger Source</b>	<p>Selects a trigger.</p> <p>FREE RUN: Captures data using the internal measurement timing.</p> <p>VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.</p> <p>IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).</p> <p>EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.</p>
<b>Slope</b>	<p>Selects the edge when triggering.</p> <p>+: Triggers at the leading edge.</p> <p>-: Triggers at the trailing edge.</p>
<b>Trigger Level</b>	<p>Sets the level to trigger.</p>
<b>Trigger Position</b>	<p>Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.</p>
<b>Delay Time</b>	<p>Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.</p>

---

*NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.*

---

**Gate Source**

**Trigger** Sets Trigger Source specified by Trigger Setup as Gate Source.

---

*NOTE: When Trigger Source is set to IF and SPAN is set to a frequency higher than 6 MHz, the sweeping seems to be stopped, because the IF trigger bandwidth is approximately 6 MHz and the gate trigger is failing.*

---

**Ext Gate** Performs the gated sweep using the gate signal input from the EXT Gate terminal on the rear panel.

**Gate Setup** Sets the gated sweep range when Trigger is selected for Gate Source.

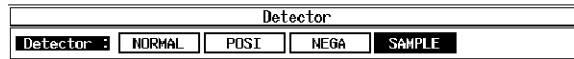
**Set to STD** Sets the gate position and width to the values specified by the communication standard.

**Gate Position** Sets the gate position.

**Gate Width** Sets the gate width.

**Gated Sweep ON/OFF** Starts the gated sweep.

**Detector** NORMAL/POST/NEGA/SAMPLE  
Selects the detector.



**Figure 3-14 Detector Dialog Box**

**Template**  
Sets and edits the template.  
For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, "Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode."

**Template ON/OFF**  
Sets the template display to ON or OFF.  
When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.

**Shift X**  
Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).

**Shift Y**  
Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).

**Margin  $\Delta X$  ON/OFF**  
Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.

**Template Edit**

**Insert Line**  
Inserts a line before the selected line.

**Delete Line**  
Deletes the selected line.

**Sort**  
Sorts the tables in frequency order.

**Table Init**  
Initializes the table.

**Marker Edit**  
Sets the measurement frequency (frequency offset) and measurement band.  
For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, "Marker Edit Function."

**Copy from STD**  
Sets to the parameters specified by the communication standard.

**Insert Line**  
Inserts a line before the selected line.

**Delete Line**  
Deletes the selected line.

**Sort**  
Sorts data in order of frequency.

**Table Init**  
Initializes the table.

**Average Times ON/OFF**  
Sets the averaging count.  
For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

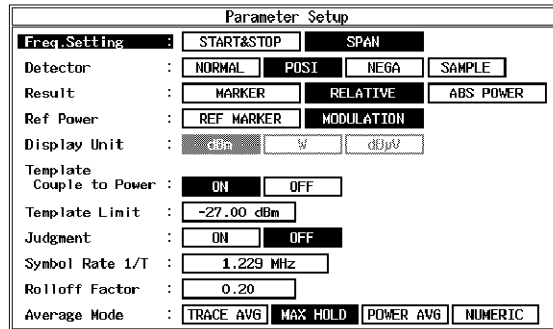
3.3 Functional Description

*Config*

*Parameter Setup*

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

For more information, refer to Section 5.2.2, "Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes."



**Figure 3-15 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

*Freq. Setting*

START&STOP/SPAN  
Selects the measurement mode.

*Detector*

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE  
Selects the detector.

*Result*

Specifies how to display the results.

**MARKER:**

Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit.

**RELATIVE:**

Displays the marker read value using a relative value.

**ABS POWER:**

Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.

*Ref Power*

When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value to use to display the marker read value.

**REF MARKER:**

Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.

**MODULATION:**

Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.

**Display Unit**      dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V  
Selects the display unit.

---

**NOTE:** When *RELATIVE* is selected for *Result*, the unit is *dB*.

---

**Template Couple to Power**

Sets whether or not to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

**Template Limit**

If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

**Judgment**

Used to make the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

**Symbol Rate 1/T**

Sets the symbol rate for the Root Nyquist filter.

**Rolloff Factor**

Sets the roll-off factor for the Root Nyquist filter.

**Average Mode**

Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

---

**NOTE:** Using *POWER AVG* display the average waveforms, using *NUMERIC* display the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

---

**Set to Default**

Resets the settings to their defaults.

3.3 Functional Description

**3.3.3.5 Inband Spurious**

This is a function to search for a peak by sweeping the set frequency.

**Auto Level Set** Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

---

**NOTE:** The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

---

**Template** Sets and edits the template. For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, "Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode."

**Template ON/OFF** Sets the template display to ON or OFF. When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.

**Shift X** Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).

**Shift Y** Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).

**Margin ΔX ON/OFF** Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.

**Template Edit**

**Copy from STD** Copies the template specified by the communication standard.

**Insert Line** Inserts a line before the selected line.

**Delete Line** Deletes the selected line.

**Sort** Sorts the tables in frequency order.

**Table Init** Initializes the table.

**Marker Edit** Sets the measurement frequency (frequency offset) and measurement band. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, "Marker Edit Function."

**Copy from STD** Sets the measurement parameters specified by the communication standard.

**Insert Line** Inserts a line before the selected line.

**Delete Line** Deletes the selected line.

<b>Sort</b>	Sorts data in order of frequency.
<b>Table Init</b>	Initializes the table.
<b>Average Times ON/OFF</b>	Sets the averaging count. For more information, refer to Section 5.1.1, "Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode."
<b>Config</b>	
<b>Parameter Setup</b>	Sets measurement conditions and so on. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.3, "Measurement Result of Inband Spurious."

Parameter Setup

Freq. Setting : START&STOP SPAN

Detector : NORMAL POSI NEGA SAMPLE

Peak MKR Y Delta : 0.5 div

Result : MARKER RELATIVE ABS POWER

Ref Power : REF MARKER MODULATOR

Display Unit : dBm W dBμW

Template Couple to Power : ON OFF

Template Limit : -13.00 dBm

Judgment : ON OFF

Average Mode : TRACE AVG MAX HOLD POWER AVG

Figure 3-16 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

<b>Freq. Setting</b>	START&STOP/SPAN Selects the measurement mode.
<b>Detector</b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<b>Peak MKR Y Delta</b>	Sets the Y delta of the peak marker.
<b>Result</b>	Specifies how to display the results. <b>MARKER:</b> Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit. <b>RELATIVE:</b> Displays the marker read value using a relative value. <b>ABS POWER:</b> Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.

3.3 Functional Description

**Ref Power** When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value is used to display the marker read value.

REF MARKER:  
 Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.

MODULATION:  
 Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.

**Display Unit** dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V  
 Selects the display unit.

---

*NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.*

---

**Template Couple to Power**  
 Sets whether or not to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

**Template Limit** If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

**Judgment** Used to make the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

**Average Mode** Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:  
 Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:  
 Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:  
 Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

**Set to STD** Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.



### 3.3.3.6 Outband Spurious

This is a function to search for a peak by sweeping the frequency according to the table.

#### *Auto Level Set*

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

---

**NOTE:** The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

---

#### *Table No. 1/2/3*

Selects the table number.

#### *Load Table*

Loads the table.

#### *Table Edit*

Edits the table.

#### *Copy from STD*

Sets measurement parameters as defined by the communication standard.

#### *Table No. 1/2/3*

Selects the table number.

#### *Load Table*

Loads the table.

#### *Save Table*

Saves the table.

#### *Insert Line*

Inserts a line before the selected line.

#### *Delete Line*

Deletes the selected line.

#### *Table Init*

Initializes the table.

#### *Average Times ON/OFF*

Sets the averaging count.  
For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

#### *Config*

#### *Parameter Setup*

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

Parameter Setup	
Detector :	NORMAL POSI NEGA SAMPLE
Peak MKR Y Delta :	1.0 div
Display Unit :	dBm W dBuV
Judgment :	ON OFF
Preselector :	1.6G 3.6G
Average Mode :	TRACE AVG MAX HOLD POWER AVG

Figure 3-17 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

3.3 Functional Description

<b>Detector</b>	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
<b>Peak MKR Y Delta</b>	Selects the Y delta of a peak marker.
<b>Display Unit</b>	dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V Selects the display unit.
<b>Judgment</b>	Makes the Pass/Fail judgment using the limit values set by Table Edit.
<b>Preselector</b>	Sets the preselector.

---

*NOTE: This menu is displayed on R3267 only.*

---

1.6G: Used to measure harmonics of more than 1.6 GHz or spurious signals when the carrier frequency is lower than 1.6 GHz.

3.6G: Used to set this parameter for cases other than that above.

<b>Average Mode</b>	Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON. TRACE AVG: Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG. MAX HOLD: Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms. POWER AVG: Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
---------------------	---

**Set to Default** Returns the set value to the default.

### 3.3.4 Modulation

Performs modulation analysis using the DSP.

#### 3.3.4.1 FM Deviation

Measures the FM deviation.

##### *Auto Level Set*

Optimizes the internal reference level according to the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted only when this key is pressed.

---

*NOTE: The signal level must be stable while Auto level Set is activated.*

---

##### *Graphics*

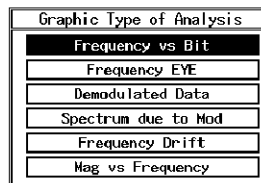
Selects a graph type.

##### *Start Bit*

Sets a start bit number for the graph. 128 bits, beginning with the start bit number, are graphed.

##### *Select Type*

Selects a graph.



**Figure 3-18 Select Type Dialog Box**

##### *Freq Error*

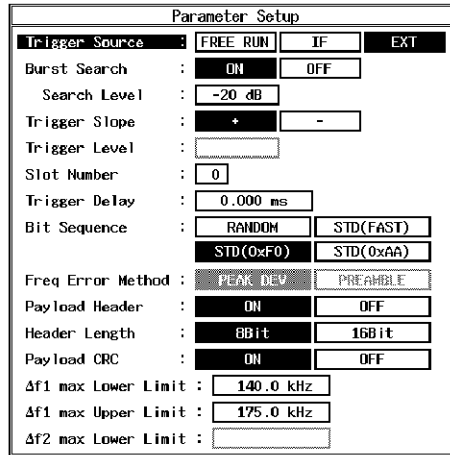
Selects whether or not to have the frequency error show on the graph display.

ON: the frequency error is shown on the graph display.

OFF: the frequency error is corrected and therefore is not shown on the graph display.

3.3 Functional Description

*Parameter Setup*



**Figure 3-19 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

*Trigger Source*

Selects a trigger used for data acquisition.

FREE RUN:

Acquires data without a trigger signal.

IF:

Synchronizes with the leading edge of the burst signal, which is in the IF signal, to acquire data.

EXT:

Synchronizes with the external signal to acquire data.

---

**NOTE:** The external trigger signal can be input from the EXT TRIG port on the rear panel.

---

*Burst Search*

Selects whether or not to search for a burst from the acquired data using software.

ON:

Searches for a burst.

OFF:

Does not search for a burst.

*Search Level*

Sets the threshold level used to search for a burst.

*Trigger Slope*

Selects the leading or trailing edge of the trigger signal.

*Trigger Level*

Sets the trigger level.

*Slot Number*

Sets the slot number for the measured signal.

*Trigger Delay*

Sets the time period from when the trigger turns the data acquisition on to when data is actually acquired.

---

**NOTE:** *The trigger delay is automatically calculated using the Slot Number setting. However, the trigger delay can be adjusted when necessary.*

---

***Bit Sequence***

Selects an algorithm to be used for the measurement from followings.

- RANDOM:** Performs a standard measurement under the assumption that the Payload contains random data.
- STD (0xF0):** Performs a standard measurement under the assumption that the Payload contains repeating patterns of 11110000.
- STD (0XAA):** Performs a measurement under the assumption that the Payload contains repeating patterns of 10.
- STD (FAST):** Performs a measurement under the assumption that the Payload contains the repeating patterns of 11110000 or 10. For more information, refer to Chapter 5.8, "Measurement Algorithm (When Bit Sequence is set to STD (FAST))."

***Freq Error Method***

Selects an algorithm to be used for the frequency error measurement.

- PEAK DEV:** Obtains a frequency error by averaging the maximum and minimum frequency deviation amounts.
- PREAMBLE:** Obtains a frequency error by averaging the preamble frequency deviation amounts.

***Payload Header***

Sets whether or not to include the Payload header field in the calculation target.

- ON:** The Payload header is excluded from the calculation target because the header field is contained in the signal to be measured.
- OFF:** The Payload header field is included in the calculation target because the header is not contained in the signal to be measured.

***Header Length***

Sets the Payload header size.

- 8Bit:** Sets the Payload header size to 8 bits.
- 16Bit:** Sets the Payload header size to 16 bits.

3.3 Functional Description

<i>Payload CRC</i>	<p>Sets whether or not to include the Payload CRC field in the calculation target.</p> <p>ON: The Payload CRC is excluded from the calculation target because the CRC is contained in the signal to be measured.</p> <p>OFF: The Payload CRC is included in the calculation target because the CRC is not contained in the signal to be measured.</p>
<i><math>\Delta f1</math> max Lower Limit</i>	Enter the lower limit value in kHz, which is used for measurements made using the STD (0xF0) setting.
<i><math>\Delta f1</math> max Upper Limit</i>	Enter the upper limit value in kHz, which is used for measurements made using the STD (0xF0) setting.
<i><math>\Delta f2</math> max Lower Limit</i>	Enter the lower limit value in kHz, which is used for measurements made using the STD (0xAA) setting.
<i>Average Times ON/OFF</i>	Sets an averaging count.

3.3.4.2 Tx Power

Measures power with high accuracy because the logarithmic amplifier is not used.

<i>Auto Level Set</i>	Optimizes the internal reference level according to the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted only when this key is pressed.
-----------------------	--

---

*NOTE: The signal level must be stable while Auto level Set is activated.*

---

*Parameter Setup*

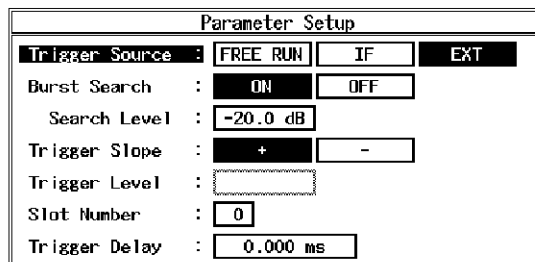


Figure 3-20 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

<b><i>Trigger Source</i></b>	<p>Selects a trigger used for data acquisition.</p> <p>FREE RUN: Acquires data without a trigger signal.</p> <p>IF: Synchronizes with the leading edge of the burst signal, which is in the IF signal, to acquire data.</p> <p>EXT: Synchronizes with the external signal to acquire data.</p> <hr/> <p><b><i>NOTE: The external trigger signal can be input from the EXT TRIG port on the rear panel.</i></b></p> <hr/>
<b><i>Burst Search</i></b>	<p>Selects whether or not to search for a burst from the acquired data using software.</p> <p>ON: Searches for a burst.</p> <p>OFF: Does not search for a burst.</p>
<b><i>Search Level</i></b>	Sets the threshold level used to search for a burst.
<b><i>Trigger Slope</i></b>	Selects the leading or trailing edge of the trigger signal.
<b><i>Trigger Level</i></b>	Sets the trigger level.
<b><i>Slot Number</i></b>	Sets the slot number for the measured signal.
<b><i>Trigger Delay</i></b>	<p>Sets the time period from when the trigger turns the data acquisition on to when data is actually acquired.</p> <hr/> <p><b><i>NOTE: The trigger delay is automatically calculated using the Slot Number setting. However, the trigger delay can be adjusted when necessary.</i></b></p> <hr/>
<b><i>Average Times ON/OFF</i></b>	Sets an averaging count.

3.3 Functional Description

**3.3.4.3 Lockup Time**

Measures the PLL lockup time.

*Auto Level Set*

Optimizes the internal reference level according to the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted only when this key is pressed.

*NOTE: The signal level must be stable while Auto level Set is activated.*

*X Span*

Specifies the graph span.

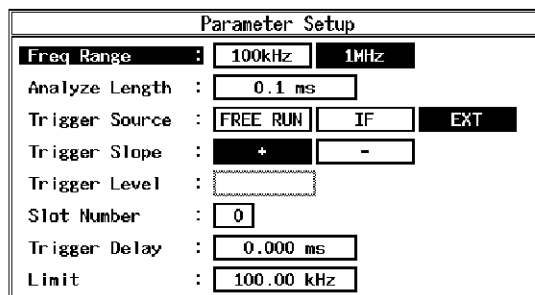
*X Start*

Specifies the start value of the graph.

*Y Scale*

Selects a vertical axis scale of the graph.

*Parameter Setup*



**Figure 3-21 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

*Freq Range*

Selects a frequency range for measurements.

*Analyze Length*

Specifies a measurement time.

*Trigger Source*

Selects a trigger used for data acquisition.

FREE RUN:

Acquires data without a trigger signal.

IF:

Synchronizes with the leading edge of the burst signal, which is in the IF signal, to acquire data.

EXT:

Synchronizes with the external signal to acquire data.

*NOTE: The external trigger signal can be input from the EXT TRIG port on the rear panel.*

*Trigger Slope*

Selects the leading or trailing edge of the trigger signal.



<i>Trigger Level</i>	Sets the trigger level.
<i>Slot Number</i>	Sets the slot number for the measured signal.
<i>Trigger Delay</i>	Sets the time period from when the trigger turns the data acquisition on to when data is actually acquired.

---

**NOTE:** *The trigger delay is automatically calculated using the Slot Number setting. However, the trigger delay can be adjusted when necessary.*

---

<i>Limit</i>	Sets a frequency threshold which is used when the lockup time is measured. For more information on this measurement, refer to Section "5 TECHNICAL INFORMATION".
--------------	---

<i>Average Times ON/OFF</i>	Sets an averaging count.
-----------------------------	--------------------------

#### 3.3.4.4 Wave Check

Opens the menu and select a time or FFT representation to display the IF or baseband signal.

<i>Time &amp; FFT</i>	Displays the IF or baseband signal in a time or FFT representation.
-----------------------	---

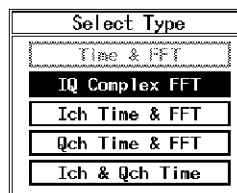
<i>Auto Level Set</i>	Optimizes the internal reference level according to the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted only when this key is pressed.
-----------------------	--

---

**NOTE:** *The signal level must stay stable while Auto level Set is activated.*

---

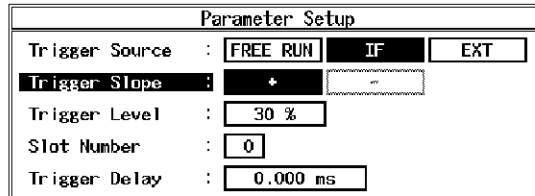
<i>Select Type</i>	Selects a graph.
--------------------	------------------



**Figure 3-22 Select Type Dialog Box**

3.3 Functional Description

*Parameter Setup*



**Figure 3-23 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

**Trigger Source**

Selects a trigger used for data acquisition.

FREE RUN:

Acquires data without a trigger signal.

IF:

Synchronizes with the leading edge of the burst signal, which is in the IF signal, to acquire data.

EXT:

Synchronizes with the external signal to acquire data.

---

*NOTE: The external trigger signal can be input from the EXT TRIG port on the rear panel.*

---

**Trigger Slope**

Selects the leading or trailing edge of the trigger signal.

**Trigger Level**

Sets the trigger level.

**Slot Number**

Sets the slot number for the measured signal.

**Trigger Delay**

Sets the time period from when the trigger turns the data acquisition on to when data is actually acquired.

---

*NOTE: The trigger delay is automatically calculated using the Slot Number setting. However, the trigger delay can be adjusted when necessary.*

---

**Average Times ON/OFF**

Sets an averaging count.

**Time**

Displays the IF or baseband signal on the time domain screen.

**Auto Level Set**

Optimizes the internal reference level according to the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted only when this key is pressed.

---

*NOTE: The signal level varies while Auto level Set is activated.*

---

**Parameter Setup**

Parameter Setup	
Sweep Time :	<input type="radio"/> SLOT <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3-SLOT <input type="radio"/> 5-SLOT
Trigger Source :	<input type="radio"/> FREE RUN <input checked="" type="radio"/> IF <input type="radio"/> EXT
Burst Search :	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF
Search Level :	<input type="text" value="-20.0 dB"/>
Trigger Slope :	<input checked="" type="radio"/> + <input type="radio"/> -
Trigger Level :	<input type="text" value="30 %"/>
Trigger Position :	<input type="text" value="0 %"/>
Slot Number :	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Trigger Delay :	<input type="text" value="0.000 ms"/>

**Figure 3-24 Parameter Setup Dialog Box**

- Sweep Time** Sets the sweep time to display the time waveform.
- SLOT: Displays the waveform corresponding to one slot.  
 3-SLOT: Displays the waveforms corresponding to three slots.  
 5-SLOT: Displays the waveforms corresponding to five slots.
- Trigger Source** Selects a trigger used for data acquisition.
- FREE RUN: Acquires data without a trigger signal.  
 IF: Synchronizes with the leading edge of the burst signal, which is in the IF signal, to acquire data.  
 EXT: Synchronizes with the external signal to acquire data.
- 
- NOTE:** The external trigger signal can be input from the EXT TRIG port on the rear panel.
- 
- Burst Search** Selects whether or not to search for a burst from the acquired data using software.
- ON: Searches for a burst.  
 OFF: Does not search for a burst.
- Search Level** Sets the threshold level used to search for a burst.
- Trigger Slope** Selects the leading or trailing edge of the trigger signal.
- Trigger Level** Sets the trigger level.
- Trigger Position** Sets the trigger position for the screen.
- Slot Number** Sets the slot number for the measured signal.

3.3 Functional Description

**Trigger Delay** Sets the time period from when the trigger turns the data acquisition on to when data is actually acquired.

*NOTE: The trigger delay is automatically calculated using the Slot Number setting. However, the trigger delay can be adjusted when necessary.*

**Average Times ON/OFF** Sets an averaging count.

**3.3.4.5 STD**

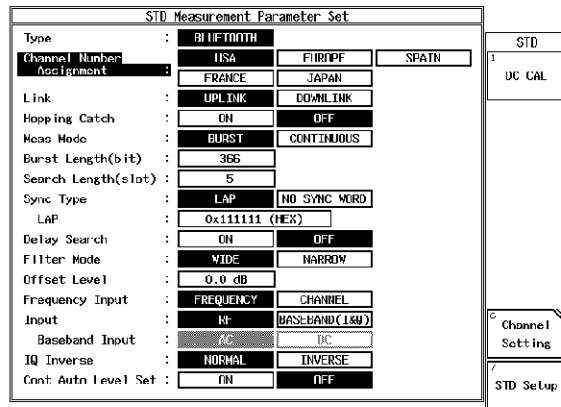
Sets parameters used for measurement and relationship between the channel number and frequency.

**DC CAL** Compensates for direct current components inside the circuit.

**Channel Setting** Sets the relationship between the channel number and frequency.

**Copy from STD** Sets the relationship between the channel number and frequency specified by the communication standard. In Bluetooth, there is no difference between UpLink and Down-Link, each of which has the same channel number. When Link is selected from the STD Setup menu, UpLink and DownLink can use different frequency tables.

**STD Setup** This section describes the STD Setup menu.



**Figure 3-25 STD Setup Dialog Box**

**Type** Selects Bluetooth as a communication standard.

**Channel Number Assignment** Sets the region where Bluetooth is used. This setting determines the channel number.

**Link** Sets the signal direction. This is used when the channel number table is displayed to select channel numbers.

<b><i>Hopping Catch</i></b>	Stores data in the memory for up to 93.7 ms and selects whether or not to analyze the signal having the same frequency. ON: Measures the hopping signal. For more information, refer to Section "5 TECHNICAL INFORMATION." OFF: Analyzes the non-hopping signal.
<b><i>Meas Mode</i></b>	Selects a measurement mode. BURST: Analyzes the burst signal. CONTINUOUS: Measures the continuous-time signal. According to the standard, there are no continuous-time signals. However, this can be used for device tests.
<b><i>Burst Length (bit)</i></b>	Specifies the length of the burst to be measured in bit notation.
<b><i>Search Length (slot)</i></b>	Specifies the data length to be acquired in slot notation so that a burst can be included in the search length. The specified length is also used when Auto Level Set is executed to acquire data.
<b><i>Sync Type</i></b>	Selects whether or not to perform measurements synchronized with SYNC WORD.
<hr/> <b><i>NOTE: To detect the burst location compliant with the standard, synchronization with SYNC WORD is necessary.</i></b> <hr/>	
	LAP: The measurements are synchronized with the LAP (Lower Address Part). NO SYNC WORD: The measurements are not synchronized with SYNC WORD.
<b><i>LAP</i></b>	Specifies the LAP in hexadecimal. Use the key combinations listed below when using hexadecimal numbers. A: Shift, 0 B: Shift, 1 C: Shift, 2 D: Shift, 3 E: Shift, 4 F: Shift, 5

3.3 Functional Description

<b><i>Delay Search</i></b>	<p>Sets whether or not to automatically search for the delay time between the burst signal rising edge and the beginning of the preamble.</p> <p>ON: Searches automatically for the delay.</p> <p>OFF: Does not automatically search for the delay. In this case, specify the desired time in the Trigger Delay of the Parameter Setup dialog box.</p>
<b><i>Filter Mode</i></b>	<p>Selects a filter used to receive signals.</p> <p>WIDE: Selects the wide-band filter.</p> <p>NARROW: Select the narrow-band filter.</p>
<b><i>Offset Level</i></b>	<p>Offsets the reference level between -100 dB and +100 dB.</p>
<b><i>Frequency Input</i></b>	<p>Sets the method of entering the center frequency to the instrument.</p> <p>Frequency: Specifies a frequency.</p> <p>CHANNEL: Specifies a channel number.</p>
<b><i>Input</i></b>	<p>Sets input signal path.</p> <hr/> <p><b><i>NOTE: The Input setting affects the FM deviation and Tx Power settings. When selecting BASEBAND (I&amp;Q), Tx Power displays the relative power.</i></b></p> <hr/> <p>RF: Sets the channel so that the RF can enter.</p> <p>BASEBAND (I&amp;Q): Sets the channel so that the IQ can enter. The input signal magnitude is from 0.25V to 0.9V<sub>p-p</sub> (±0.47V or less).</p>
<b><i>Baseband Input</i></b>	<p>Selects how the IQ is coupled.</p> <p>AC: sets an AC coupling. (The cut-off frequency is approximately 15 Hz.)</p> <p>DC: sets an DC coupling.</p>
<b><i>IQ Inverse</i></b>	<p>Selects whether or not to reverse the Q signal.</p> <p>NORMAL: The Q signal is not inverted.</p> <p>INVERSE: The Q signal is inverted.</p>

*Cont Auto Level Set*

Selects whether or not to automatically optimize the measurement range for the input signal.

---

***NOTE: This setting is available for the RF input, FM Deviation and Tx Power measurements. To adjust the reference level, use the Auto Level Set key.***

---

ON: The measurement range is automatically optimized for each measurement.

OFF: The measurement range is not optimized.





## 4 REMOTE CONTROL

### 4.1 GPIB Command Index

This GPIB command index can be used as the index for Chapter 4.

GPIB Command	Pages	GPIB Command	Pages
AA.....	4-7	DC1.....	4-9
ALS OFF.....	4-12	DC2.....	4-9
ALS ON.....	4-12	DEL.....	4-10
AS.....	4-8	DEL REG _m.....	4-10
AT.....	4-7	DELSTBL.....	4-18
ATMIN.....	4-7	DEM0D.....	4-37
ATMIN OFF.....	4-7	DLYSRCH OFF.....	4-11
ATMIN ON.....	4-7	DLYSRCH ON.....	4-11
AUTOLVL.....	4-32, 4-35, 4-36	DTMAUTOLVL.....	4-25
AUTOWFL.....	4-13	DTMAVG.....	4-26
BA.....	4-8	DTMAVGCNT.....	4-26
BBINPUT AC.....	4-12	DTMAVGMD MAX.....	4-26
BBINPUT DC.....	4-12	DTMAVGMD NUMERIC.....	4-26
BRSTLEN.....	4-11	DTMAVGMD POWER.....	4-26
CF.....	4-8	DTMAVGMD TRACE.....	4-26
CH.....	4-11	DTMDET NEG.....	4-27
CHEDDN1.....	4-12	DTMDET NRM.....	4-27
CHEDDN2.....	4-12	DTMDET POS.....	4-27
CHEDDN3.....	4-12	DTMDET SMP.....	4-27
CHEDUP1.....	4-12	DTMFRMD CFSP.....	4-27
CHEDUP2.....	4-12	DTMFRMD STSP.....	4-27
CHEDUP3.....	4-12	DTMJDG OFF.....	4-27
CHNOAS EUROPE.....	4-11	DTMJDG ON.....	4-27
CHNOAS FRANCE.....	4-11	DTMMEAS.....	4-27, 4-28
CHNOAS JAPAN.....	4-11	DTMMKRCLR.....	4-26
CHNOAS SPAIN.....	4-11	DTMMKRCP.....	4-26
CHNOAS USA.....	4-11	DTMMKRED.....	4-26
CHSETSTD.....	4-12	DTMREF MKR.....	4-27
CHTBL1 DSBL.....	4-12	DTMREF MOD.....	4-27
CHTBL1 ENBL.....	4-12	DTMREFPWR.....	4-28
CHTBL2 DSBL.....	4-12	DTMRES ABS.....	4-27
CHTBL2 ENBL.....	4-12	DTMRES MKR.....	4-27
CHTBL3 DSBL.....	4-12	DTMRES REL.....	4-27
CHTBL3 ENBL.....	4-12	DTMRFACT.....	4-27
CLDC.....	4-12	DTMSETSTD.....	4-27
COMMSYS BLUETOOTH.....	4-7	DTMSYMRT.....	4-27
DC0.....	4-9	DTMTMPL OFF.....	4-26
		DTMTMPL ON.....	4-26

4.1 GPIB Command Index

DTMTMPLBTM .....	4-27	DTSUNIT W.....	4-24
DTMTMPLCLR .....	4-26	FA .....	4-8
DTMTMPLDX .....	4-26	FB .....	4-8
DTMTMPLED.....	4-26	FDPAUTOLVL .....	4-19
DTMTMPLPW OFF.....	4-27	FDPAVG .....	4-20
DTMTMPLPW ON .....	4-27	FDPAVGCNT .....	4-20
DTMTMPLSX.....	4-26	FDPAVGMD MAX.....	4-20
DTMTMPLSY.....	4-26	FDPAVGMD NUMERIC.....	4-20
DTMUNIT DBM.....	4-27	FDPAVGMD POWER .....	4-20
DTMUNIT DBUV .....	4-27	FDPAVGMD TRACE .....	4-20
DTMUNIT W .....	4-27	FDPDET NEG .....	4-21
D TSAUTOLVL.....	4-23	FDPDET NRM .....	4-21
D TSAVG .....	4-23	FDPDET POS .....	4-21
D TSAVGCNT .....	4-23	FDPDET SMP .....	4-21
D TSAVGMD MAX .....	4-23	FDPDIV P10DB .....	4-20
D TSAVGMD NUMERIC .....	4-23	FDPDIV P2DB .....	4-20
D TSAVGMD POWER.....	4-23	FDPDIV P5DB .....	4-20
D TSAVGMD TRACE.....	4-23	FDPJDG OFF .....	4-21
D TSDet NEG.....	4-24	FDPJDG ON.....	4-21
D TSDet NRM.....	4-24	FDPJDGLOW.....	4-21
D TSDet POS.....	4-24	FDPJDGUP.....	4-21
D TSDet SMP .....	4-24	FDPMEAS .....	4-21
D T SFRMD CFSP .....	4-24	FDPSETSTD .....	4-21
D T SFRMD STSP .....	4-24	FDPUNIT DBM .....	4-21
D TSJDG OFF .....	4-24	FDPUNIT DBUV .....	4-21
D TSJDG ON.....	4-24	FDPUNIT W.....	4-21
D TSMEAS.....	4-24, 4-25	FDPWDO OFF .....	4-20
D TSMKRCLR .....	4-23	FDPWDO ON.....	4-20
D TSMKRCP.....	4-23	FDPWPOS .....	4-20
D TSMKRED .....	4-23	FDPWWID .....	4-20
D TSREF MKR .....	4-24	FDSAUTOLVL .....	4-30
D TSREF MOD .....	4-24	FDSAVG .....	4-30
D TSREFPWR.....	4-25	FDSAVGCNT .....	4-30
D TSRES ABS.....	4-24	FDSAVGMD MAX.....	4-31
D TSRES MKR .....	4-24	FDSAVGMD POWER .....	4-31
D TSRES REL.....	4-24	FDSAVGMD TRACE .....	4-31
D T SRFACt .....	4-24	FDSCLR .....	4-30
D T SSETSTD .....	4-24	FDSDET NEG .....	4-31
D T SSYMRT .....	4-24	FDSDET NRM .....	4-31
D T STMPL OFF .....	4-23	FDSDET POS .....	4-31
D T STMPL ON .....	4-23	FDSDET SMP .....	4-31
D T STMPLBTM.....	4-24	FDSJDG OFF .....	4-31
D T STMPLCLR .....	4-23	FDSJDG ON.....	4-31
D T STMPLDX .....	4-23	FDSLd.....	4-30
D T STMPLED.....	4-23	FDSMEAS .....	4-31
D T STMPLPW OFF.....	4-24	FDSPKMKY.....	4-31
D T STMPLPW ON .....	4-24	FDSPRE 16G.....	4-31
D T STMPLSX .....	4-23	FDSPRE 36G.....	4-31
D T STMPLSY .....	4-23	FDSSETSTD .....	4-31
D TSUNIT DBM.....	4-24	FDSSV .....	4-30
D TSUNIT DBUV .....	4-24	FDSTBL.....	4-30

FDSTBLED .....	4-30	LINK UP .....	4-11
FDSUNIT DBM .....	4-31	LKUPALEN .....	4-36
FDSUNIT DBUV .....	4-31	LKUPAVG .....	4-36
FDSUNIT W .....	4-31	LKUPFRNG 100K .....	4-36
FGPHX1 .....	4-38	LKUPFRNG 1M .....	4-36
FGPHX2 .....	4-38	LKUPLMT .....	4-36
FGPHY1 .....	4-38	LKUPTM .....	4-36
FGPHY2 .....	4-38	LKUPTRG EXT .....	4-36
FINPMD CHL .....	4-11	LKUPTRG FREE .....	4-36
FINPMD FREQ .....	4-11	LKUPTRG IF .....	4-36
FMAVG .....	4-32	LKUPTRGDLY .....	4-36
FMBITSEQ RND .....	4-32	LKUPTRGLVL .....	4-36
FMBITSEQ STD .....	4-32	LKUPTRGSLP FALL .....	4-36
FMBITSEQ STDAA .....	4-32	LKUPTRGSLP RISE .....	4-36
FMBITSEQ STDF0 .....	4-32	LKUPTRGSLT .....	4-36
FMDEV .....	4-33	LKUPXSP .....	4-36
FMDEVSTD .....	4-33	LKUPXST .....	4-36
FMDEVSTDAA .....	4-34	LKUPYSCL P100K .....	4-36
FMDEVSTDF0 .....	4-34	LKUPYSCL P10K .....	4-36
FMF1LIML .....	4-33	LKUPYSCL P200K .....	4-36
FMF1LIMU .....	4-33	LKUPYSCL P20K .....	4-36
FMF2LIML .....	4-33	LKUPYSCL P2K .....	4-36
FMFEM PEAK .....	4-32	MEASMD BURST .....	4-11
FMFEM PRE .....	4-32	MEASMD CONT .....	4-11
FMGFRERR OFF .....	4-37	MF .....	4-9
FMGFRERR ON .....	4-37	MFL .....	4-9
FMGTYP BIT .....	4-37	MFLTMD NARW .....	4-11
FMGTYP DEMOD .....	4-37	MFLTMD WIDE .....	4-11
FMGTYP EYE .....	4-37	MGPHX1 .....	4-38
FMGTYP FREQDRIFT .....	4-37	MGPHX2 .....	4-38
FMGTYP MAGFREQ .....	4-37	MGPHY1 .....	4-38
FMGTYP SPECTRUM .....	4-37	MGPHY2 .....	4-38
FMHDLEN 16BIT .....	4-32	MK .....	4-9
FMHDLEN 8BIT .....	4-32	MKBW .....	4-9
FMPLCRC OFF .....	4-33	MKD .....	4-9
FMPLCRC ON .....	4-33	MKN .....	4-9
FMPLHD OFF .....	4-32	MKOFF .....	4-9
FMPLHD ON .....	4-32	ML .....	4-9
GPHY .....	4-37	MO .....	4-9
HCOPY .....	4-7	MODBRSTLVL .....	4-32, 4-35
HOPCATCH OFF .....	4-11	MODTRG EXT .....	4-32, 4-35
HOPCATCH ON .....	4-11	MODTRG FREE .....	4-32, 4-35
INPUT IQ .....	4-12	MODTRG IF .....	4-32, 4-35
INPUT RF .....	4-12	MODTRGBRST OFF .....	4-32, 4-35
IP .....	4-9	MODTRGBRST ON .....	4-32, 4-35
IQMD INV .....	4-12	MODTRGDLY .....	4-32, 4-35
IQMD NORM .....	4-12	MODTRGLVL .....	4-32, 4-35
LAP .....	4-11	MODTRGSLP FALL .....	4-32, 4-35
LGPHX .....	4-38	MODTRGSLP RISE .....	4-32, 4-35
LGPHY .....	4-38	MODTRGSLT .....	4-32, 4-35
LINK DOWN .....	4-11	MODTYP BLUETOOTH .....	4-11

4.1 GPIB Command Index

OBWAUTOLVL .....	4-21	OORWOFPOS .....	4-16
OBWAVG .....	4-21	OORWOFWID .....	4-16
OBWAVGCNT .....	4-21	OORWONPOS .....	4-16
OBWAVGMD MAX .....	4-22	OORWONWID .....	4-16
OBWAVGMD NUMERIC .....	4-22	PS .....	4-9
OBWAVGMD POWER .....	4-22	RB .....	4-8
OBWAVGMD TRACE .....	4-22	RC .....	4-9
OBWDET NEG .....	4-22	RC REG <sub>nm</sub> .....	4-9
OBWDET NRM .....	4-22	RCLTBL .....	4-17
OBWDET POS .....	4-22	RL .....	4-8
OBWDET SMP .....	4-22	RO .....	4-11
OBWJDG OFF .....	4-22	SETFUNC CW .....	4-7
OBWJDG ON .....	4-22	SETFUNC TRAN .....	4-7
OBWJDGLOW .....	4-22	SGPHX .....	4-37
OBWJDGUP .....	4-22	SGPHY .....	4-37
OBWMEAS .....	4-22	SI .....	4-15, 4-17, 4-19, 4-21, 4-22, 4-24, 4-27, 4-30, 4-31, 4-33, 4-35, 4-36
OBWPER .....	4-21		
OBWSETSTD .....	4-22		
OORAUTOLVL .....	4-15	SP .....	4-10
OORAVG .....	4-16	SPRAUTOLVL .....	4-28
OORAVGCNT .....	4-16	SPRAVG .....	4-29
OORAVGMD MAX .....	4-16	SPRAVGCNT .....	4-29
OORAVGMD NUMERIC .....	4-16	SPRAVGMD MAX .....	4-29
OORAVGMD POWE .....	4-16	SPRAVGMD POWER .....	4-29
OORAVGMD TRACE .....	4-16	SPRAVGMD TRACE .....	4-29
OORDET NEG .....	4-16	SPRDET NEG .....	4-29
OORDET NRM .....	4-16	SPRDET NRM .....	4-29
OORDET POS .....	4-16	SPRDET POS .....	4-29
OORDET SMP .....	4-16	SPRDET SMP .....	4-29
OORDIV P10DB .....	4-16	SPRFRMD CFSP .....	4-29
OORDIV P2DB .....	4-16	SPRFRMD STSP .....	4-29
OORDIV P5DB .....	4-16	SPRJDG OFF .....	4-29
OORJDG OFF .....	4-16	SPRJDG ON .....	4-29
OORJDG ON .....	4-16	SPRMEAS .....	4-30
OORJDGUP .....	4-16	SPRMKRCLR .....	4-28
OORMEAS .....	4-17	SPRMKRCP .....	4-28
OORSETSTD .....	4-16	SPRMKRED .....	4-28
OORTRGDT .....	4-15	SPRPKMKY .....	4-30
OORTRGLV L .....	4-15	SPRREF MKR .....	4-29
OORTRGPOS .....	4-15	SPRREF MOD .....	4-29
OORTRGLSLP FALL .....	4-15	SPRREFPWR .....	4-30
OORTRGLSLP RISE .....	4-15	SPRRES ABS .....	4-29
OORTRGSRC EXT .....	4-15	SPRRES REL .....	4-29
OORTRGSRC FREE .....	4-15	SPRSETSTD .....	4-30
OORTRGSRC IF .....	4-15	SPRTMPL OFF .....	4-28
OORTRGSRC VIDEO .....	4-15	SPRTMPL ON .....	4-28
OORUNIT DBM .....	4-16	SPRTMPLBTM .....	4-29
OORUNIT DBUV .....	4-16	SPRTMPLCLR .....	4-28
OORUNIT W .....	4-16		
OORWDO OFF .....	4-16		
OORWDO ON .....	4-16		

SPRTMPLCP .....	4-28	TDPTMPLSX .....	4-14
SPRTMPLDX .....	4-28	TDPTMPLSY .....	4-14
SPRTMPLED .....	4-28	TDPTRGDT .....	4-13
SPRTMPLPW OFF .....	4-29	TDPTRGLVL .....	4-13
SPRTMPLPW ON .....	4-29	TDPTRGPOS .....	4-13
SPRTMPLSX .....	4-28	TDPTRGSLP FALL .....	4-13
SPRTMPLSY .....	4-28	TDPTRGSLP RISE .....	4-13
SPRUNIT DBM .....	4-29	TDPTRGSRC EXT .....	4-13
SPRUNIT DBUV .....	4-29	TDPTRGSRC FREE .....	4-13
SPRUNIT W .....	4-29	TDPTRGSRC IF .....	4-13
SPULVL .....	4-19	TDPTRGSRC VIDEO .....	4-13
SPUR .....	4-19	TDPUNIT DBM .....	4-14
SRCHLEN .....	4-11	TDPUNIT DBUV .....	4-14
ST .....	4-8	TDPUNIT W .....	4-14
STTBIT .....	4-37	TDPWDO OFF .....	4-13
SV .....	4-10	TDPWDO ON .....	4-13
SV REG_mn .....	4-10	TDPWPOS .....	4-13
SVSTBL .....	4-18	TDPWWID .....	4-13
SW .....	4-8	TDSAUTOLVL .....	4-17
SYNC LAP .....	4-11	TDSAVG .....	4-18
SYNC NO .....	4-11	TDSAVGCNT .....	4-18
TAVGTX .....	4-35	TDSAVGMD MAX .....	4-18
TDPAUTOLVL .....	4-13	TDSAVGMD NUMERIC .....	4-18
TDPAVG .....	4-14	TDSAVGMD POWER .....	4-18
TDPAVGCNT .....	4-14	TDSAVGMD TRACE .....	4-18
TDPAVGMD MAX .....	4-14	TDSCLR .....	4-18
TDPAVGMD NUMERIC .....	4-14	TDSDET NEG .....	4-18
TDPAVGMD POWER .....	4-14	TDSDET NRM .....	4-18
TDPAVGMD TRACE .....	4-14	TDSDET POS .....	4-18
TDPDET NEG .....	4-14	TDSDET SMP .....	4-18
TDPDET NRM .....	4-14	TDSJDG OFF .....	4-18
TDPDET POS .....	4-14	TDSJDG ON .....	4-18
TDPDET SMP .....	4-14	TDSL .....	4-17
TDPDIV P10DB .....	4-13	TDSMEAS .....	4-19
TDPDIV P2DB .....	4-13	TDSMULTI .....	4-18
TDPDIV P5DB .....	4-13	TDSPKMKY .....	4-18
TDPJDG OFF .....	4-15	TDSPRE 16G .....	4-18
TDPJDG ON .....	4-15	TDSPRE 36G .....	4-18
TDPJDGLOW .....	4-15	TDSRES PK .....	4-18
TDPJDGUP .....	4-15	TDSRES RMS .....	4-18
TDPMEAS .....	4-15	TDSSETSTD .....	4-19
TDPSETSTD .....	4-15	TDSSV .....	4-18
TDPTMPL OFF .....	4-14	TDSTBL .....	4-17
TDPTMPL ON .....	4-14	TDSTBLED .....	4-17
TDPTMPLBTM .....	4-15	TDSTBLF ABS .....	4-18
TDPTMPLCLR .....	4-14	TDSTBLF REL .....	4-18
TDPTMPLED .....	4-14	TDSTRGDT .....	4-17
TDPTMPLPW OFF .....	4-15	TDSTRGLVL .....	4-17
TDPTMPLPW ON .....	4-15	TDSTRGPOS .....	4-17
TDPTMPLSEL LOW .....	4-14	TDSTRGSLP FALL .....	4-17
TDPTMPLSEL UP .....	4-14	TDSTRGSLP RISE .....	4-17

4.1 GPIB Command Index

TDSTRGSRC EXT.....	4-17
TDSTRGSRC FREE.....	4-17
TDSTRGSRC IF.....	4-17
TDSUNIT DBM .....	4-18
TDSUNIT DBUV .....	4-18
TDSUNIT W.....	4-18
TGTDET NEG.....	4-20, 4-25
TGTDET NRM.....	4-20, 4-25
TGTDET POS.....	4-20, 4-25
TGTDET SMP.....	4-20, 4-25
TGTPOS .....	4-20, 4-25
TGTSETUP OFF .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTSETUP ON.....	4-19, 4-25
TGTSRC EXT .....	4-20, 4-25
TGTSRC TRG .....	4-20, 4-25
TGTSWP OFF .....	4-20, 4-25
TGTSWP ON.....	4-20, 4-25
TGTTRG EXT .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRG FREE .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRG IF .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRG VIDEO .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRGDT .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRGLVL.....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRGPOS .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRGSLP FALL.....	4-19, 4-25
TGTTRGSLP RISE .....	4-19, 4-25
TGTWID.....	4-20, 4-25
TRGDT .....	4-13
TRGLVL.....	4-13
TRGPOS .....	4-13
TRGSLP FALL.....	4-13
TRGSLP RISE.....	4-13
TRGSRC EXT .....	4-13
TRGSRC FREE .....	4-13
TRGSRC IF .....	4-13
TRGSRC VIDEO .....	4-13
TRSPMD FREE.....	4-17
TRSPMD IF.....	4-17
TRSPSLP FALL .....	4-17
TRSPSLP RISE .....	4-17
TXAVG .....	4-35
TXPWR .....	4-35
VA.....	4-8
VB.....	4-8
WAVEFM.....	4-15
XDB .....	4-9
XDL .....	4-9
XDR .....	4-9

## 4.2 GPIB Command Codes

The following table list the GPIB commands by function.

**Table 4-1 Operating Mode**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Operating mode	Spectrum analyzer mode	SETFUNC CW	SETFUNC?	0: Spectrum analyzer	
	TRANSIENT mode	SETFUNC TRAN		1: TRANSIENT	
Communication system	Bluetooth mode	COMMSYS BLUETOOTH	COMMSYS?	11: Bluetooth	*1

\*1: Listener code is available only when the analyzer is set to the CW mode. The codes within the talker request are available for both the CW and TRANSIENT modes.

**Table 4-2 ATT Key (Attenuator)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Attenuator	AT	AT *	AT?	Level	
	ATT AUTO	AA	AA?	0: Manual 1: AUTO	
	Min. ATT Min. ATT ON OFF	ATMIN * ATMIN ON [*] ATMIN OFF	ATMIN? ATMINON?	Level 0: OFF 1: ON	

**Table 4-3 COPY Key (Hand copy)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Printer output File output	Execution of the command	HCOPY	-	-	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-4 COUPLE Key (Couple function)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Couple function	RBW	RB *	RB?	Frequency	
	RBW AUTO	BA	BA?	0:Manual 1:AUTO	
	VBW	VB *	VB?	Frequency	
	VBW AUTO	VA	VA?	0:Manual 1:AUTO	
	Sweep Time	SW * ST *	SW? ST?	Time	
	Sweep Time Auto	AS	AS?	0:Manual 1:AUTO	

**Table 4-5 FREQ Key (Frequency)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Frequency	Center frequency	CF *	CF?	Frequency	
	Start frequency	FA *	FA?	Frequency	
	Stop frequency	FB *	FB?	Frequency	

**Table 4-6 LEVEL Key (Reference Level)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Reference level		RL *	RL?	Level	



Table 4-7 MKR Key (Marker)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Marker	ΔMarker ON	MKD [*]	-	Frequency(Time)
	OFF	MKOFF MO	- -	- -
	Reading marker frequency (time)	-	MF?	Frequency(Time)
	Reading marker level	-	ML?	Level
	Reading marker frequency (time) and marker level	-	MFL?	Frequency(Time), Level
	Normal marker	MK [*] MKN [*]	- -	Frequency(Time)
	Peak search	PS		
	X-dB Down			
	X-dB Down width	MKBW *	MKBW?	Level
	X-dB Down	XDB	-	
X-dB Down Left	XDL	-		
Right	XDR	-		
Display mode REL.	DC0	DC?	0: Relative mode	
ABS.L.	DC1		1: Absolute mode (Left side)	
ABS.R.	DC2		2: Absolute mode (Right side)	

Table 4-8 PRESET Key (Initialization)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Preset	Instrument preset	IP	-	-

Table 4-9 RCL Key (Recall)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Recall	RC REG_nn	-	nn: 01 to 10	
	RC file name	-	File name: Max.8 character	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-10 SAVE Key (Save)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Save	Save	SV REG_nn SV file name	- -	nn: 01 to 10 File name: Max.8 character	
	Deletion	DEL REG_nn DEL file name	- -	nn: 01 to 10 File name: Max.8 character	

**Table 4-11 SPAN Key (Frequency span)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Frequency span		SP *	SP?	Frequency	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (1 of 28)

	Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
STD Setup	Communication system Bluetooth	MODTYP BLUETOOTH	MODTYP?	0: Bluetooth	
	Channel Number Assignment				
	USA	CHNOAS USA	CHNOAS?	0: USA	
	EUROPE	CHNOAS EUROPE		1: EUROPE	
	SPAIN	CHNOAS SPAIN		2: SPAIN	
	FRANCE	CHNOAS FRANCE		3: FRANCE	
	JAPAN	CHNOAS JAPAN		4: JAPAN	
	LINK				
	UPLINK	LINK UP	LINK?	0: UPLINK	
	DOWNLINK	LINK DOWN		1: DOWNLINK	
	Hopping Catch				
	OFF	HOPCATCH OFF	HOPCATCH?	0: OFF	
	ON	HOPCATCH ON		1: ON	
	Measurement mode				
	BURST	MEASMD BURST	MEASMD?	0: BURST	
CONTINUOUS	MEASMD CONT		2: CONTINUOUS		
Burst Length	BRSTLEN *	BRSTLEN?	Integer (Burst length)		
Search Length	SRCHLEN *	SRCHLEN?	Integer (Search length)		
Synchronization type					
LAP	SYNC LAP	SYNC?	0: LAP		
NO SYNC	SYNC NO		99: NO SYNC		
LAP	LAP *	LAP?	Hexadecimal (0 to FFFFFFF)		
Delay Search					
Delay Search ON	DLYSRCH ON	DLYSRCH?	0: OFF		
Delay Search OFF	DLYSRCH OFF		1: ON		
Filter used to receive signals					
WIDE	MFLTMD WIDE	MFLTMD?	0: WIDE		
NARROW	MFLTMD NARW		1: NARROW		
Offset Level	RO *	RO?	Level		
Frequency setting					
Frequency entry mode	FINPMD FREQ	FINPMD?	0: Frequency		
Channel number entry mode	FINPMD CHL		1: Channel number		
Channel setting	CH *	CH?	Integer (Channel Number)		

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (2 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
STD Setup	Channel edit			
	Input # 1 (UPLINK)	CHEDUP1 *,*,*,*	CHEDUP1?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof
	Input # 2 (UPLINK)	CHEDUP2 *,*,*,*	CHEDUP2?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof
	Input # 3 (UPLINK)	CHEDUP3 *,*,*,*	CHEDUP3?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof
	Input # 1 (DOWNLINK)	CHEDDN1 *,*,*,*	CHEDDN1?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof
	Input # 2 (DOWNLINK)	CHEDDN2 *,*,*,*	CHEDDN2?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof
	Input # 3 (DOWNLINK)	CHEDDN3 *,*,*,*	CHEDDN3?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof ch1:Start channel no. ch2:Stop channel no. f1:Base frequency(Hz) f2:Channel space(Hz) chof:Channel Offset (Frequency units are required for f1 and f2.)
	The channel table is enabled or disabled.			
	# 1 ENABLE	CHTBL1 ENBL	CHTBL1?	0: Disable
	DISABLE	CHTBL1 DSBL		1: Enable
	# 2 ENABLE	CHTBL2 ENBL	CHTBL2?	0: Disable
	DISABLE	CHTBL2 DSBL		1: Enable
	# 3 ENABLE	CHTBL3 ENBL	CHTBL3?	0: Disable
	DISABLE	CHTBL3 DSBL		1: Enable
	Channel Copy from STD	CHSETSTD		
Input				
RF	INPUT RF	INPUT?	0: RF	
Baseband(I&Q)	INPUT IQ		1: Baseband(I&Q)	
BaseBand Input				
AC	BBINPUT AC	BBINPUT?	0: AC	
DC	BBINPUT DC		1: DC	
IQ Inverse				
NORMAL	IQMD NORM	IQMD?	0: NORMAL	
INVERSE	IQMD INV		1: INVERSE	
Auto Level setting				
Auto Level OFF	ALS OFF	ALS?	0: OFF	
Auto Level ON	ALS ON		1: ON	
DC CAL	CLDC			

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (3 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
T-Domain Power	Auto Level Set	AUTOWFL TDPAUTOLVL			
	Trigger Setup				
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TRGSRC FREE TDPTRGSRC FREE	TRGSRC? TDPTRGSRC?	0: FREERUN 1: VIDEO	
	VIDEO	TRGSRC VIDEO TDPTRGSRC VIDEO		2: IF 3: EXT	
	IF	TRGSRC IF TDPTRGSRC IF			
	EXT	TRGSRC EXT TDPTRGSRC EXT			
	Trigger Slope				
	+	TRGSLP RISE TDPTRGSLP RISE	TRGSLP? TDPTRGSLP?	0: - 1: +	
	-	TRGSLP FALL TDPTRGSLP FALL			
	Trigger Level	TRGLVL * TDPTRGLVL *	TRGLVL? TDPTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	TRGPOS * TDPTRGPOS *	TRGPOS? TDPTRGPOS?	Integer(0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	TRGDT * TDPTRGDT *	TRGDT? TDPTRGDT?	Time	
	Window Setup				
	Window				
ON	TDPWDO ON	TDPWDO?	0: OFF 1: ON		
OFF	TDPWDO OFF				
Window Position	TDPWPOS *	TDPWPOS?	Time		
Window Width	TDPWWID *	TDPWWID?	Time		
Y Scale					
10dB/div	TDPDIV P10DB	TDPDIV?	0: 10dB/div 1: 5dB/div 2: 2dB/div		
5dB/div	TDPDIV P5DB				
2dB/div	TDPDIV P2DB				

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (4 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
T-Domain Power	Average Times	TDPAVGCNT *	TDPAVGCNT?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	*1
		TDPAVG *	TDPAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
	TRACE AVG	TDPAVGMD TRACE	TDPAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	TDPAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	TDPAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
	NUMERIC	TDPAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	
	Template				
	Template				
	ON	TDPTMPL ON	TDPTMPL?	0: OFF	
OFF	TDPTMPL OFF		1: ON		
Template Shift					
Shift X	TDPTMPLSX *	TDPTMPLSX?	Time		
Shift Y	TDPTMPLSY *	TDPTMPLSY?	Level		
Template Edit					
Template	TDPTMPLSEL UP	TDPTMPLSEL?	0: UP		
UP/LOW Selection	TDPTMPLSEL LOW		1: LOW		
Template Data Input	TDPTMPLED *,*		t1,l1 t1: Time l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)		
Init Table	TDPTMPLCLR				
Parameter Setup					
Detector					
Normal	TDPDET NRM	TDPDET?	0:Normal		
Posi	TDPDET POS		1: Posi		
Nega	TDPDET NEG		2: Nega		
Sample	TDPDET SMP		3: Sample		
Display Unit					
dBm	TDPUNIT DBM	TDPUNIT?	0: dBm		
W	TDPUNIT W		1: W		
dBμV	TDPUNIT DBUV		2: dBμV		

\*1: Average Mode is set to POWER AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (5 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Power	Template Couple to Power ON OFF	TDPTMPLPW ON TDPTMPLPW OFF	TDPTMPLPW?	0: OFF 1: ON
	Template Limit	TDPTMPLBTM *	TDPTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dBμV)
	Judgment ON OFF	TDPJDG ON TDPJDG OFF	TDPJDG?	0: OFF 1: ON
	Upper Limit	TDPJDGUP *	TDPJDGUP?	Level
	Lower Limit	TDPJDGLOW *	TDPJDGLOW?	Level
	Set to STD	TDPSETSTD		
	Starts measurement T-Domain Power	WAVEFM TDPMEAS		
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI		
	Measurement results T-Domain Power		TDPMEAS?	l1, j1 l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV) j1: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)
	ON/OFF Ratio	Auto Level Set	OORAUTOLVL	
Trigger Setup Trigger Source FREERUN VIDEO IF EXT		OORTRGSRC FREE OORTRGSRC VIDEO OORTRGSRC IF OORTRGSRC EXT	OORTRGSRC?	0: FREERUN 1: VIDEO 2: IF 3: EXT
Trigger Slope + -		OORTRGSLP RISE OORTRGSLP FALL	OORTRGSLP?	0: - 1: +
Trigger Level		OORTRGLVL*	OORTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to 100)
Trigger Position		OORTRGPOS *	OORTRGPOS?	Integer(0 to 100)
Delay Time		OORTRGDT *	OORTRGDT?	Time

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (6 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
ON/OFF Ratio	Window Setup			
	Window			
	ON	OORWDO ON	OORWDO?	0: OFF
	OFF	OORWDO OFF		1: ON
	ON Position	OORWONPOS *	OORWONPOS?	Time
	ON Width	OORWONWID *	OORWONWID?	Time
	OFF Position	OORWOFPOS *	OORWOFPOS?	Time
	OFF Width	OORWOFWID *	OORWOFWID?	Time
	Y Scale			
	10dB/div	OORDIV P10DB	OORDIV?	0: 10dB/div
	5dB/div	OORDIV P5DB		1: 5dB/div
	2dB/div	OORDIV P2DB		2: 2dB/div
	Average Times	OORAVGCNT *	OORAVGCNT?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)
		OORAVG *	OORAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)
	Average Mode			
TRACE AVG	OORAVGMD TRACE	OORAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
MAX HOLD	OORAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
POWER AVG	OORAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
NUMERIC	OORAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	
Parameter Setup				
Detector				
Normal	OORDET NRM	OORDET?	0: Normal	
Posi	OORDET POS		1: Posi	
Nega	OORDET NEG		2: Nega	
Sample	OORDET SMP		3: Sample	
Display Unit				
dBm	OORUNIT DBM	OORUNIT?	0: dBm	
W	OORUNIT W		1: W	
dBµV	OORUNIT DBUV		2: dBµV	
Judgment				
ON	OORJDG ON	OORJDG?	0: OFF	
OFF	OORJDG OFF		1: ON	
Upper Limit	OORJDGUP *	OORJDGUP?	Level	
Set to STD	OORSETSTD			

\*1: Average Mode is set to NUMERIC.



Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (7 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
ON/OFF Ratio	Starts measurement ON/OFF Ratio	OORMEAS		
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI		
	Measurement results ON/OFF Ratio		OORMEAS?	l1,l2,d1,j1 l1: ON Level (dBm/W/dBμV) l2: OFF Level (dBm/W/dBμV) d1: ON/OFF Ratio(dB) j1: Integer (0: FAIL,1:PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)
T-Domain Spurious	Auto Level Set	TDSAUTOLVL		
	Trigger Setup			
	Trigger Source			
	FREERUN	TDSTRGSRC FREE	TDSTRGSRC?	0: FREERUN
	IF	TRSPMD FREE	TRSPMD?	2: IF
	EXT	TDSTRGSRC IF		3: EXT
		TRSPMD IF		
		TDSTRGSRC EXT		
		TRSPMD EXT		
	Trigger Slope			
+	TDSTRGSLP RISE	TDSTRGSLP?	0: -	
-	TRSPSLP RISE	TRSPSLP?	1: +	
	TDSTRGSLP FALL			
	TRSPSLP FALL			
Trigger Level	TDSTRGLVL *	TDSTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to 100)	
Trigger Position	TDSTRGPOS *	TDSTRGPOS?	Integer(0 to 100)	
Delay Time	TDSTRGDT *	TDSTRGDT?	Time	
Table				
Table No. 1/2/3	TDSTBL *	TDSTBL?	Integer(1 to 3)	
Table Edit	TDSTBLED *,*		f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Limit Level	
Load Table	TDSLDRCLTBL *		Integer(1 to 3)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (8 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
T-Domain Spurious	Save Table	TDSSV SVSTBL *		Integer(1 to 3)	*1
	Init Table	TDSCLR DELSTBL			
	Table Freq. Input ABS REL	TDSTBLF ABS TDSTBLF REL	TDSTBLF?	0: ABS 1: REL	
	Average Times	TDSAVGCNT * TDSAVG *	TDSAVGCNT? TDSAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999) Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode TRACE AVG MAX HOLD POWER AVG NUMERIC	TDSAVGMD TRACE TDSAVGMD MAX TDSAVGMD POWER TDSAVGMD NUMERIC	TDSAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg 1: Max Hold 2: Power Avg 3: Numeric	
	Parameter Setup Detector Normal Posi Nega Sample	TDSDET NRM TDSDET POS TDSDET NEG TDSDET SMP	TDSDET?	0: Normal 1: Posi 2: Nega 3: Sample	
	Display Unit dBm W dBμV	TDSUNIT DBM TDSUNIT W TDSUNIT DBUV	TDSUNIT?	0: dBm 1: W 2: dBμV	
	Judgment ON OFF	TDSJDG ON TDSJDG OFF	TDSJDG?	0: OFF 1: ON	
	Result Peak RMS	TDSRES PK TDSRES RMS	TDSRES?	0: Peak 1: RMS	
	Multiplier	TDSMULTI *	TDSMULTI?	Real Number	
	Peak MKR Y-Delta	TDSPKMKY *	TDSPKMKY?	Real Number	
	Preselector 1.6G 3.6G	TDSPRE 16G TDSPRE 36G	TDSPRE?	0:1.6G 1:3.6G	

\*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (9 of 28)**

	Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Spurious	Set to Default	TDSSETSTD			
	Starts measurement Spurious	TDSMEAS SPUR			
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
	Measurement results Spurious		TDSMEAS?  SPULVL?	n<CR+LF>+f1,l1,j1< CR+LF>..... +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBµV) jn: Integer (0: FAIL,1:PASS, -1: Judgment OFF) n<CR+LF>+f1,l1<CR +LF> ..... +fn,ln<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm)	
F-Domain Power	Auto Level Set	FDPAUTOLVL			
	Gate Setup				
	ON	TGTSETUP ON	TGTSETUP?	0: OFF	
	OFF	TGTSETUP OFF		1: ON	
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TGTTRG FREE	TGTTRG?	0: FREERUN	
	VIDEO	TGTTRG VIDEO		1: VIDEO	
	IF	TGTTRG IF		2: IF	
EXT	TGTTRG EXT		3: EXT		
Trigger Slope					
-	TGTTRGSLP FALL	TGTTRGSLP?	0: -		
+	TGTTRGSLP RISE		1: +		
Trigger Level	TGTTRGLVL *	TGTTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)		
Trigger Position	TGTTRGPOS *	TGTTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)		
Delay Time	TGTTRGDT *	TGTTRGDT?	Time		

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (10 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
F-Domain Power	Gate Source			
	Trigger	TGTSRC TRG	TGTSRC?	0: Trigger
	Ext Gate	TGTSRC EXT		1: EXT
	Gate Position	TGTPOS *	TGTPOS?	Time
	Gate Width	TGTWID *	TGTWID?	Time
	Detector			
	Normal	TGTDET NRM	TGTDET?	0: Normal
	Posi	TGTDET POS		1: Posi
	Nega	TGTDET NEG		2: Nega
	Sample	TGTDET SMP		3: Sample
	Gated Sweep ON/OFF			
	ON	TGTSWP ON	TGTSWP?	0: OFF
	OFF	TGTSWP OFF		1: ON
	Window Setup			
	Window			
	ON	FDPWDO ON	FDPWDO?	0: OFF
	OFF	FDPWDO OFF		1: ON
	Window Position	FDPWPOS *	FDPWPOS?	Frequency
Window Width	FDPWWID *	FDPWWID?	Frequency	
Y Scale				
10dB/div	FDPDIV P10DB	FDPDIV?	0: 10dB/div	
5dB/div	FDPDIV P5DB		1: 5dB/div	
2dB/div	FDPDIV P2DB		2: 2dB/div	
Average Times	FDPAVGCNT *	FDPAVGCNT?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	
	FDPAVG *	FDPAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	
Average Mode				
TRACE AVG	FDPAVGMD TRACE	FDPAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
MAX HOLD	FDPAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
POWER AVG	FDPAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
NUMERIC	FDPAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	

\*1: Average Mode is set to POWER AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (11 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
F-Domain Power	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	FDPDET NRM	FDPDET?	0: Normal
	Posi	FDPDET POS		1: Posi
	Nega	FDPDET NEG		2: Nega
	Sample	FDPDET SMP		3: Sample
	Display Unit			
	dBm	FDPUNIT DBM	FDPUNIT?	0: dBm
	W	FDPUNIT W		1: W
	dB $\mu$ V	FDPUNIT DBUV		2: dB $\mu$ V
Judgment				
ON	FDPJDG ON	FDPJDG?	0: OFF	
OFF	FDPJDG OFF		1: ON	
Upper Limit	FDPJDGUP *	FDPJDGUP?	Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V)	
Lower Limit	FDPJDGLOW *	FDPJDGLOW?	Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V)	
Set to STD	FDPSETSTD			
Starts measurement				
F-Domain Power	FDPMEAS			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
Measurement results				
F-Domain Power		FDPMEAS?	l1, j1 l1: Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V) j1: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
OBW	Auto Level Set	OBWAUTOLVL		
	OBW%	OBWPER *	OBWPER?	Real Number (0.5 to 99.5)
	Average Times	OBWAVGCNT *	OBWAVGCNT?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)
	OBWAVG *	OBWAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	*1

\*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (12 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
OBW	Average Mode TRACE AVG MAX HOLD POWER AVG NUMERIC	OBWAVGMD TRACE OBWAVGMD MAX OBWAVGMD POWER OBWAVGMD NUMERIC	OBWAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg 1: Max Hold 2: Power Avg 3: Numeric	
	Parameter Setup Detector Normal Posi Nega Sample	OBWDET NRM OBWDET POS OBWDET NEG OBWDET SMP	OBWDET?	0: Normal 1: Pos 2: Nega 3: Sample	
	Judgment ON OFF Upper Limit Lower Limit Set to STD	OBWJDG ON OBWJDG OFF OBWJDGUP * OBWJDGLOW * OBWSETSTD	OBWJDG?  OBWJDGUP? OBWJDGLOW?	0: OFF 1: ON Frequency Frequency	
	Starts measurement OBW Starts measurement in the same mode	OBWMEAS SI			
	Measurement results OBW		OBWMEAS?	f1,f2,f3,j1 f1: OBW frequency f2: Lower side frequency f3: Higher side frequency j1: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (13 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
Due to Transient	Auto Level Set	DTSAUTOLVL			
	Template				
	Template				
	ON	DTSTMPL ON	DTSTMPL?	0: OFF	
	OFF	DTSTMPL OFF		1: ON	
	Template Shift				
	Shift X	DTSTMPLSX *	DTSTMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	DTSTMPLSY *	DTSTMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	DTSTMPLDX *	DTSTMPLDX?	Frequency(0:OFF)	
	Data Input	DTSTMPLD *,*		f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	
	Init Table	DTSTMPLCLR			
	Marker Edit				
	Copy from STD	DTSMKRCP			
Data Input	DTSMKRED *,*,*,*		d1,f1,f2,l1 d1: (0:Normal 1: Integral 2:√Nyquist) f1: Offset frequency f2: Bandwidth l1: Limit Level	*1	
Init Table	DTSMKRCLR				
Average Times	DTSAVGCNT *	DTSAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)		
	DTSAVG *	DTSAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	*2	
Average Mode					
TRACE AVG	DTSAVGMD TRACE	DTSAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg		
MAX HOLD	DTSAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold		
POWER AVG	DTSAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg		
NUMERIC	DTSAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric		

\*1: After the table has been initialized using an appropriate listener code, the parameters d1 and f2 defined in the first command correspond to the reference MKR type and reference band width setting, respectively (the values assigned to f1 and l1 are ignored).

The parameter d1 of the second command corresponds to the offset MKR type. Even if the setting of the command parameter d1 is changed from the third command onwards, the new settings are ignored.

\*2: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (14 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Due to Transient	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	DTSDET NRM	DTSDET?	0: Normal
	Posi	DTSDET POS		1: Posi
	Nega	DTSDET NEG		2: Nega
	Sample	DTSDET SMP		3: Sample
	Display Unit			
	dBm	DTSUNIT DBM	DTSUNIT?	0: dBm
	W	DTSUNIT W		1: W
	dBμV	DTSUNIT DBUV		2: dBμV
	Template Couple to Power			
	ON	DTSTMPLPW ON	DTSTMPLPW?	0: OFF
	OFF	DTSTMPLPW OFF		1: ON
	Template Limit	DTSTMPLBTM *	DTSTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dBμV)
	Judgment			
	ON	DTSJDG ON	DTSJDG?	0: OFF
	OFF	DTSJDG OFF		1: ON
Freq. Setting				
CFSP	DTSFRMD CFSP	DTSFRMD?	0: Center/Span Mode	
STSP	DTSFRMD STSP		1: Start/Stop Mode	
Result				
ABS	DTSRES ABS	DTSRES?	0: Absolute	
REL	DTSRES REL		1: Relative	
MKR	DTSRES MKR		2: Marker	
Ref Power				
MKR	DTSREF MKR	DTSREF?	0: Reference Marker	
MOD	DTSREF MOD		1: Modulation	
Symbol Rate 1/T	DTSSYMRT *	DTSSYMRT?	Frequency	
Rolloff Factor	DTSRFACT *	DTSRFACT?	Real Number	
Set to STD	DTSSSETSTD			
Starts measurement				
Due to Transient	DTSMEAS			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			



Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (15 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
Due to Transient	Measurement results Due to Transient		DTSMEAS?	n<CR+LF>+d1,j1<CR+LF> ..... +dn,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount(Integer) dn: Power jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
	Ref. Power	-	DTSREFPWR?	Level	
Due to Modulation	Auto Level Set	DTMAUTOLVL			
	Gate Setup				
	ON	TGTSETUP ON	TGTSETUP?	0: OFF	
	OFF	TGTSETUP OFF		1: ON	
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TGTTRG FREE	TGTTRG?	0: FREERUN	
	VIDEO	TGTTRG VIDEO		1: VIDEO	
	IF	TGTTRG IF		2: IF	
	EXT	TGTTRG EXT		3: EXT	
	Trigger Slope				
	-	TGTTRGSLP FALL	TGTTRGSLP?	0: -	
	+	TGTTRGSLP RISE		1: +	
	Trigger Level	TGTTRGLVL *	TGTTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	TGTTRGPOS *	TGTTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	TGTTRGDT *	TGTTRGDT?	Time	
Gate Source					
Trigger	TGTSRC TRG	TGTSRC?	0: Trigger		
Ext Gate	TGTSRC EXT		1: EXT		
Gate Position	TGTPOS *	TGTPOS?	Time		
Gate Width	TGTWID *	TGTWID?	Time		
Detector					
Normal	TGTDET NRM	TGTDET?	0: Normal		
Posi	TGTDET POS		1: Posi		
Nega	TGTDET NEG		2: Nega		
Sample	TGTDET SMP		3: Sample		
Gated Sweep ON/OFF					
ON	TGTSWP ON	TGTSWP?	0: OFF		
OFF	TGTSWP OFF		1: ON		

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (16 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Due to Modulation	Template			
	Template			
	ON	DTMTMPL ON	DTMTMPL?	0: OFF
	OFF	DTMTMPL OFF		1:ON
	Template Shift			
	Shift X	DTMTMPLSX *	DTMTMPLSX?	Frequency
	Shift Y	DTMTMPLSY *	DTMTMPLSY?	Level
	Margin delta X	DTMTMPLDX *	DTMTMPLDX?	Frequency(0:OFF)
	Data Input	DTMTMPLED *,*		f1,l1 f1: frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBµV)
	Init Table	DTMTMPLCLR		
	Marker Edit			
	Copy from STD	DTMMKRCP		
	Data Input	DTMMKRED *,*,*,*		d1,f1,f2,l1 d1: (0: Normal 1: Integral 2: √Nyquist) f1: Offset frequency f2: Bandwidth l1: Limit Level
	Init Table	DTMMKRCLR		
	Average Times	DTMAVGCNT *	DTMAVGCNT?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)
	DTMAVG *	DTMAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 999)	
Average Mode				
TRACE AVG	DTMAVGMD TRACE	DTMAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
MAX HOLD	DTMAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
POWER AVG	DTMAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
NUMERIC	DTMAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	

\*1: After the table has been initialized using an appropriate listener code, the parameters d1 and f2 defined in the first command correspond to the reference MKR type and reference band width setting, respectively (the values assigned to f1 and l1 are ignored).

The parameter d1 of the second command corresponds to the offset MKR type. Even if the setting of the command parameter d1 is changed from the third command onwards, the new settings are ignored.

\*2: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (17 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Due to Modulation	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	DTMDET NRM	DTMDET?	0: Normal
	Posi	DTMDET POS		1: Posi
	Nega	DTMDET NEG		2: Nega
	Sample	DTMDET SMP		3: Sample
	Display Unit			
	dBm	DTMUNIT DBM	DTMUNIT?	0: dBm
	W	DTMUNIT W		1: W
	dB $\mu$ V	DTMUNIT DBUV		2: dB $\mu$ V
	Template Couple to Power			
	ON	DTMTMPLPW ON	DTMTMPLPW?	0: OFF
	OFF	DTMTMPLPW OFF		1: ON
	Template Limit	DTMTMPLBTM *	DTMTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V)
	Judgment			
	ON	DTMJDG ON	DTMJDG?	0: OFF
	OFF	DTMJDG OFF		1: ON
Freq. Setting				
CFSP	DTMFRMD CFSP	DTMFRMD?	0: Center/Span Mode	
STSP	DTMFRMD STSP		1: Start/Stop Mode	
Result				
ABS	DTMRES ABS	DTMRES?	0: Absolute	
REL	DTMRES REL		1: Relative	
MKR	DTMRES MKR		2: Marker	
Ref Power				
MKR	DTMREF MKR	DTMREF?	0: Reference Marker	
MOD	DTMREF MOD		1: Modulation	
Symbol Rate 1/T	DTMSYMRT *	DTMSYMRT?	Frequency	
Rolloff Factor	DTMRFACT *	DTMRFACT?	Real Number	
Set to STD	DTMSETSTD			
Start measurement				
Due to Modulation	DTMMEAS			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (18 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
Due to Modulation	Measurement results Due to Modulation		DTMMEAS?	n<CR+LF>+d1, j1<CR+LF> .....+dn,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) dn: Power jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
	Ref. Power		DTMREFPWR?	Level	
Inband Spurious	Auto Level Set	SPRAUTOLVL			
	Template				
	Template				
	ON	SPRTMPL ON	SPRTMPL?	0: OFF	
	OFF	SPRTMPL OFF		1: ON	
	Template Shift				
	Shift X	SPRTMPLSX *	SPRTMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	SPRTMPLSY *	SPRTMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	SPRTMPLDX *	SPRTMPLDX?	Frequency(0:OFF)	
	Copy from STD	SPRTMPLCP			
Data Input	SPRTMPLED *,*		f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBµV)		
Init Table	SPRTMPLCLR				
Marker Edit					
Copy from STD	SPRMKRCP				
Data Input	SPRMKRED *,*,*,*		d1, f1,f2,l1 d1: (0: Peak, 1: Integral) f1: Start Frequency f2: Stop Frequency l1: Limit Level	*1	
Init Table	SPRMKRCLR				

\*1: After the table has been initialized using an appropriate listener code, the parameters d1 and f2 defined in the first command correspond to the reference MKR type and reference band width setting, respectively  
Even if the setting of the command parameter d1 is changed from the next command onwards, the new settings are ignored.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (19 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
		Code	Output Format		
Inband Spurious	Average Times	SPRAVGCNT *	SPRAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	* 1
		SPRAVG *	SPRAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
	TRACE AVG	SPRAVGMD TRACE	SPRAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	SPRAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	SPRAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
	Parameter Setup				
	Detector				
	Normal	SPRDET NRM	SPRDET?	0: Normal	
	Posi	SPRDET POS		1: Posi	
	Nega	SPRDET NEG		2: Nega	
	Sample	SPRDET SMP		3: Sample	
	Display Unit				
	dBm	SPRUNIT DBM	SPRUNIT?	0: dBm	
	W	SPRUNIT W		1: W	
dB $\mu$ V	SPRUNIT DBUV		2: dB $\mu$ V		
Template Couple to Power					
ON	SPRTMPLPW ON	SPRTMPLPW?	0: OFF		
OFF	SPRTMPLPW OFF		1: ON		
Template Limit	SPRTMPLBTM *	SPRTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V)		
Judgment					
ON	SPRJDG ON	SPRJDG?	0: OFF		
OFF	SPRJDG OFF		1: ON		
Freq. Setting					
CFSP	SPRFRMD CFSP	SPRFRMD?	0: Center/Span Mode		
STSP	SPRFRMD STSP		1: Start/Stop Mode		
Result					
ABS	SPRRES ABS	SPRRES?	0: Absolute		
REL	SPRRES REL		1: Relative		
MKR	SPRRES MKR		2: Marker		
Ref Power					
MKR	SPRREF MKR	SPRREF?	0: Reference Marker		
MOD	SPRREF MOD		1: Modulation		

\*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (20 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Inband Spurious	Peak MKR Y-Delta	SPRPKMKY *	SPRPKMKY?	Real Number
	Set to STD	SPRSETSTD		
	Starts measurement			
	Inband Spurious	SPRMEAS		
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI		
	Measurement results Inband spurious		SPRMEAS?	n<CR+LF>+f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> ..... +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBμV) jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)
Ref. Power		SPRREFPWR?	Level	
Outband Spurious	Auto Level Set	FDSAUTOLVL		
	Table			
	Table No.1/2/3	FDSTBL *	FDSTBL?	Integer (1 to 3)
	Table Edit	FDSTBLED *,*,*,*,*		f1,f2,f3,f4,d1,l1 f1: Start Frequency f2: Stop Frequency f3: RBW f4: VBW d1: Sweep Time l1: Limit Level
	Load Table	FDSLDD		
	Save Table	FDSSV		
	Init Table	FDSCLR		
	Average Times	FDSAVGCNT * FDSAVG *	FDSAVGCNT? FDSAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999) Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)

\*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (21 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Outband Spurious	Average Mode TRACE AVG MAX HOLD POWER AVG	FDSAVGMD TRACE FDSAVGMD MAX FDSAVGMD POWER	FDSAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg 1: Max Hold 2: Power Avg
	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	FDSDET NRM	FDSDET?	0: Normal
	Posi	FDSDET POS		1: Posi
	Nega	FDSDET NEG		2: Nega
	Sample	FDSDET SMP		3: Sample
	Display Unit			
	dBm	FDSUNIT DBM	FDSUNIT?	0: dBm
	W	FDSUNIT W		1: W
	dB $\mu$ V	FDSUNIT DBUV		2: dB $\mu$ V
	Judgment			
ON	FDSJDG ON	FDSJDG?	0: OFF	
OFF	FDSJDG OFF		1: ON	
Peak MKR Y-Delta	FDSPKMKY *	FDSPKMKY?	Real Number	
Preselector 1.6G	FDSPRE 16G	FDSPRE?	0: 1.6G	
3.6G	FDSPRE 36G		1: 3.6G	
Set to Default	FDSSETSTD			
Starts measurement				
Outband Spurious	FDSMEAS			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
Measurement results				
Outband Spurious		FDSMEAS?	n<CR+LF>+f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> ..... +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dB $\mu$ V) jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (22 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
FM Deviation	AUTOLVL			
Trigger Setup				
Trigger Mode				
FREERUN	MODTRG FREE	MODTRG?	0: FREERUN	
IF	MODTRG IF		1: IF	
EXT	MODTRG EXT		2: EXT	
EXT Trigger Slope				
+	MODTRGSLP RISE	MODTRGSLP?	0: -	
-	MODTRGSLP FALL		1: +	
EXT Trigger Delay				
Time setting	MODTRGDLY *	MODTRGDLY?		
Slot setting	MODTRGSLT *	MODTRGSLT?	0 to 5	
IF Trigger Level	MODTRGLVL *	MODTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to 100)	
Burst Search				
Burst Search OFF	MODTRGBRST OFF	MODTRG-BRST?	0: OFF	
Burst Search ON	MODTRGBRST ON		1: ON	
Search Level	MODBRSTLVL *	MODBRSTLVL?	Level	
Average Times	FMAVG *	FMAVG?	Integer (1: OFF, 2 to 32)	
Bit Sequence				
RANDOM	FMBITSEQ RND	FMBITSEQ?	0: RANDOM	
STD(FAST)	FMBITSEQ STD		1: STD(FAST)	
STD(0xF0)	FMBITSEQ STDF0		2: STD(0xF0)	
STD(0xAA)	FMBITSEQ STDAA		3: STD(0xAA)	
Freq Error Method				
PEAK DEV	FMFEM PEAK	FMFEM?	0: PEAK DEV	
PREAMBLE	FMFEM PRE		1: PREAMBLE	
Payload Header				
Payload Header ON	FMPLHD ON	FMPLHD?	0: OFF	
Payload Header OFF	FMPLHD OFF		1: ON	
Header Length				
Header Length 8Bit	FMHDLEN 8BIT	FMHDLEN?	0: 8Bit	
Header Length 16Bit	FMHDLEN 16BIT		1: 16Bit	



**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (23 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
FM Deviation	Payload CRC			
	Payload CRC ON	FMPLCRC ON	FMPLCRC?	0: OFF
	Payload CRC OFF	FMPLCRC OFF		1: ON
	Δf1max Lower Limit	FMF1LIML*	FMF1LIML?	Frequency
	Δf1max Upper Limit	FMF1LIMU*	FMF1LIMU?	Frequency
	Δf2max Lower Limit	FMF2LIML*	FMF2LIML?	Frequency
	Starts measurement			
	Freq Deviation	FMDEV		
	Starts measurement in the same made	SI		
	Measurement results			
FM Deviation				
When Bit Sequence is set to RANDOM		FMDEV?	d1,d2,s1,d3,s2,d4,d5,d6,d7,s3,d8 d1: Frequency Error (Hz) d2: Max Peak Devi. (Hz) s1: Position of Max Peak Devi. d3: Min Peak Devi. (Hz) s2: Position of Min Peak Devi. d4: Min/Max Ratio (%) d5: Tx Power (dBm) d6: Tx Power (W) d7: Peak Tx Power (dBm) s3: Position of Peak Tx Power d8: Peak Tx Power (W)	
When Bit Sequence is set to STD (FAST)		FMDEVSTD?	d1,d2,s1,d3,d4,d5,d6,d7,d8,s2,d9 d1: Frequency Error (Hz) d2: Max Peak Devi. (Hz) s1: Position of Max Peak Devi. d3: Avg Peak Devi. (Hz) d4: Frequency Drift (Hz) d5: Max Drift Rate (Hz/μs) d6: Tx Power (dBm) d7: Tx Power (W) d8: Peak Tx Power (dBm) s2: Position of Peak Tx Power d9: Peak Tx Power (W)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (24 of 28)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
	When Bit Sequence is set to STD (0xF0)		FMDEVSTDF0?	d1,d2,s1,d3,s2,d4,d5,d6,d7,d8,s3,d9 d1: Frequency Error (Hz) d2: Max Δf1 max (Hz) s1: Position of Max Δf1 max d3: Min Δf1 max (Hz) s2: Position of Min Δf1 max d4: Pass/All Δf1 max (%) d5: Δf1 avg (Hz/μs) d6: Tx Power (dBm) d7: Tx Power (W) d8: Peak Tx Power (dBm) s3: Position of Peak Tx Power d9: Peak Tx Power (W)	
	When Bit Sequence is set to STD (0xAA)		FMDEVSTDAA?	d1,d2,s1,d3,s2,d4,d5,d6,d7,d8,d9,d10,s3,d11 d1: Frequency Error (Hz) d2: Max Δf2 max (Hz) s1: Position of Max Δf2 max d3: Min Δf2 max (Hz) s2: Position of Min Δf2 max d4: Pass/All Δf2 max (%) d5: Δf2 avg (Hz/μs) d6: Frequency Drift (Hz) d7: Max Drift Rate (Hz/50μs) d8: Tx Power (dBm) d9: Tx Power (W) d10: Peak Tx Power (dBm) s3: Position of Peak Tx Power d11: Peak Tx Power (W)	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (25 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Tx Power	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL		
Trigger Setup				
Trigger Mode				
FREERUN	MODTRG FREE	MODTRG?	0: FREERUN	
IF	MODTRG IF		1: IF	
EXT	MODTRG EXT		2: EXT	
EXT Trigger Slope				
+	MODTRGSLP RISE	MODTRGSLP?	0: -	
-	MODTRGSLP FALL		1: +	
EXT Trigger Delay				
Time setting	MODTRGDLY *	MODTRGDLY?	Time	
Slot setting	MODTRGSLT *	MODTRGSLT?	0 to 5	
IF Trigger Level	MODTRGLVL *	MODTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to100)	
Burst Search				
Burst Search OFF	MODTRGBRST OFF	MODTRG-BRST?	0: OFF	
Burst Search ON	MODTRGBRST ON		1: ON	
Search Level	MODBRSTLVL *	MODBRSTLVL?	Level	
Average Times				
	TXAVG *	TXAVG?	Integer(1:OFF, 2 to 32)	
	TAVGTX *	TAVGTX?		
Starts measurement				
Tx Power	TXPWR			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
Measurement results				
Tx Power		TXPWR?	d1,d2,d3,s1,d4 d1: Tx Power(dBm) d2: Tx Power(W) d3: Peak Tx Power(dBm) s1: Position of Peak Tx Power d4: Peak Tx Power(W)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (26 of 28)**

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Lockup Time	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL		
	Trigger Setup			
	Trigger Mode			
	FREERUN	LKUPTRG FREE	LKUPTRG?	0: FREERUN
	IF	LKUPTRG IF		1: IF
	EXT	LKUPTRG EXT		2: EXT
	EXT Trigger Slope			
	+	LKUPTRGSLP RISE	LKUPTRGSLP?	0: -
	-	LKUPTRGSLP FALL		1: +
	EXT Trigger Delay			
	Time setting	LKUPTRGDLY *	LKUPTRGDLY?	Time
	Slot setting	LKUPTRGSLT *	LKUPTRGSLT?	0 to 5
	IF Trigger Level	LKUPTRGLVL *	LKUPTRGLVL?	Integer(0 to 100)
	Average Times	LKUPAVG *	LKUPAVG?	Integer(1:OFF, 2 to 32)
	X Span	LKUPXSP *	LKUPXSP?	Time
	X Start	LKUPXST *	LKUPXST?	Time
	Y Scale			
2kHz/div	LKUPYSCL P2K	LKUPYSCL?	0:2kHz/div	
10kHz/div	LKUPYSCL P10K		1:10kHz/div	
20kHz/div	LKUPYSCL P20K		2:20kHz/div	
100kHz/div	LKUPYSCL P100K		3:100kHz/div	
200kHz/div	LKUPYSCL P200K		4:200kHz/div	
Freq Range				
100kHz	LKUPFRNG 100K	LKUPFRNG?	0: 100kHz	
1MHz	LKUPFRNG 1M		1: 1MHz	
Analyze Length	LKUPALEN *	LKUPALEN?	Time	
Limit	LKUPLMT *	LKUPLMT?	Frequency	
Starts measurement				
Lockup Time	LKUPTM			
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
Measurement results				
Lockup Time		LKUPTM?	Lockup Time(s)	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (27 of 28)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Graphics selection	Frequency vs Bit	FMGTYP BIT	FMGTYP?	0: Frequency vs Bit
	Frequency EYE	FMGTYP EYE		1: Frequency EYE
	Demodulated Data	FMGTYP DEMOD		2: Demodulated Data
	Spectrum due to Mod	FMGTYP SPECTRUM		3: Spectrum due to Mod
	Frequency Drift	FMGTYP FREQDRIFT		4: Frequency Drift
	Mag vs Frequency	FMGTYP MAGFREQ		5: Mag vs Frequency
	Start Bit setting	STTBIT *	STTBIT?	Integer
Freq Error				
Freq Error ON	FMGFRERR ON	FMGFRERR?	0: OFF	
Freq Error OFF	FMGFRERR OFF		1: ON	
Data output				
Demodulated Data	Demodulated data output		DEMODO?	n<CR+LF>+d1\$<CR+LF>+... +dn\$<CR+LF> n: Number of character string elements dn\$: Character string elements(1data: 8bit)
Data output				
Frequency vs Bit	X-axis data (Bit number)		GPHY?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Integer)
Frequency EYE	Y-axis data (Frequency)		GPHY?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)
Spectrum due to Mod	X-axis data (Frequency)		SGPHX?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)
	Y-axis data (Level)		SGPHY?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

**Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key (28 of 28)**

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Frequency Drift	Upper screen X-axis data (Bit number)		FGPHX1?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Integer)	
	Upper screen Y-axis data (Frequency)		FGPHY1?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	
	Lower screen X-axis data (Bit number)		FGPHX2?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Integer)	
	Lower screen Y-axis data (Frequency)		FGPHY2?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	
Mag vs Frequency	Upper screen X-axis data (Bit number)		MGPHX1?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Integer)	
	Upper screen Y-axis data (Level)		MGPHY1?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	
	Lower screen X-axis data (Bit number)		MGPHX2?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Integer)	
	Lower screen Y-axis data (Frequency)		MGPHY2?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	
Lockup Time	X-axis data (Time)		LGPHX?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	
	Y-axis data (Frequency)		LGPHY?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+.....+dn<CR+LF> n: Number of output values dn: Output value (Real number)	

## 5 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### 5.1 Template Edit Function

In TRANSIENT mode, the user can change template. It is necessary to pay attention when entering template, because the data can be interpreted as a relative or absolute value, depending on the setting of Template Couple to Power ON/OFF in the Config menu.

The PASS/FAIL judgment is performed and then the result is displayed on the screen, when Template ON/OFF in the Template menu is set to ON.

The setting values are retained even if a preset is executed.

#### 5.1.1 Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode

When Template Couple to Power is set to OFF, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as an absolute value. As a result, the template consists of the data you entered.

Use the Shift X/Y keys to adjust the template position over the measured value.

When Template Couple to Power is set to ON, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as a relative value to the average power.

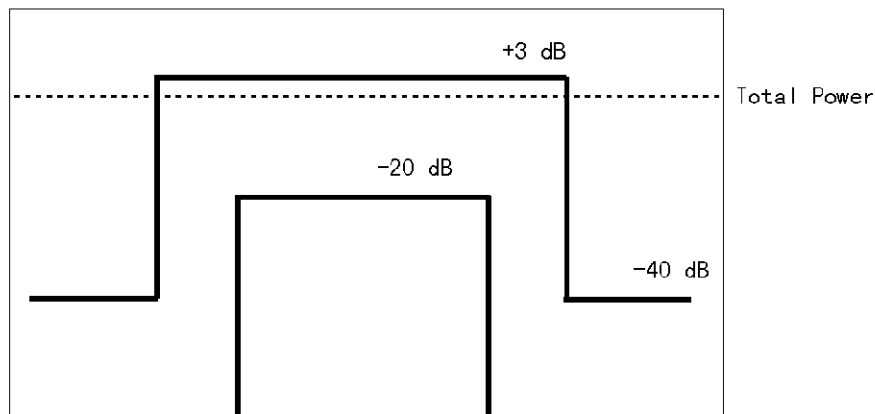


Figure 5-1 Template to Be Set

For example, the above template gives +3 dB and -40 dB of the power during the burst period of the signal. To prepare this template, follow the procedure shown below.

5.1 Template Edit Function

Set the template using the relative value to the average power.

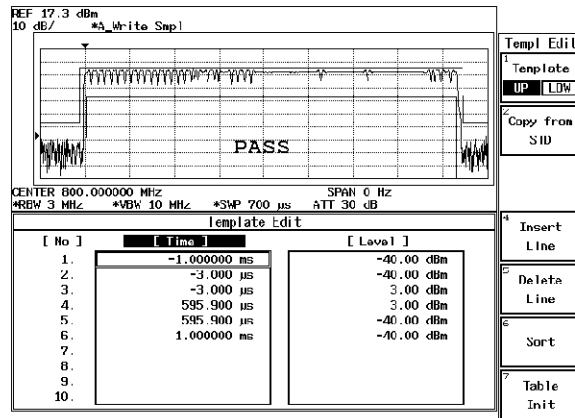


Figure 5-2 Template Settings

When you shift the template to the direction of Y axis using Shift X/Y function while the Template Couple to Power is set to ON, the relative value to the average power is: Relative value (set on the template) + Shifted data on Y axis.

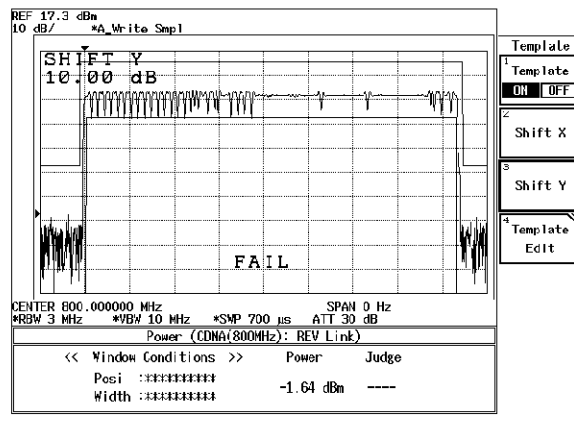


Figure 5-3 Template Shifted Using the Shift Y Function



### 5.1.2 Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode

In F-Domain measurement mode, the carrier frequencies depend on the channel numbers. As a result, use the offset frequency from the carrier frequency for template's X axis data.

Set the carrier frequency on the template to 0 Hz so that you can use plus or minus values for the offset frequencies.

The analyzer sets the template by adding the center frequency currently used to X value in the Shift X menu.

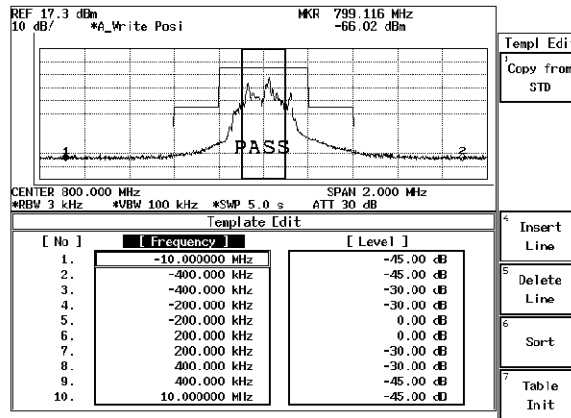


Figure 5-4 Template with the Set Values

Soft menu Margin delta X expands the template frequency by (X/2 to both sides toward plus and minus frequency directions) from the 0 Hz on the template.

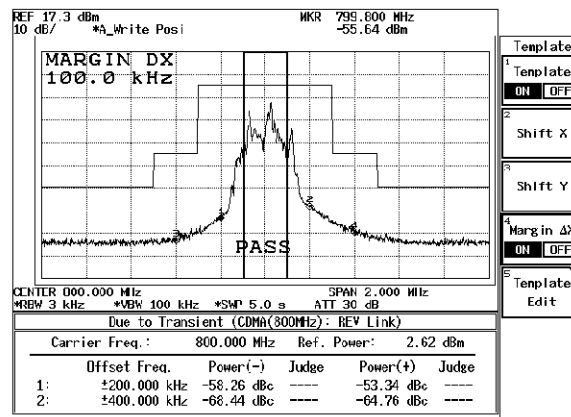


Figure 5-5 Template with Margin Delta X

When Template Couple to Power is set to OFF, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as an absolute value. As a result, the template is made up of the data you entered.

Use the Shift X/Y keys to adjust the template position over the measured value.

When Template Couple to Power is set to ON, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as a relative value to the average power.

When the template is shifted on Y axis using the Shift X/Y function, the relative value to the average power is: Relative value (set on the template) + Shifted data on Y axis.

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

In TRANSIENT mode, any parameters are compliant with the communication standard when you specify the communication standard. You can also change the measuring frequency and the secondary processing of the measured results.

For the method of changing these, refer to the following

5.2.1 Marker Edit Function

Measurement frequency can be set using Marker Edit in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation or Inband Spurious function (these three functions are found within the Transient mode). In addition, each limit level can be set using Marker Edit.

The setting values are retained even if a preset is executed.

- (1) Marker Edit used in the Due to Transient and Due to Modulation

The measuring frequency is set using the offset frequency from a carrier frequency. If you set the offset frequency to 200 kHz, the offset frequencies (+200 kHz and -200 kHz) can be measured. The Normal marker, Integral marker and Root Nyquist marker are available.

Normal marker is used to read the level of the frequency previously set, and the Integral marker is used to calculate the power of the bandwidth whose center frequency is specified by Marker Edit.

When the Root Nyquist marker is selected, the power of the frequencies, which passed through the Root Nyquist filter, is calculated. To set the Root Nyquist filter parameters, press Config and Parameter Setup.

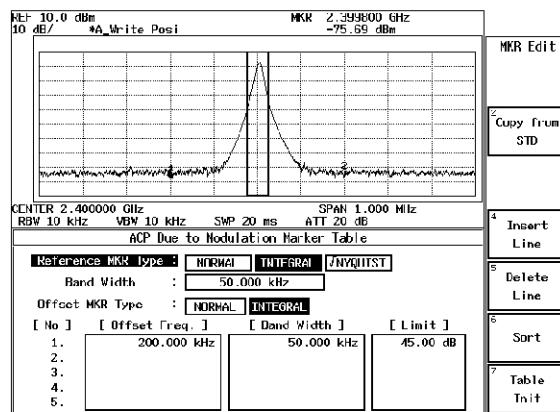


Figure 5-6 Example of Marker Edit Setting

- (2) Marker Edit used in the Inband Spurious

Measuring frequency range is set using the offset frequency from the carrier frequency. If you set 3 MHz and 10 MHz, the peak search is performed for two ranges: one of the two offset frequency range is between -3 MHz and -10 MHz; another range is between +3 MHz and +10 MHz.

## 5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

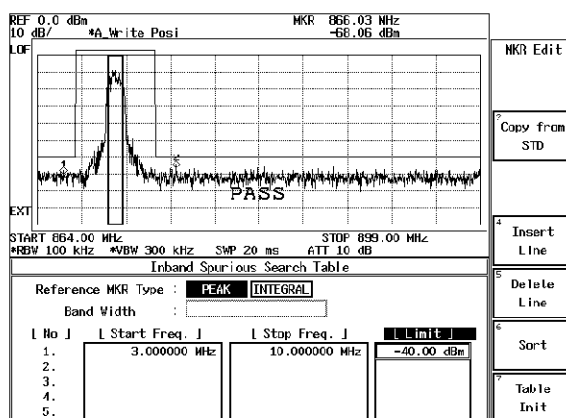


Figure 5-7 Marker Edit Setting

Peak marker is set using the Peak Marker Y Delta soft key in the Config menu.

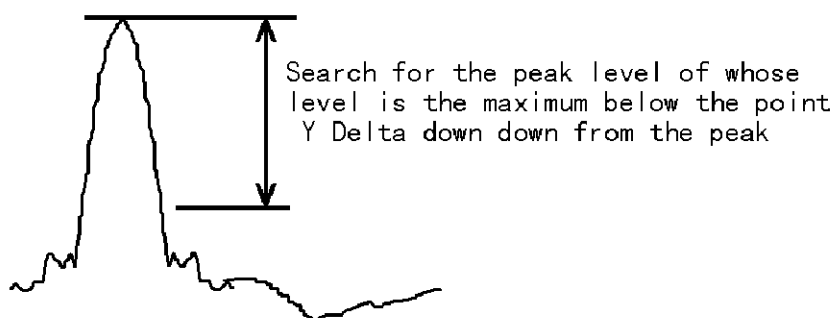


Figure 5-8 Example of Peak Marker Y Delta

### 5.2.2 Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes

In spectrum measurements, there are three methods for displaying results of adjacent or alternate adjacent channel leakage power measurements.

- (1) The measured value displays the absolute level of the marker, which is located at an offset frequency from the carrier frequency.
- (2) The ratio of the absolute level of the marker to the absolute level of the carrier is displayed. The marker point is located at an offset frequency from the carrier frequency.
- (3) The value obtained in (2) is multiplied by the level by the power meter. The calculated value is then displayed.

This method is used when the absolute value of the adjacent channel power cannot be measured. The ratio of the adjacent channel power to the carrier power can be measured only when Detector is set to Posi. However, the absolute level cannot be measured.

## 5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

To display a measured value in (1), select **MARKER** on the Result: **MARKER/RELATIVE/ABS POWER** menu in the Parameter Setup dialog box.

To display the measured value in (2), select **RELATIVE**.

To display a measured value in (3), select **ABS POWER**. In addition, use the Marker Edit menu to set up measurement conditions for the carrier power. Set the MKR Type to **NORMAL**, **INTEGRAL** or **√NYQUIST** in the Reference Marker in order to measure the carrier power.

To measure the power of the bandwidth by integration, Reference MKR Type must be set to **INTEGRAL**.

To measure a point level (marker reading), Reference MKR Type must be set to **NORMAL**.

To measure adjacent channel power, set Offset MKR Type to **NORMAL**, **INTEGRAL** or **√NYQUIST**. To measure the carrier power in (2) or (3), there are two methods: one is by setting the Marker Edit to the Reference MKR type (set the Ref Power to **REF MARKER**. Ref Power is in the Parameter Setup dialog box on the config menu); another is to measure power using the DSP (set the Ref Power to **MODULATION**. Ref Power is in the Parameter Setup dialog box on the config menu).

When **REF MARKER** is selected, the carrier power is measured by setting Reference MKR Type in the Marker Edit menu.

When **MODULATION** is selected, the carrier power is measured by Tx Power (Modulation, Tx Power).

When **ABS POWER** of the Result is selected from the Parameter Setup dialog box in the Config Menu, the ratio of Offset MKR to Reference MKR is calculated, the measurement value from Tx Power is multiplied by this ratio. Then, the result will be displayed.

### 5.2.3 Measurement Result of Inband Spurious

In Spurious measurements, there are two methods:

- (1) After searching for the peak on the trace, the frequency and level at the marker are displayed.
- (2) After searching for the peak on the trace, the ratio of the marker level to the carrier level is displayed.
- (3) The calculated level, which is calculated using the result obtained in (2) and the level on the power meter is displayed.

To display the measured value in (1), select **MARKER** on the Result: **MARKER/RELATIVE/ABS POWER** menu in the Parameter Setup dialog box. And also, to display the measured value in (2), select **RELATIVE**; for the (3), select **ABS POWER**. The measurement conditions for the carrier power is set up using the Marker Edit menu. To measure the carrier power, set Reference MKR Type to **PEAK** or **NORMAL**.

To measure the carrier power at the specified frequency, **NORMAL** is set; and to measure the carrier power at the peak on the trace, **PEAK** is set.

To measure the carrier power in (2) or (3), there are two methods: one is by setting the instrument to the Reference MKR type in the Marker Edit menu; another is by the DSP.

When Ref Power is set to **REF MARKER**, the carrier power is measured by Reference MKR Type in the Marker Edit menu.

When Ref Power is set to **MODULATION**, the carrier power is measured by the Tx Power (Modulation, Tx Power).

### 5.3 About WIDE and NARROW filter modes

The Bluetooth standard does not specify the filter used for modulation analysis.

The R3267 and R3273 filter characteristics are as follows:

**WIDE:** The low-pass filter whose passband is about twice wider than the bit rate capacity is used.

**NARROW:** The low-pass filter whose passband is close to the bit rate capacity is used.

### 5.4 About LAP

The Bluetooth transceiver has a 48-bit address. The first 24 bits beginning with the LSB are called the LAP (lower address part), which is appended to the 38th bit of the Bluetooth burst.

The R3267 and R3273 can synchronize the LAP and measure it.

In the STD setup, the LAP MSB enters first and the LAP LSB outputs first.

### 5.5 About Hopping Catch

To measure signal in a hopping state, sampled data is first stored for 93.7 msec maximum in the memory, and analysis starts using the signal containing the desired frequency because spectrum analyzer's center frequency cannot be hopped.

Differences between Burst Search and Hopping Catch are as follows:

- (1) Burst Search searches for a burst from the non-hopping frequency, whereas Hopping Catch searches for a burst and checks the frequency using the FFT.
- (2) Burst Search acquires data, whose length is specified by Search Len, and searches for a burst from the data acquired, whereas Hopping Catch acquires data up to ten times, whose length is specified by Search Len, and searches for a burst from the data acquired.

### 5.6 About Frequency Error Measurement

When the Bit Sequence is set to RANDOM and the Freq Error Method is set to PEAK DEV, the frequency error (ferror) can be obtained from the following expression (that uses the maximum (fmax) and the minimum (fmin) values of frequency deviation).

$$\text{Error} = (\text{fmax} + \text{fmin}) / 2$$

When Freq Error Method is set to PREAMBLE, the frequency error can be obtained by averaging the preamble frequency deviation amounts.

### 5.7 About Max and Min Frequency Deviations Measurement (When Bit Sequence is set to RANDOM)

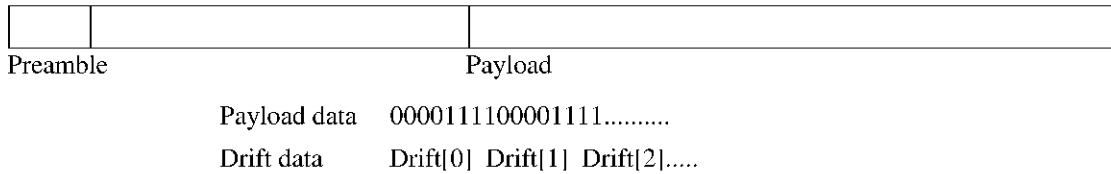
Max Deviation indicates the maximum value of the calculated frequency deviations.

Min Deviation indicates the maximum value of the bit points included in the calculated frequency deviations.

5.8 Measurement Algorithm (When Bit Sequence is set to STD (FAST))

**5.8 Measurement Algorithm (When Bit Sequence is set to STD (FAST))**

When Bit Sequence is set to STD, the characteristics shown below are calculated as follows, assuming that a repeating pattern of 01 or 00001111 is loaded in the payload.



The frequency error can be obtained by averaging the preamble frequency deviation amounts.

The frequency error due to drift is the frequency deviation average value for each of the eight-bit group during payload. This data train is referred to as Drift[ ].

Frequency deviation is corrected by Drift[ ].

The maximum value of frequency deviation data, whose Drift [ ] has been corrected, is searched for each of the eight-bit group.

The average peak deviation is defined as the average of the maximum values of frequency deviation for each of the eight-bit group.

The maximum peak deviation is defined as the maximum value among the maximum values of frequency deviation for each of the eight-bit group.

Frequency drift is expressed as the maximum of (Drift[I] - Error), and Max Drift Rate is expressed as the maximum of (Drift[I] - Drift[I + 1]). Where Error is the frequency error.

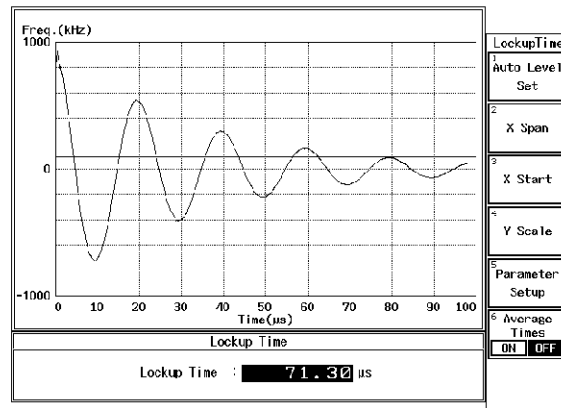
**5.9 Frequency Draft Graph**

The FM Deviation measurement function displays a frequency drift graph after frequency deviation data has passed through a low-pass filter of approximately 50 kHz.

Frequency drifts can be checked when the payload has a repeating data of 01 or 00001111.

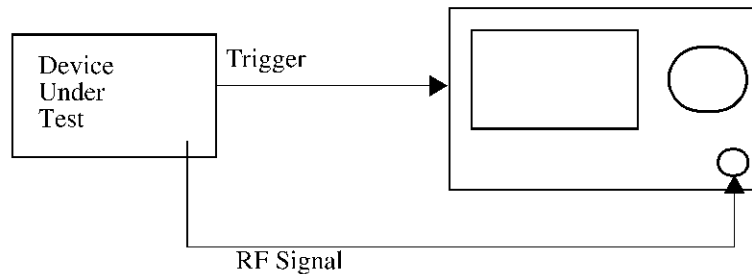
## 5.10 About Lockup Time measurement

The R3267 and R3273 display the time period during which the input signal frequency deviation settles to the Limit value.



**Figure 5-9 PLL Lockup Time Measurement Example**

The input signal level can be used as a trigger. However, to measure the time with high accuracy, the input signal must be synchronized with an external trigger.



**Figure 5-10 Cable Connections for PLL Lockup Time Measurement**

5.11 Block Diagram

5.11 Block Diagram

This section shows the block diagram for the modulation analysis hardware.

The Figure 5-11 shows the modulation analysis part. Therefore the spectrum analyzer part is simplified. The area inside the double lines is the block diagram for the spectrum analyzer, and the part outside that area represents the modulation analysis hardware.

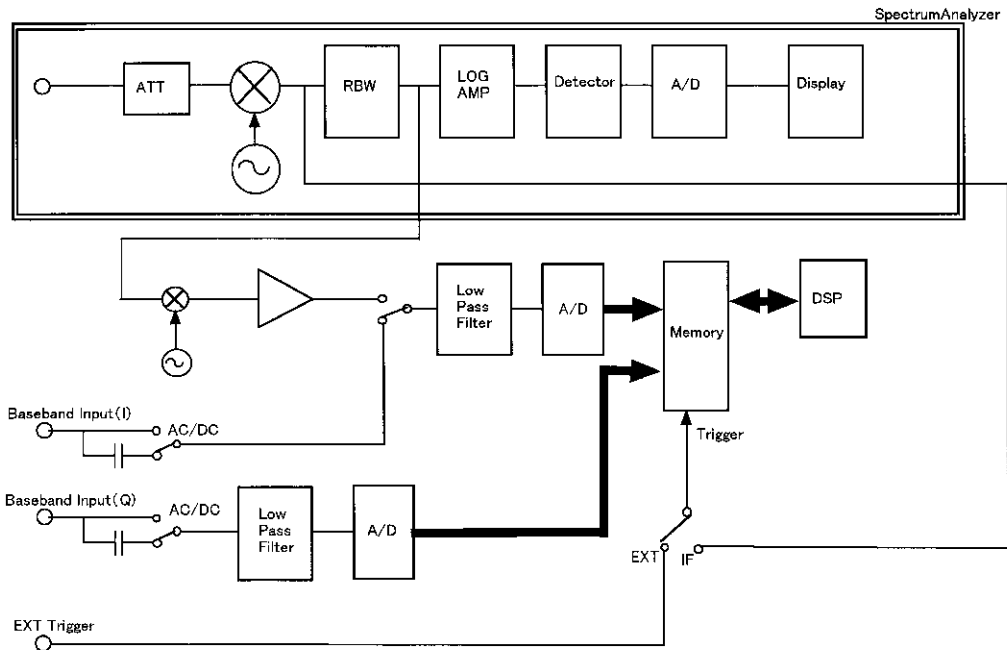


Figure 5-11 Block Diagram



## 6 PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION TEST

### 6.1 General

#### 6.1.1 Introduction

This chapter provides R3267 Series OPT66, Bluetooth measurement option performance verification test procedures, item by item as listed in Table 6-1.

Performance verification test will be carried out under following condition.

Temperature range: 20 °C to 30 °C

Relative Humidity: 85 % or less

**Table 6-1 Performance Verification Items**

No.	Test Items
6.2.1	FM Deviation Measurement for Bluetooth

#### 6.1.2 Test Equipment

The Table 6-2 lists recommended test equipment.

The equipment needed to perform all of the performance test.

Equipment lists for individual tests are provided in each performance verification test.

**NOTE:**

1. *The R3267 Series with OPT66 to be tested should be warm up for at least 30 minutes before starting test and perform auto calibration function.*
2. *Make sure that the test equipment used meets its own published specifications.*
3. *Any equipment that meets the critical specifications given in the table can be substituted for recommended models.*

**Table 6-2 Equipment List**

No.	Description	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Manufacturer
1	RF Cable	BNC (m)-BNC (m)	MI-09	Advantest
2	Adapter	Type N (m)- BNC (f)	JUG-201A-U	Advantest

## 6.1 General

### 6.1.3 Calibration Cycle

The performance verifications test should be used to check the spectrum analyzer against its specifications once a year recommended.

### 6.1.4 Performance Verification Test Record Sheet

The performance verification test record sheet is provided at the end of this chapter.

The test record lists test specification and acceptable limits.

Recommend that make a copy of this table, record the complete test results on the copy, and keep the copy for calibration test record.

This record could prove invaluable in tracking gradual changes in test result over long periods of the time.

### 6.1.5 Performance Verification Procedures

Typeface conventions used in this manual.

- Panel keys and soft keys are printed in a contrasting typestyle to make them stand out from the text as follows:  
Panel keys: Boldface type      Example: **FREQ, FORMAT**  
Soft keys: Boldface and Italic      Example: ***Center, Trace Detector***
- When a series of key operations are described using a comma between two keys.
- There are various soft menus used to switch between two states such as ON/OFF and AUTO/MNL.  
For example, when turning off the Display ON/OFF function, the annotation ***Display ON/OFF***(OFF) is used.  
When switching the RBW AUTO/MNL function to MNL, the annotation ***RBWAUTO/MNL***(MNL) is used.

## 6.2 Performance Verification Test Procedure

This section provides performance verification test procedure for R3267 Series OPT 66.  
Built-in calibration signal is used for performance verification.

### 6.2.1 FM Deviation Measurement for Bluetooth

(1) Description

Test a frequency error, maximum peak and minimum peak for both wide and narrow of filter setting by using built-in calibration signal.

(2) Specification

Frequency Deviation Measurement Accuracy

Filter Mode : WIDE

< 6.0 kHz

Filter Mode : NARROW

< 10 kHz

Frequency Error Measurement Accuracy

Filter Mode : WIDE

<  $\pm$  (Frequency Reference Accuracy + 6.0 kHz)

Filter Mode : NARROW

<  $\pm$  (Frequency Reference Accuracy + 10 kHz)

(3) Equipment used

RF Cable : BNC (m)-BNC (m)

Adapter : Type N (m)-BNC (f)

(4) Setup

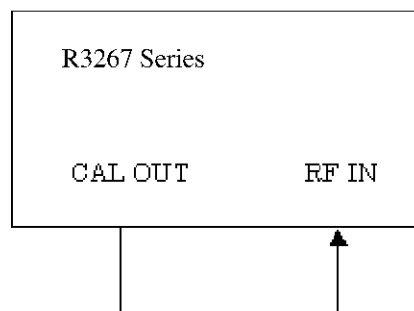


Figure 6-1 Setup of FM Deviation Test

6.2 Performance Verification Test Procedure

(5) Procedure

[Filter Mode: WIDE]

1. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 6-1.
2. On the R3267 Series, after preset, set control as follow:

Center Frequency : 30.15 MHz

3. On the R3267 Series, set the STD parameter as shown Figure 6-2.

STD Measurement Parameter Set			
Type :	BLUE TOOTH		
Channel Number Assignment :	USA	EUROPE	SPAIN
Link :	FRANCE	JAPAN	
Hopping Catch :	UPLINK	DOWNLINK	
Meas Mode :	ON	OFF	
Burst Length(bit) :	BURST	CONTINUOUS	
Search Length(slot) :	100		
Sync Type :	5		
LAP :	LAP	NO SYNC WORD	
Delay Search :			
Filter Mode :	ON	OFF	
Offset Level :	WIDE	NARROW	
Frequency Input :	0.0 dB		
Input :	FREQUENCY	CHANNEL	
Baseband Input :	RF	BASEBAND(I&Q)	
IQ Inverse :	AC	DC	
Cont Auto Level Set :	NORMAL	INVERSE	
	ON	OFF	

1 STD

DC CAL

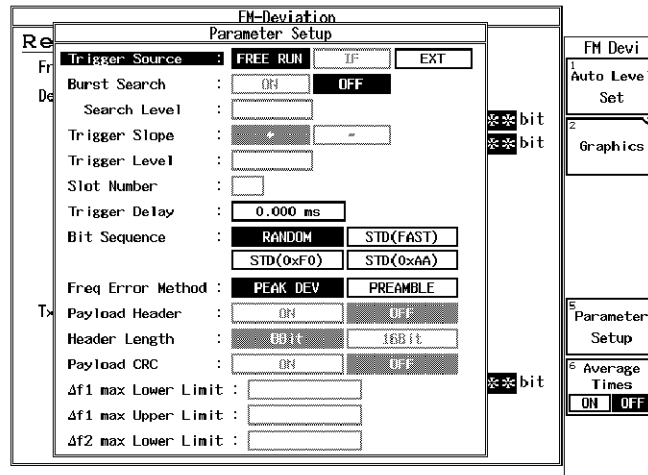
6 Channel Setting

7 STD Setup

Figure 6-2 Setup of STD parameters

4. On the R3267 Series, press **DC CAL** to perform DC calibration.
5. On the R3267 Series, after DC calibration has completed, press **FM-Deviation** to set FM deviation measurement mode.
6. On the R3267 Series, press **Parameter Setup** to enter parameter setup display.

7. On the R3267 Series, set the measurement parameters as shown in Figure 6-3



**Figure 6-3** Setting of Measurement parameters

8. On the R3267 Series, press *Auto Level Set*.
9. On the R3267 Series, press **SINGLE** for a single sweep.
10. After single sweep has completed, record the Frequency Error, Max. Peak and Min. Peak on the performance verification record sheet.

[Filter Mode: NARROW]

11. On the R3267 Series, press **STD** to return to STD Setup display as shown in Figure 6-2.
12. On the R3267 Series, set the *Filter Mode* to **NARROW**.
13. On the R3267 Series, press *FM Deviation* to set FM deviation measurement mode.
14. Repeat steps 9 through 10.

6.3 Performance Verification Record Sheet

**6.3 Performance Verification Record Sheet**

Model: OPT3264/67/73+66

S/N :

**FM Deviation Measurement**

1. Filter Mode: WIDE

Test Items	Specification			Result
	Min. [kHz]	Measured Value [kHz]	Max. [kHz]	Pass/Fail
Frequency Error	-156.0		-144.0	
Max. Peak	0.0		+6.0	
Min. Peak	0.0		+6.0	

2. Filter Mode: NARROW

Test Items	Specification			Result
	Min. [kHz]	Measured Value [kHz]	Max. [kHz]	Pass/Fail
Frequency Error	-160		-140	
Max. Peak	0.0		+10.0	
Min. Peak	0.0		+10.0	

## 7 SPECIFICATIONS

Characteristics	Specifications
Measurement frequency range	30 MHz to 3.0 GHz
Input level range	-10 dBm to +30 dBm
Frequency deviation accuracy	When Filter Mode is set to WIDE < +6.0kHz
	When Filter Mode is set to NARROW < +10kHz
Frequency error accuracy	When Filter Mode is set to WIDE < $\pm$ (Reference frequency accuracy + 6.0kHz)
	When Filter Mode is set to NARROW < $\pm$ (Reference frequency accuracy + 10kHz)





## APPENDIX

### A.1 Messages

In this section, the messages that are displayed while the analyzer is being used are described.

Code	Messages	Description
700	System Error. Cannot allocate the required memory.	Fatal Error occurred. Data area for the calculation is insufficient on the memory. Contact a sales representative.
701	System Error. Clock is not operational.	Fatal Error occurred. System clock is not in operation. Contact a sales representative.
702	Modulation Gain CAL error. Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
703	Modulation DC CAL error. Remove input signals and try again.	
704	Time Out! No Trigger Detected.	Time out error on the trigger signal occurred. Check the trigger settings.
705	Input Level is out of Range. Check the Ref. level.	
706	No graph data. Execute measurement.	
708	System Error. Contact qualified engineer.	
710	Auto Level completed !	
711	Auto Level Set can not be succeed. Signal level is not stable.	
719	Burst signal is not detected. Check Burst length or Ref. level.	
721	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#100) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	

A.1 Messages

Code	Messages	Description
722	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#200) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
723	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#300) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
724	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#110) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
725	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#120) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
726	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#210) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	
730	Cannot measure Multi-Burst/Continuous Signal. Set Meas Mode to BURST.	
731	Cannot detect Sync Word. Check link or syncword number.	
732	Sync Word position is different from STD.	
733	Input Level is too Low. Adjust Ref. level, trigger delay, burst type.	
734	Result Error. Check input signal or settings.	The measured value is outside the measurement range. Check the input signal and the instruments for the correct settings.
740	Cannot measure baseband signal. This function is available to RF input only.	

Code	Messages	Description
741	Burst length is too short to measure with STD sequence. Fill the payload with the data.	
795	System Error. Memory test failed. (#0)	Contact a sales representative.
796	System Error. Memory test failed. (#1)	Contact a sales representative.
797	System Error. Memory test failed. (#2)	Contact a sales representative.
798	System Error. Memory test failed. (#3)	Contact a sales representative.



## ALPHABETICAL INDEX

	<b>[Symbol]</b>		3-55, 3-56, 3-58
$\Delta f1$ max Lower Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		
$\Delta f1$ max Upper Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		
$\Delta f2$ max Lower Limit .....	3-16, 3-52		
	<b>[Numerics]</b>		
100kHz/div .....	3-18		
10kHz/div .....	3-18		
200kHz/div .....	3-18		
20kHz/div .....	3-18		
2kHz/div .....	3-18		
	<b>[A]</b>		
Accessories .....	1-1		
Analyze Length .....	3-18, 3-54		
Auto Level Set .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-32, 3-35, 3-36, 3-39, 3-44, 3-47, 3-49, 3-52, 3-54, 3-55, 3-56		
Average Mode .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-15, 3-26, 3-28, 3-31, 3-34, 3-36, 3-39, 3-43, 3-46, 3-48		
Average Times ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-25, 3-28, 3-30, 3-34, 3-35, 3-37, 3-41, 3-45, 3-47, 3-52, 3-53,		
	<b>[B]</b>		
Baseband Input .....	3-20, 3-60		
Bit Sequence .....	3-16, 3-51		
Burst Length (bit) .....	3-20, 3-59		
Burst Search .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-57		
	<b>[C]</b>		
Calibration .....	1-1		
Channel Number Assignment .....	3-20, 3-58		
Channel Setting .....	3-5, 3-20, 3-58		
Code .....	A-1, A-2, A-3		
Communication Systems .....	3-22		
Config .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-25, 3-28, 3-30, 3-34, 3-35, 3-37, 3-42, 3-45, 3-47		
Connectors .....	1-1		
Cont Auto Level Set .....	3-20, 3-61		
Copy from STD .....	3-5, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-20, 3-41, 3-44, 3-47, 3-58		
	<b>[D]</b>		
DC CAL .....	3-5, 3-20, 3-58		
Delay Search .....	3-20, 3-60		
Delay Time .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-24, 3-27, 3-29, 3-33, 3-40		
Delete .....	3-15		
Delete Line .....	3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-30, 3-37,		

Alphabetical Index

3-41, 3-44,  
3-47  
Demodulated Data ..... 3-16  
Detector ..... 3-6, 3-7,  
3-8, 3-9,  
3-10, 3-11,  
3-12, 3-13,  
3-14, 3-15,  
3-25, 3-28,  
3-30, 3-33,  
3-34, 3-35,  
3-38, 3-41,  
3-42, 3-45,  
3-48  
Display Unit ..... 3-6, 3-7,  
3-8, 3-9,  
3-11, 3-13,  
3-14, 3-15,  
3-25, 3-28,  
3-31, 3-34,  
3-38, 3-43,  
3-46, 3-48  
Due to Modulation ..... 3-5, 3-39,  
5-4, 5-5  
Due to Transient ..... 3-5, 3-36,  
5-4, 5-5

**[E]**

Ext Gate ..... 3-9, 3-12,  
3-33, 3-40

**[F]**

F-Domain ..... 3-5, 3-32  
Filter Mode ..... 3-20, 3-60  
FM Deviation ..... 3-5, 3-16,  
3-49  
Freq Error ..... 3-49  
Freq Error Method ..... 3-16, 3-51  
Freq Error ON/OFF ..... 3-16  
Freq Range ..... 3-18, 3-54  
Freq. Setting ..... 3-11, 3-13,  
3-14, 3-38,  
3-42, 3-45  
Frequency Drift ..... 3-16  
Frequency Error Measurement ..... 5-7  
Frequency EYE ..... 3-16  
Frequency Input ..... 3-20, 3-60  
Frequency vs Bit ..... 3-16  
Functional Description ..... 3-21

**[G]**

Gate Position ..... 3-9, 3-12,

3-33, 3-40  
Gate Setup ..... 3-9, 3-12,  
3-32, 3-33,  
3-39, 3-40  
Gate Source ..... 3-9, 3-12,  
3-33, 3-40  
Gate Width ..... 3-9, 3-12,  
3-33, 3-40  
Gated Sweep ..... 3-9, 3-34  
Gated Sweep ON/OFF ..... 3-9, 3-12,  
3-33, 3-40  
GPIB Command Codes ..... 4-7  
GPIB Command Index ..... 4-1  
Graphics ..... 3-16, 3-49

**[H]**

Header Length ..... 3-16, 3-51  
Hopping Catch ..... 3-20, 3-59,  
5-7

**[I]**

Ich & Qch Time ..... 3-19  
Ich Time & FFT ..... 3-19  
Inband Spurious ..... 3-5, 3-44,  
5-4, 5-6  
Inband Spurious Modes ..... 5-5  
Input ..... 3-20, 3-60  
Insert Line ..... 3-6, 3-8,  
3-11, 3-12,  
3-14, 3-15,  
3-24, 3-30,  
3-37, 3-41,  
3-44, 3-47  
INTRODUCTION ..... 1-1  
IQ Complex FFT ..... 3-19  
IQ Inverse ..... 3-20, 3-60

**[J]**

Judgment ..... 3-6, 3-7,  
3-8, 3-9,  
3-10, 3-11,  
3-13, 3-14,  
3-15, 3-25,  
3-28, 3-31,  
3-34, 3-36,  
3-38, 3-43,  
3-46, 3-48

**[L]**

LAP ..... 3-20, 3-59,  
5-7



Alphabetical Index

	3-36, 3-43, 3-48		3-47
Set to STD .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-27, 3-33, 3-39, 3-40, 3-46	Table No. 1/2/3 .....	3-8, 3-15, 3-30, 3-47
Shift X .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-36, 3-41, 3-44	T-Domain .....	3-5, 3-23
Shift Y .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44	TECHNICAL INFORMATION .....	5-1
Slope .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-23, 3-27, 3-29, 3-32, 3-40	Template .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-36, 3-41, 3-44
Slot Number .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-55, 3-56, 3-57	Template Couple to Power .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-25, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46
Sort .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44, 3-45	Template Edit .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44
Spectrum due to Mod .....	3-16	Template Edit function .....	5-1
Spurious .....	3-5	Template Limit .....	3-6, 3-11, 3-13, 3-14, 3-25, 3-38, 3-43, 3-46
Spurious (T-Domain) .....	3-29	Template ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-12, 3-14, 3-24, 3-36, 3-41, 3-44
Start Bit .....	3-16, 3-49	Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode .....	5-3
STD .....	3-5, 3-20, 3-58	Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode .....	5-1
STD Setup .....	3-5, 3-20, 3-58	Template UP/LOW .....	3-6, 3-24
Sweep Time .....	3-19, 3-57	Time .....	3-5, 3-19, 3-56
Symbol Rate 1/T .....	3-11, 3-13, 3-38, 3-43	Time & FFT .....	3-5, 3-19, 3-55
Sync Type .....	3-20, 3-59	Trigger .....	3-9, 3-12, 3-33, 3-40
		Trigger Delay .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-55, 3-56, 3-58
		Trigger Level .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-24, 3-27, 3-29, 3-32, 3-40, 3-50, 3-53, 3-55, 3-56, 3-57
		Trigger Position .....	3-6, 3-7,
<b>[T]</b>			
Table Edit .....	3-8, 3-15, 3-30, 3-47		
Table Init .....	3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-12, 3-14, 3-15, 3-25, 3-30, 3-37, 3-41, 3-44, 3-45,		



	3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-19, 3-24, 3-27, 3-29, 3-33, 3-40, 3-57		
Trigger Setup .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-32, 3-39		
Trigger Slope .....	3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-50, 3-53, 3-54, 3-56, 3-57		
Trigger Source .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-12, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, 3-23, 3-27, 3-29, 3-32, 3-40, 3-50, 3-53, 3-54, 3-56, 3-57		
Tx Power .....	3-5, 3-17, 3-52		
Type .....	3-20, 3-58		
<b>[U]</b>			
Upper Limit .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-10, 3-25, 3-28, 3-34, 3-36		
<b>[W]</b>			
Wave Check .....	3-5, 3-19, 3-55		
WIDE and NARROW filter modes .....	5-7		
Window ON/OFF .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-24, 3-27, 3-33		
Window Position .....	3-6, 3-9, 3-24, 3-34		
Window Setup .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-24, 3-27, 3-33		
Window Width .....	3-6, 3-9, 3-24, 3-34		
<b>[X]</b>			
X Span .....	3-18, 3-54		
		X Start .....	3-18, 3-54
<b>[Y]</b>			
		Y Scale .....	3-18, 3-54
		Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2 .....	3-6, 3-7, 3-9, 3-25, 3-27, 3-34



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## SALES & SUPPORT OFFICES

Advantest Korea Co., Ltd.

22BF, Kyobo KangNam Tower,  
1303-22, Seocho-Dong, Seocho-Ku, Seoul #137-070, Korea  
Phone: +82-2-532-7071  
Fax: +82-2-532-7132

Advantest (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Branch Office:  
Bldg. 6D, NO.1188 Gumei Road, Shanghai, China 201102 P.R.C.  
Phone: +86-21-6485-2725  
Fax: +86-21-6485-2726

Shanghai Branch Office:  
406/F, Ying Building, Quantum Plaza, No. 23 Zhi Chun Road,  
Hai Dian District, Beijing,  
China 100083  
Phone: +86-10-8235-3377  
Fax: +86-10-8235-6717

Advantest (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.

438A Alexandra Road, #08-03/06  
Alexandra Technopark Singapore 119967  
Phone: +65-6274-3100  
Fax: +65-6274-4055

Advantest America, Inc.

3201 Scott Boulevard, Suite, Santa Clara, CA 95054, U.S.A  
Phone: +1-408-988-7700  
Fax: +1-408-987-0691

ROHDE & SCHWARZ Europe GmbH

Mühldorfstraße 15 D-81671 München, Germany  
(P.O.B. 80 14 60 D-81614 München, Germany)  
Phone: +49-89-4129-13711  
Fax: +49-89-4129-13723

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